The Chicago Daily Tribune.

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RICH WIDOW TO WED FRENCH DIPLOMAT.

MME. REGINA RENGIFO

Mme. Regina Rengifo, whose engagement to M. Eugene Thiebaut, formerly First Secretary of the French Legation in Washington, has been announced, is a widow who possesses wealth and beauty. She is the daughter of the late James L. Barbour, who was a rich and prominent merchant of the capital city. She was married in 1885 to General Rengifo, then Charge d'Affaires of Colombia. Four years later General Rengifo was appointed Minister of Finance at Bogota, the Colombian capital, and was drowned in the Magdalena while on his way to his new post of duty. Mme. Rengifo was greatly overcome by the disaster and for a time contemplated retiring from the social world entirely. Her jewels and plate, most of which were the gifts of her husband, including her engagement and wedding rings, were bestowed upon the church. Mme. Rengifo is still young, however, and has great wealth, having inherited one fortune from her father and another from her husband. M. Thiebaut possesses but a humble fortune, but stands high in diplomatic circles and is believed to have a brilliant future before him.

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER— WEDNESDAY, AUG. 21, 1901.

Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, except probable showers Wednesday night; warmer Wednesday.

Sun rises 5:13, sets 6:53. Moon sets 10:29.

LOCAL:—

Acting Mayor Walker instructed Chief O'Neill to investigate Colleran letter declaring Burglar Featherstone not wanted here. Formal charges may be filed against head of Detective bureau.

Byron L. Smith, administrator of the Simon Reid estate, asked by Lake County Tax board to explain why its $300,000 worth of property is not listed for taxation.

Robert E. Burke forced a retraction before the Board of Review of the charge that he had sought to get $50 for helping a man evade his taxes.

Dr. Parkhurst censured by pastors of other churches because of his scheme to have Sunday school children act as detectives.

Garry Noonan, a saloonkeeper at 3103 State street, arrested charged with complicity in the plot to wreck stone yards.

Police found part of $1,600 worth of stolen silver at home of E. M. Cullom. Given as wedding present to his bride.

Constable Greenberg fined $50 for striking the wife of Dr. Gustave Todtman while attempting to serve a writ.

Captain Streeter announced intention of invading district claimed by him and fighting for it, if necessary.

Woman accused of horse stealing captured by detectives after a chase on trolley car in Evanston.

Charles Gates prevented from speeding his new racing automobile on South Side boulevards.

Ethelbert Stewart, the government expert, declared the poor are facing a food crisis.

Financial management of Home Finders' association taken out of Hover's hands.

DOMESTIC:—

Residents of Pierce City, Mo., drove thirty negro families from the town after lynching three negroes charged with complicity in the murder of Miss Wild. Houses of six negroes destroyed by fire.

Alton passenger train wrecked near Jacksonville, Ill., by running into a freight train on a siding. Two trainmen killed and one seriously injured.

Dr. Louis Knapp of St. Louis gave up family and the world to care for a Chinese leper in St. Louis and to make a life study of the disease.

Carlos Vicuna, Minister from Chile, died of pneumonia at Buffalo.

LABOR:—

South Chicago steel workers who are opposed to a strike issued a statement to the public, explaining their action in refusing to go out. President Shaffer may come West to address workmen.

Machinists, molders, and pattern-makers' unions to combine in fight against Allis-Chalmers company.

Strikers at Roseville, O., enjoined from picketing works of Ohio Pressed Brick company.

FOREIGN:—

Secret agents of South American revolutionists arrived at New York yesterday declared that attempt to unite Venezuela, Colombia, and Ecuador under one government would yet succeed. Told of many fierce battles.

French Ambassadors threat to leave Constantinople caused Sultan to settle quay claims, according to terms demanded by France.

Boer laager surprised by the British near The Springs, who killed and captured a number of burghers.

German ship Asturia wrecked on Somaliland coast and goods worth $600,000 carried off by natives.

Czar accepted invitation to visit France to witness the close of the grand maneuvers at Rheims.

WASHINGTON:—

Attorney General Knox, in reply to Anti-Trust committee's open letter, scored the writers for assuming he has knowledge of steel trust agreements.

War department to stop the sale of Philippine children in Mindanao and Jolo. Officials greatly perplexed by the slavery problem.

Admiral Schley the recipient of a vast number of letters from well wishers in his fight against Sampson.

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2 Strikers Plan an Alliance. General News of New York. Police Scandal in New York.

3 Burke Routs an Accuser. Stolen Silver Given to Bride. Love Dies on $2.70 a Week. Alleged Woman Horse Thief Taken. Parkhurst's Plan Denounced.

4 Rebels Tell of Fierce Battles. Paris Plans to Welcome Czar. Turkey Yields to French Threat. American Money for English Park. Fighting in South Africa.

5 Philadelphia Oil Fire Burning. Iowans at Sea on Silver. Bribery Charge in Toledo Court. Minister Vicuna Is Dead. Devotes Life to a Leper.

6 White Sox Win a Game. Manitoba Wins at Cricket.

7 Auchterlonie Is Golf Champion. Paddock Tips Win at Hawthorne. Admiral Dewey a "Phenom."

8 Lake Reviewers Raise Schedules. Food Crisis Faces Poor.

9 Sale of Babes to Be Stopped. Policeman Stops Gates Automobile. Attorney General Knox Replies. Armed Invasion, Says Streeter. Man Arrested in Dynamite Case. Hoover Relieved of Handling Funds

10 In the Commercial Markets.

11 Financial News of the World. Crop Report for the Week. Lake Marine. In the Insurance World.

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16 In the Society World. Contents of September Magazines. Fonteney Letter. Short Story of the Day.

NEW YORK:—

Warrants issued for arrest of Wardmen Glennon and Dwyer and Sergeant Sheils of the Tenderloin Precinct. District Attorney accused them of protecting disreputable places.

F. S. Thomas, President of the Montgomery Auction and Commission company, is mysteriously missing. Borrowed $20,000 before he disappeared from his partners.

One of the stewards of La Gascogne arrested charged with trying to bribe immigration inspector.

POLITICAL:—

Iowa Democratic State convention meets today at Des Moines. Great interest taken in probable action on silver.

SPORTING:—

Lawrence Auchterlonie won open championship in second annual tournament of Western Golf association at the Midlothian links.

National league: New York 3, Boston 0; Brooklyn 4, Philadelphia 1; Brooklyn 3, Philadelphia 2; Pittsburg 14, St. Louis 2.

American league: Chicago 9, Washington 3; Cleveland 7, Philadelphia 3; Boston 6, Milwaukee 0; Detroit 5, Baltimore 2.

Jeffries and Ruhlin signed articles for fight at San Francisco, with Siler as referee.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
AUCKLAND	Sierra	
BOULOGNE	Statendam	
CHERBOURG	Pennsylvania	
GLASGOW	Astoria	
LIVERPOOL	Dominion	
LIVERPOOL	Ivernia	
LONDON	Minneapolis	
MARSEILLES	Scotia	
NEW YORK	Friesland	Aller.
NEW YORK	Minnehaha	Lahn.
NEW YORK	K. W. der Grosse	Cevic.
NEW YORK	Manitou	
NEW YORK	Gros. Kurfurst	
PLYMOUTH		Graf Waldersee.
S. FRANCISCO.		Iowa.
SYDNEY	Aorangi	
SOUTHAMPTON	K. M. Theresa	

COLLERAN MUST EXPLAIN LETTER.

Reproduction in "The Tribune" of Featherstone "Not Wanted" Note Rouses the Acting Mayor.

FULL INQUIRY ORDERED.

Many Believe, However, That Burke Will Protect the Chief of Detectives from Any Trial.

JOYCE TO CRY "POLITICS."

Prominent Lawyer Tells of the Experiences of a Minister Who Fell Into Detectives' Hands.

PRISONER SAYS HE WAS ROBBED.

Captain Luke P. Colleran must explain to his official superiors why he wrote to an Iowa Sheriff last March that Harry Featherstone, notorious criminal, then in custody at West Union, Ia., was not wanted at Chicago, when, less than a month later, this same "Feathers" was brought back and sent to Joliet for twenty years for a North Side robbery.

Spurred by the reproduction of the Colleran letter in THE TRIBUNE yesterday, Acting Mayor Walker demanded of Chief of Police O'Neill that a full inquiry be made into this matter.

"That was a hot one!" said Mr. Walker last night. "That letter, coupled with the circumstances, certainly looks damaging. I have called on Chief O'Neill for a full investigation, and his findings will be reported to me."

"And if the facts are shown?" was asked.

"Then Colleran will be called on to answer formal charges," was the answer. "If this act was committed knowingly by him—if he wrote this letter when he knew that Featherstone was a fugitive from justice—he will have to explain. I cannot act until Chief O'Neill has returned his report to me. The matter will be investigated to the end."

"But Colleran's signature is attached to this letter; it is to be presumed that he knew of the affairs of his own department."

"The charge certainly is an exceedingly serious one," said Mr. Walker. "You may rest assured that the matter will be fully inquired into."

Still Blames His Subordinates.

Captain Colleran had no further explanation to offer than that already presented in THE TRIBUNE. He cleared his throat several times and then once more laid the blame to his subordinates.

"I sent word to Detective Sergeant Gabriel, who has charge of such records at the Criminal Court," he explained, "and asked him to look the matter up and let me know so that I could tell what to do. Detective Gabriel sent me word that Featherstone was not wanted in this city, and I sent word to that effect. These letters to queries of that kind usually are drafted by the men who look up the matter, and I merely sign my name to them."

"But surely you knew that detectives were supposed to be looking for Featherstone and that he had been a fugitive for six months?"

"The letters are brought to me and I merely sign them," was the answer.

Acting Mayor Walker, however, intimates that the claim will be raised that Colleran should have some knowledge of the criminals wanted in Chicago and that he should not have a bunch of serving men to "look up" every query that comes in from the police throughout the country.

"Bob" Burke May Save Him.

There is a well spread belief, however, that "Bob" Burke will not forsake Colleran, and that his influence will save the head of the Detective bureau from an embarrassing trial.

"Burke and Colleran are so thick that Colleran has worn the title of 'Burke's bodyguard,'" said a prominent City Hall official last night. "He alone for some time knew 'Bob' Burke's telephone number, and thus was a big man at party headquarters. Burke has stood many knocks from Harrison lately, but he will insist now that the 'dogs be called off,' so far as Luke is concerned. What would Harrison be without Burke's organization? So, how can he refuse to aid Colleran now?"

"Politics" is the defense which Lieutenant Peter Joyce, right hand man of Colleran, is preparing to set up. Joyce will charge Harrison's political enemies with conspiracy to injure him. He insists that Tracy has been made a tool of John P. Hopkins and his faction of anti-Harrison Democrats.

"Thus," said a politician last night, "Peter will seek to curry favor with Harrison and Burke and save himself at the same time."

Chief O'Neill took the preliminary steps in the inquiry late in the afternoon. He insisted that he was convinced of one thing—that Collera had "not sought to assist Featherstone."

"The matter will be investigated thoroughly," the Chief asserted. "This thing will have to be explained fully."

Must Explain That Ten.

Colleran will have to face the Civil Service commission and explain the charges that he got $10 of the $75 "fake" expense account in connection with the bringing back of Joseph Larkin from Cleveland when no special trip for this prisoner was made. Through President Lindblom, the Civil Service board during the day issued a statement that the board will sit as a "Lexow committee" and investigate the entire Police department. Any charges entered will be looked into closely.

Acting Mayor Walker freely answered the criticisms which have been launched against him because formal charges were not entered against Colleran along with Lieutenant Peter J. Joyce and Detectives Tracy and Cramer.

"If Colleran were made the object of direct charges now," said he, "and these charges were not proven he would stand as vindicated. His position and his influence might prevent certain witnesses from testifying. If investigation in the case of the men now directly under fire show that Captain Col-

(Continued on third page.)

HITS WOMAN; FINED $50.

CONSTABLE GREENBERG IS IN TROUBLE ONCE MORE.

In Serving Writ of Execution on Dr. Gustave Tedtman He Strikes the Physician's Wife While His Assistant Holds Her Arms—Justice Everett Terms It "a Brutal and Unwarranted Assault"—Accused Man Takes an Appeal to the Circuit Court.

Charged with striking a woman while her arms were pinoned to her sides by his burly assistant, Constable Louis Greenberg was fined $50 and costs by Justice John C. Everett yesterday. The woman beaten was Mrs. Luella Tedtman, wife of Dr. Gustave Tedtman of 426 State street. Justice Everett in fixing the punishment severely scored Greenberg and pronounced the assault a "brutal affair."

Having been directed to serve a writ of execution on some of the property of Dr. Tedtman, Constable Greenberg, accompanied by two assistants, one of them being a former policeman named Greenfield, went to the office of the physician on the morning of July 13. The Tedtmans reside in an apartment in the rear of the doctor's office.

When the constable walked into the office and made known his business Dr. Tedtman informed him that he had scheduled all his property and he would be unable to serve the writ. Then Greenberg, it is declared, became abusive and the three men closed in on the doctor in a threatening manner. Their loud talk and the disturbance they raised attracted the attention of Mrs. Tedtman.

Helpless Woman Is Struck.

Thinking her husband was being held up, as she testified in court yesterday, she seized her husband's revolver and rushed to his office. As she entered Greenfield, who had heard her coming, jumped to her, according to the testimony, and pinioned her arms to her sides, while Constable Greenberg struck her. The other assistant, it is said, stood between Greenberg and Dr. Tedtman. The constable then wrenched the revolver out of Mrs. Tedtman's hand.

"Get a wagon and put her in irons," he ordered.

Then Greenberg, it is charged, struck her a second time. After Dr. Tedtman had interfered and told his wife not to resist Greenberg served the writ and seized the property. They then left without carrying out their threat of calling a patrol wagon and putting the woman in irons.

Secures Warrant for Greenberg.

Dr. Tedtman at once swore out a warrant for Constable Greenberg's arrest before Justice Richardson, and it was served. The case was set for hearing, but the defendant asked for and obtained a change of venue. The case was sent to Justice Martin, where it was continued for ten days. When it was called yesterday the complainant took a change of venue and the case was sent to Justice Everett, where it was tried.

A jury was waived and the case was tried before the court. Dr. Tedtman and his wife told their stories of the assault and recited the actions of Constable Greenberg and his assistants while in the doctor's office.

Greenberg testified in his own behalf and denied all the statements of the witnesses for the plaintiff. He admitted wrenching the revolver from Mrs. Tedtman's hand, but declared he did not strike her. When Greenfield was sworn he testified that he was employed by Greenberg to assist him and to keep "his boss from being assaulted." He, too, denied the assault, but admitted that there was some kind of a "rumpus."

After Justice Everett had heard all the testimony he turned to Greenberg.

Greenberg Scored and Fined.

"I am satisfied that you struck this woman," said the court. "The assault was unwarranted and brutal. Your actions were unmanly, not taking into consideration your position as an officer of the law. For punishment I will fix your fine at $50 and costs."

While Justice Everitt was reviewing the evidence in the case Constable Greenberg sat smiling and apparently confident of an acquittal. When he realized that the decision was against him the smile left his face. As he heard the size of the fine he looked distressed.

Greenberg took an appeal to the Circuit Court and gave a bond twice the size of the fine and costs.

"He shall be punished, and if it takes every dollar I have in the world," said Dr. Tedtman last night. "My wife was ill for a week after the attack. I shall take the matter up before Judge Carter on his return to the city."

EXPLOSION IN A MANHOLE THROWS WOMAN TEN FEET.

Mrs. Lontine Rouge Suffers from Accident at Cottage Grove Avenue and Thirty-second Street.

By the explosion in a manhole at Cottage Grove avenue and Thirty-second street last night a number of people were greatly alarmed and Mrs. Lontine Rouge, 3209 Cottage Grove avenue, was hurled ten feet. She was not hurt, but fainted from the shock. The explosion took place at 7:30 o'clock.

Smoke had been issuing from the hole for an hour. A number of children had been jumping through the smoke a few minutes before and until warned to keep away by a pedestrian. With a loud report the iron cover was blown fully twenty-five feet in the air. It fell within two feet of the opening. Windows in neighboring buildings were broken and all the residents of the locality were shocked. The damage to windows was estimated at $200.

A Cottage Grove avenue cable train, heavily loaded, had just passed over the place when the explosion occurred. The passengers were terrified.

MOTHER SEES GROUP SHOWING DEATH OF HER SON AND FAINTS.

Mrs. Helen M. Packard Overcome on Seeing Her Boys Represented in Piece of Statuary at Buffalo Exposition.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Crowds gather hourly around the piece of statuary in front of the art gallery at the exposition, which is entitled "El Caney." Today there was a pathetic little scene. Mrs. Helen M. Packard of Springfield, Mass., read the inscription and fainted. She was carried into the art building and revived.

It seems that the soldiers in this scene were her sons, who volunteered with the Second Massachusetts Infantry. The statuary was modeled on a magazine description by Richard Harding Davis, relating how he came on a soldier of the Second Massachusetts standing beside a dying comrade who proved to be his brother. Arthur Packard was the dead soldier, Walter Packard the survivor.

Walter Packard suffered injury to his health in the campaign and is compelled to live in Oregon. His mother is on her way to Oregon to take up her home with him, and, stopping at Buffalo, came upon the statuary.

NEGROES KILLED OR DRIVEN AWAY

Pierce City, Mo., Mob Hangs, Shoots, and Burns Three Colored Men and Exiles All Others.

RACE BARRED FROM TOWN

Citizens Announce That No More Afro-Americans Can Live Within the Corporation Limits.

SIX CABINS ARE DESTROYED.

Pierce City, Mo., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—The reign of terror in Pierce City ended today at noon and tonight not a negro remains within the city limits, except two railroad porters just in from runs. Three have been killed and more than thirty families were driven out of town with a warning never to return.

For fifteen hours most of the white citizens of Pierce City have been under arms. Last night Will Godley, accused of murdering Miss Gazelle Wild, was hanged to the plazza of the Lawrence Hotel and his grandfather, French Godley, was riddled with bullets. Today the mob cremated Pete Hampton, an aged negro, in his house and burned the homes of six other negroes.

The mob stole rifles from the local armory, and, armed with them, is still searching for the fleeing blacks, who have taken to the mountains. Several, who have borne bad reputations, will be killed if caught.

Negroes Are All Exiled.

The citizens of Pierce City declare no negro shall ever live here again. Most of the refugees are making through the woods to Joplin, as Monett, the nearest town, has for years refused to permit a negro to reside there. Across the main street of Monett for years there has been a sign reading: "Nigger, don't let the sun go down," and no negro has been permitted to remain inside the corporation after dark. The mob leaders declare the same conditions will prevail here.

Citizens declare no negro porters will be allowed to run through here on trains, and it is probable the 'Frisco line will have to change porters at Springfield hereafter. Today a shot was fired into a train, and it is supposed to have been aimed at the porter.

After last night's scenes it was supposed the town would quiet down, but the mob was determined no black should remain. A large party, armed with the rifles stolen from the armory, made a descent upon the negro quarters. Most of the negroes had already fled. The mob opened fire on the cabins, [illegible] them. Then the cabins were fired, and Pete Hampton, who was mentioned as being implicated in or having knowledge of the murder of Miss Wild, was cremated.

Think Innocent Man Was Lynched.

It is now believed that Will Godley, who was lynched, was not the real culprit. A negro named Starks, under arrest at Tulsa, I. T., across the border from here, tallies exactly with the description of the murderer. He is held there awaiting identification. Unless the man is brought back here it is believed there will be no further trouble. If returned here he will surely be lynched.

The funeral of Miss Wild took place today and was witnessed by several thousand people.

Texas Mob Burns Negro.

Gainesville, Tex., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Abe Wilder, a negro, who murdered Mrs. Caldwell near Whitesboro on Friday afternoon, was captured this morning in the Indian Territory and brought across the country to a point one mile south of Dexter, this State, where he was burned at the stake this evening. Last night it was learned the murderer had crossed Red River, north of here, and a large posse left Gainesville to head him off. Dr. D. M. Higdis of this city, a cousin of the murdered woman, was with the posse of 100, who caught Wilder. He was taken to Bob, Ind. T., where notice was sent out to the searchers, and they all gathered there. They then put the negro in a buggy with two men and started for Whitesboro, the whole searching party acting as an escort.

The negro was taken to a tree and swung up in the air. Wood and fodder were piled beneath his body and a hot fire made. Then it was suggested that the man ought not to die too quickly, and he was let down to the ground, while a party went to Dexter, two miles distant, to procure coal oil. This was thrown on the flames and the work completed."

GRABS TRAY OF DIAMONDS; IS CAPTURED AFTER CHASE.

Man Enters Detroit Jewelry Store While Clerks Are Busy, Seizes Gems, and Gives His Pursuers a Long Run.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 20.—While the clerks in Horace Steere's jewelry store in Woodward avenue were busy in the rear of the establishment this afternoon a man walked in and grabbed a tray of diamonds worth $4,000.

One of the clerks saw the man just as he was reaching the showcase and shouted. The man ran out and down Woodward avenue, with the clerks in pursuit.

Policeman Wagner joined the pursuit and the man was chased into the Public Lighting Commissioner's plant on the river front. Here an employé saw him empty the contents of the tray into a handkerchief, which he slipped into his pocket.

Throwing away his straw hat, the man put on a cap, and then walked boldly out and met the pursuing policeman, who, however, recognized him despite the change of headgear.

He was arrested, and thirty-four diamonds were found on his person. The prisoner gives the name of Charles Meyers, and says he just arrived here from St. Louis.

KILLED IN HOUSE BY A TRAIN.

Abraham Rosser Lets Scaffold Extend Over Elevated Tracks and Is Fatally Hurt While Calcimining.

A South Side elevated train struck a plank in a scaffold on the Acme Hotel, 453 State street, yesterday afternoon, killing Abraham Rosser of 4734 Bishop street. Rosser was calcimining a room in the rear of the hotel and had constructed a scaffold, one end of which extended out of the window. When the train struck the scaffold a board flew up, crushing Rosser's skull.

HELD FOR B. & O. CRIME.

JOHN W. BROWN ARRESTED AT AUBURN, IND.

Prisoner Who Is Well Dressed Is Suspected of Complicity in the Recent Daring Train Robbery — He Is Locked Up After a Preliminary Hearing—Capture Made on Monday and the Special Detectives Try to Keep It a Secret.

John W. Brown of Auburn, Ind., is a prisoner in the county jail at Crown Point, Ind., and is suspected by the officers of the law of having been implicated in the holdup of the Baltimore and Ohio express train near Miller's Station, Ind., on July 31.

Brown was arrested at Auburn by detectives who have been working on the case ever since the attempted robbery, and who summoned Sheriff Lawrence to their assistance late on Monday night.

Sheriff Lawrence put Brown in a cell yesterday, after a preliminary hearing at which it was arranged that his case should be called on Aug. 26, and that his bonds should be $10,000.

Try to Keep Arrest Secret.

Every effort was made by the railroad officials to keep the fact of the arrest a secret, and little could be gathered last night in the form of information concerning the prisoner.

Brown is cool and evidently determined to keep his own counsel, as Sheriff Lawrence tried in vain to open a conversation with him.

Brown is a machinist, employed in the gas engine works at Auburn, and hitherto has borne an excellent reputation. He is believed by local officials to be innocent.

The railroad detectives refused to tell anything concerning their prisoner.

How the Train Was Held Up.

The Baltimore and Ohio train was held up just thirty-one miles southeast of Chicago on July 31. The robbers were bold, but got nothing but a trainman's watch. The train was making fifty miles an hour over the sandhills of Indiana when the engineer saw a red lantern flashed back and forth ahead.

As he reversed, Engineer Collins saw two men running down the track to meet the train. When the headway was checked and Collins leaned out to ask what was wanted, half a dozen revolver shots explained the affair.

The engineer and fireman saw only two men, but passengers asserted that three other men came out of the bushes as soon as the train stopped and made them keep inside by firing every time a head was thrust out of the window to inquire as to the meaning of the delay.

The crew was forced to uncouple the first two cars, according to the direction of the robbers. Here was where the holdup men made their mistake. The express car was the third car, but not knowing this, the robbers obtained the uncoupling of the first and second. At pistol point the engineer was marched back to his cab and forced to move ahead two car lengths. Then, while one of the robbers held the two men covered, with a revolver in each hand, the other applied dynamite and broke open the doors of the second car.

Robbers Flee Empty-Handed.

This contained nothing but mail sacks. Fearing in the delay lest something should be happening at the other end of the train or that they would be captured they ordered the fireman and engineer back into the cab and bade them go up the track six telegraph poles distance. Just before the engineer climbed into the car the taller of the robbers jerked off his watch, breaking the chain. The minute the train stopped the men threw the red lantern on the ground and made off into the woods.

It was thought at the time that the men had made their way to the lake and had there taken a boat which was in waiting, but this clew proved valueless. For several days the arrest of suspects was a frequent occurrence, but each and every one of these had to be set at liberty as soon as the facts of the case were investigated. A later clew was the discovery of a lot of dynamite in the Illinois Central slip, on the North Pier, but this also led to nothing of consequence.

ALTON FLYER CRASHES INTO A FREIGHT AND IS WRECKED.

Fast Train Hits Engine at Siding near Jacksonville—Two Cars Torn to Pieces and Two Trainmen Killed.

Jacksonville, Ill., Aug. 21, 3 a. m.—[Special.]—The Alton "Hummer," the fast passenger train between Chicago and Kansas City, was wrecked at Prentice, eight miles north of here shortly after midnight.

Engineer Sheahan and Fireman Adams were instantly killed and C. E. Wood, engineer, was fatally injured, while the passengers escaped with bruises and cuts.

The wreck was caused by a north-bound freight train, which took the siding at Prentice to permit the "Hummer" to pass. The freight train evidently was moving through the side track and the engine moved too far, catching the rear two cars of the flying passenger train as they swept by, tearing the sides from them.

The cars were dragged for a distance, but broke from the rest of the train without derailing it.

It is reported here that none of the passengers was fatally injured.

C. E. Black, the company's physician, and other local physicians were hurried to the scene of the wreck on the wrecking train.

The track will be cleared by morning.

SAYS "STRONG MAN" SHOT HIM.

George Heraclider Is Under Arrest for Wounding L. H. Green of Springfield.

George Heraclide, 5300 Lake avenue, who is said to pose as a strong man in a Clark street museum, is at the Hyde Park Police Station, and L. H. Green of Springfield is at the Chicago Hospital suffering from two bullet wounds as the result of a shooting affray in Heraclide's room early this morning.

Green was shot in the head and in the right side, but the wounds are said not to be serious.

He claims he met Heraclide on the street and accompanied him to the room, where the shooting occurred after a quarrel.

STEEL WORKERS STILL STAND BY THEIR CONTRACT

South Chicago Men Issue a Vigorous Statement Explaining Why They Remain in Mills.

PUT AGREEMENTS FIRST

Document Refuting Charge That They Are False to Unionism Is Signed by All Lodge Officials.

DAVIS' MEETING A FAILURE.

He Telegraphs Shaffer to Come for Sunday's Gathering and Expects That the Men Will Quit Then.

SAYS THE MAJORITY MUST RULE.

While Vice President Davis of the Amalgamated association was straining every nerve last night to induce the union men in the Illinois steel works at South Chicago to reconsider their action of ten days ago and strike, a committee of the steel workers themselves gave out to the public a ringing defense of their refusal to strike—a defense that is based on the inviolability of contract.

Rumors had been scattered broadcast that the men were in discontent; that a number of them already had quit work, and that the forced closing of the great mills was imminent.

Three men who on Monday staid away from work on account of illness were said to form the nucleus of the striking body. These men, however, returned to work yesterday, and the uneasy feeling of Monday turned somewhat toward conservatism.

Shaffer or Aide to Come.

Meanwhile Vice President Davis' appeal to President Shaffer to come and rally the men to a strike sentiment was answered. President Shaffer said that either he or some one of his chief organizers would come.

Mr. Davis tried twice during the day to get a meeting of the men to arrange for a strike meeting later in the week, but both of his attempts were failures. In the afternoon less than half a dozen men appeared and in the evening the idea was abandoned entirely. He is not yet hopeless and promises to have a large meeting on Sunday, until which time he thinks no distinct step will be taken toward a strike.

Men State Their Case.

Shortly before midnight a committee composed of conservative members of the South Chicago unions of the Amalgamated association gave out the following explicit statement of their reasons for refusing to strike:

"To Labor Organizations and the Public: Having been criticised for the stand taken by the lodges here represented, we take this means of explaining our position, which we feel confident is in accordance with the fundamental principles of fair play and justice. We have always been union men and have steadfastly upheld union principles and we are positive we have adhered to these principles in the present instance.

"The keeping inviolate of contracts and agreements has always been recognized as one of the fundamental principles of trades unionism, especially in our organization. In support of this statement we beg leave to refer to section two of article one of the constitution and general law of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel, and Tin Workers of the United States, which is herewith given in part: 'The objects of this association shall be the elevation of the position of its members, the maintenance of the best interests of the association, and to obtain, by conciliaion, or by other meahs, just and legal, a fair remuneration to members against broken contracts.'

"Article nineteen of the special rules incorporated in the organizations constitution reads in part: 'Every member shall interest himself, individually and collectively, in protecting his trade, and the business of all employers who recognize, negotiate, and are under contract with this association.'

Contract Bar to a Strike.

"The members of our organization work under a contract with our employers, which is perpetual, unless terminated in a manner provided for in the contract. It is specifically provided that this contract can be broken under no circumstances, except by either party to the agreement giving three months' notice of its intention, the notice to be given previous to Oct. 1.

"A copy of the contracts under which we are now working, as well as every change made in the agreements from time to time, is sent to the officers of the national lodge and placed on file there for their inspection and approval. These contracts are signed by a committee representing the lodge on behalf of the members, and the general superintendent on behalf of the company.

"We are strengthened in the position we have taken regarding the sacredness of contracts entered into between union labor and its employers by a ruling made by M. M. Garland, President of our organization in 1897, in which he said: 'I hereby attest that the scale of wages has been agreed upon between the rail straighteners at the South Chicago works and the Illinois Steel works and that the agreement was made some time ago. The present violation of this contract on the part of the rail straighteners and their help in South Chicago is much regretted by the Amalgamated association and if they refuse to continue work at the scale of prices we certainly cannot, as an organization, uphold their action. We further wish to say that new men taking their places will not be stigmatized nor condemned for doing so by the organization. Our position is that a contract once agreed upon should be held inviolate by both sides.'

Shaffer for Contracts Once.

"In 1898, when the International Tinplate Workers' Protective Association asked to enter into an alliance, offensive and defensive, with the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, President T. J. Shaffer told the tin men that the association he represented stood for the observance of its contracts, and that it would not enter into any offensive compact which would

obligate the association to violate either the spirit or letter of its signed agreements.

"John Mitchell, President of the United Mine Workers of America, entertains equally positive views on the sacredness of labor contracts. In an article recently published in the New York Independent Mr. Mitchell says: 'I know of many instances where contracts which were in conflict with the constitution and laws of trade unions have been entered into with employers, and yet the officers and members of the trade organizations have insisted that the contract superseded the constitution and bylaws and took precedence of them. In fact, I recall several specific instances where the members of a local union connected with a national organization went on a strike for the purpose of enforcing a higher scale of wages than was provided for in the contract made between the national organization and the employers' association in which the officers of the national union promptly filled the places of the strikers with other men in order that the union could not be charged with or convicted of breach of faith.'

Quote Davis Against Strike.

"After taking legal advice we feel certain that President Shaffer's claim that our contracts are void because the Illinois Steel company, with whom our agreement was made, had been absorbed by the United States Steel company is without foundation.

"The principles of union labor are as dear to us as to any men in the country who earn their living by honest toil, but we do not think we should be expected to violate every rule of business integrity and personal honor for a matter of sentiment, for this is a time when we must not let our sympathy get away with our better judgment.

"It may not be generally known, but the fact is we were supported by our District Vice President in our action in refusing to strike.

Charles G. Poesch,	P. J. Love,
T. E. McKeeney,	J. J. Ptek,
D. S. Johnson,	G. W. Shepard,
Frank Peterson,	Smith M. Ely,
Fred F. Fair,	C. W. Bibom,
Samuel P. Lewis,	A. L. McCarthy,
Thomas Edmonds,	William H. Collins,
Stewart Collins,	Committee.

The foregoing list of names includes every important officer of the two South Chicago lodges. It is thought by students of the situation that this expression is a fair indication that a strike, even after the proposed Sunday meeting, is unlikely.

Davis' Meeting Is Abandoned.

Vice President Davis, encouraged by the tendency toward a strike on Monday, arranged yesterday to meet in conference with the men in the Calumet Theater. Only four or five appeared, and then he postponed the conference until evening. None of the men responded to his invitation and the plan was given up. Afterward Mr. Davis said:

"The prospects are discouraging. I will not endeavor to get the men to strike individually in the mills. They must agree to come out in a body, or enough must strike to make a respectable showing."

Regarding the rumors the men were striking individually General Superintendent McCullough of the mills said:

"The number of steel workers absent yesterday were three. That is below the normal daily average throughout the year. Today there is not a man missing. All reports of individual strikes are false."

Test Comes on Sunday.

Sunday is expected to be the crucial day. Should President Shaffer come here he undoubtedly will be listened to more respectfully than any other official of the Amalgamated association. Any other representative of the association will be received courteously, the men say, but they insist they are not to be swayed by the eloquence or enthusiasm of any orator. They are confident that their position in the trying situation is the proper one, and notwithstanding the attacks of their former union brothers they insist they are not to be turned aside from it.

The insistance of the men seems to bear out the statements made by Vice President Davis last night. While Mr. Davis is anxious to see the men out, he says they must decide what they will do. The position taken by Mr. Tighe at Joliet, that the men had nothing to say but to obey or refuse to obey the order of President Shaffer, is not insisted on by Davis, who always has acknowledged that the vote of the men is absolutely necessary. He says there will be no preliminary meeting and that the final effort will be in the joint or general meeting on Sunday afternoon.

Charters Back if They Strike.

Should the men or a sufficient number of them decide to strike Mr. Davis has been advised that the Advisory board of the Amalgamated association will meet and restore the charters of Commercial and Lakeside lodges to those men.

John H. Morgan, who may be the envoy of President Shaffer this time, is a former Ohio State Senator. At one time he was Vice President of the Amalgamated association. At present he is a trustee and member of the Advisory board. He is said to be the most plausible orator in the ranks of the Amalgamated men.

It is believed by the workmen that the persistent rumors of a strike were circulated in the hope of causing a stampede of the men. Charles Loesch, who was quoted as one of the "strike leaders" having been proselyted by Vice President Davis, denied that he had any intentions of striking.

"Only a majority of my lodge will induce me to strike," said Mr. Loesch last night.

Situation in Joliet.

Some uneasiness is manifested among sympathizers with the strike regarding the position taken by the Joliet men. At a joint meeting yesterday the advisability of returning to work if South Chicago refused to strike was discussed briefly, it being the desire of the leaders to defer discussion until this afternoon, when another joint session of the four Joliet lodges will be held. Strike leaders fear that the delay at South Chicago may lead to a break in the ranks of the men unless satisfactory news is forthcoming soon.

The plants of the American Steel and Wire company in Joliet will not close down for the present. Arrangements are being made for steel rods to be brought from other cities. Twenty-five carloads of rods were taken into Joliet yesterday by the Elgin, Joliet and Eastern road.

Efforts to start the Pressed Steel Car company's plant at Joliet failed yesterday morning, the men declining to work on a piece price schedule. The plant will be closed down indefinitely.

Members of the Phoenix Horse Shoe company's Joliet lodge voted a 10 per cent assessment yesterday for the striking Amalgamated men.

LULL IN THE STEEL STRIKE.

Both Sides Settle Down to Long, Determined Struggle—New Negotiations for Peace Denied.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 20.—Following the rapid moves of yesterday on either side of the great steel strike, there was a lull today and neither side took decisive action that showed upon the surface. It has been a running fight so far, with small victories and minor defeats for both sides, but it now seems to be settling down into a hard, determined struggle, in which neither side will acknowledge defeat while there is hope left. Speculation as to the length of time to which it will be prolonged and the extent of its spread is idle.

Joseph Bishop, the Ohio arbitrator, appeared here again today, but both sides promptly repudiated the suggestion that another move for peace was being considered. The steel managers succeeded in starting the last idle mill at the Clark plant and are evidently planning a series of extensions at every point where there is a chance of success under existing circumstances. They will probably start the Star tin mills in this city and increase the force at the Lindsay and McCutcheon mills.

The striking feature of the fight at the latter mill is contributed by the claim of the strikers that Mrs. Fred Baugh, wife of the superintendent, is escorting the strike-breakers to and from the mill. She has always been popular with the mill men, and the pickets say they would rather face a regiment of soldiers than do anything violent in her presence. They say that in peace times she nursed their families, and that they simply cannot interfere with her or the men she escorts.

The steel managers are also arranging for more men for the Painter and Monessen mills, but have given no indication of the time that they will move on McKeesport, Wheeling, Newcastle, and Bellaire, the strongholds of the strikers.

Veryl Preston, representing President Schwab, was here today and conferred with a number of the leading officials of the companies federated in the steel corporation, and it is understood that general plans for the campaign were discussed. Mr. Preston and the officials whom he met would not talk for publication beyond expressing their satisfaction at the situation.

The strikers meet the movement to reopen mills with non-union men with the claim that it will be simply impossible to secure a sufficient number of skilled men to operate them. They say they understood that the general firm and must be consulted before the mills run. They say they have the situation well in hand, and despite the alleged danger of the strike getting top heavy, continue their work of organization with a view of crippling more plants belonging to the corporation. They claim that Chicago will, in the end, come out, and that there is no danger of the Joliet men going back to work, whatever Chicago does.

They are still fighting for a foothold in the Carnegie properties, but so far have not shown their hand. Claims as to the advantage at the Duquesne mills are still highly conflicting, but the managers declare with more assurance than ever that the fight there is over, and that the Amalgamated association has given up. A show down of hands alone will reveal the real strength of either side.

President McMurty of the American Sheet Steel company returned today from a tour through the five mill towns of the Kiskiminetas Valley. He inspected the non-union mills running in all of them and also looked over the two non-union properties being operated at Scottdale. He said production was above the average for this season of the year, and that he was perfectly satisfied. District Manager F. F. Smith of the same company said that the Wellsville plant lacked but six men of having every crew full, that the product was coming out nearly perfect, and that if their men were not interfered with and assaulted by the strikers the situation would be eminently satisfactory. He said also that the best sentiment of the community indorsed the policy of the company.

Tube Mills Tied Up.

The tying up of the Pennsylvania and Continental tube plants of the National Tube company in this city, commenced last night, was completed today. Counting both plants about 1,800 men went out, and both the properties are shut down. The closing of the Pennsylvania and Continental plants completely tied up the National Tube company in this district and Wheeling. The company has made no effort to start up at any point.

President Shaffer and his associates were at strike headquarters all day and were busy. The executive work in connection with the strikers' end of the fight is enormous. There is a heavy mail pouring in all the time, the leaders are constantly in communication by telegraph with the strike centers, and organizers and the number of callers constantly increases.

A great amount of attention is being devoted to strike relief plans. Many of the men who are out need money already, and the demands in that direction are growing. The leaders say that donations of a liberal nature are being made to the cause.

German Diplomat Investigating.

Among the callers today was Count Frederick von Luxberg of the German diplomatic service, who is making an official inquiry into the strike. He had an extended talk with President Shaffer. The leaders expressed themselves as pleased with the situation. They claimed that the Lower Union Carnegie mill in this city was badly crippled, that the effort to start at Monessen had proved a failure, and that the Lindsay & McCutcheon mill did no work today. They also promised to act at Duquesne in proper time. They charged that the borough officials at Monessen are openly against the strikers and constantly infringe on their rights. They said that if the men were not fairly treated they would seek protection for them through the proper legal channels.

LENTZ GETS AN INJUNCTION.

Foe of Capital Secures Writ Forbidding Union Men to Establish Pickets at Roseville, O.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 20.—Ex-Congressman John J. Lentz of Columbus and Louis G. Addison appeared before United States Judge Clark today and secured a permanent injunction restraining strikers at the plant of the Ohio Pressed Brick company of Roseville, O., from establishing pickets at the works and interfering with the work. A temporary injunction was issued two weeks ago. The men struck because the firm refused to compel several non-union workers in its employ to join the union.

Sick Prisoner Gets Habeas Corpus.

Judge Kavanagh, sitting in the Criminal Court yesterday morning, granted a writ of habeas corpus in the case of M. Fisher, a prisoner in the County Jail, whose sentence is almost expired. Fisher is one of the best known prisoners in jail. He is President of the John L. Whitman Moral Improvement association. The writ of habeas corpus was issued on the grounds that Fisher is seriously ill.

HORSE FALLS IN CHURCH; DEATH RELEASES IT

After spending twenty-four hours in the basement of Trinity Episcopal Church, Michigan avenue and Twenty-sixth street, Mrs. John Ducey's horse, which fell down the stone steps leading to the church basement on Monday morning, was shot by Policeman Dean of the Humane society. Mrs. Ducey spent a good portion of the morning pleading and arguing to save her horse's life, but in vain. Before the animal was shot Mrs. Ducey left the basement, saying that she did not have the heart to see her poor horse killed.

Like Humpty Dumpty, Mrs. Ducey's horse had a great fall. On Monday afternoon it in some way stumbled down the stairs and rolled into the basement. After that not all the fire and police men could get it out again. It wouldn't walk out the way it had rolled in, and there was no other exit large enough. At length it was decided that the only way to get the horse out was to kill it.

Mrs. Ducey now says that she will engage an attorney and bring action against the trustees of the church for the recovery of the value of her horse, which she says was worth at least $250. The insecure railing, which broke when her horse fell against it, is the cause of her loss, so she claims, and she says that she will make the church pay for not keeping proper safeguards around its open stairways.

STRIKERS TO JOIN FORCES

LABOR UNIONS MAY UNITE AGAINST BIG FIRMS.

Patternmakers, Molders, and Machinists Discuss an Alliance for Purpose of Shortening Struggle with Allis-Chalmers Company and Gates Iron Works—Will Endeavor to Force a Settlement for the Three Organizations at Same Time.

Three labor organizations are about to join forces against the Allis-Chalmers company and the Gates iron works. All are out on a strike, the patternmakers having been the first to leave the plant. Then the machinists entered the struggle, going out against the National Metal Trades association in a fight for a nine-hour day and advance in pay at the same time.

The last contingent to strike was the iron molders, their forces being directed against the National Founders' association. The three organizations contend that if they can force the Allis-Chalmers company and the Gates iron works to capitulate they will have their fight won. Many of the smaller firms already have surrendered to the machinists and molders. The patternmakers are interested only in the strike with the two big firms, and are willing to enter an offensive and defensive alliance with the machinists and molders.

It is proposed under this alliance that no organization shall compromise or settle with either of the companies until it is ready to adjust its differences with all. In this way it is believed the strike will be shortened. The Executive boards of the three labor organizations are discussing the propositions of concentrating their interests and waging the fight solidly.

The men who have been living in tents in the Allis-Chalmers plant were transferred to a frame building yesterday, where they will have good shelter from the rain that has made it so disagreeable for them. Pickets of the machinists are trying to communicate with the men for the purpose of telling them they will not be injured if they will leave the plant.

Ninety-six employés of the Canda Cattle Car company, Forty-seventh and Morgan streets, yesterday joined the thirty who struck last week.

TAMPA BUSINESS-MEN ORDER 17 MORE STRIKERS TO LEAVE.

Committee Which Deported Cigarmakers Takes Action and Leaders Depart Hurriedly—Members Secede.

Tampa, Fla., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—The Business-Men's committee which deported thirteen of the leaders of the striking cigarmakers, two weeks ago, today notified seventeen of the new leaders of the union, who constitute the Central committee, that they must leave the city within twelve hours.

The committeemen at once resigned and began making hurried preparations to depart. All but three of them left tonight for Key West and Havana.

Between four and five hundred members of the Resistencia union seceded from the ranks of the strikers and issued a manifesto to the business-men of the city and the cigar manufacturers, stating that they wished to go back to work at once.

This leaves resistence practically disorganized, as well as without funds or food.

The secessionists will go back to work tomorrow, and by Monday all of the strikers, it is believed, will be at work again. The manufacturers reserve the right to select and control their own selectors, packers, and pickers, and have arranged to get as many of these as are wanted from New York and Havana.

Evictions by renting agents are causing great excitement among members of the union. It is said more than 100 women and children slept in the streets last night. The Central committee of Resistencia union cut down the souphouse allowance to one meal a day.

STRIKER SHOT BY WORKMAN.

Non-Union Shirt Cutter Turns on Pursuers at Troy, N. Y., and Seriously Wounds One of Them.

Troy, N. Y., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—The first outbreak in the strike of the shirt and collar cutters, which has been in progress here over a month, occurred tonight about 6 o'clock when one of the strikers was shot by a non-union employé. The non-union men leaving work were followed by a crowd hooting and hurling stones at them. One of the fugitives turned and fired into the crowd, striking John Dugrinier. The latter was struck by the bullet in the head above the left ear. It is believed that he may recover. Two brothers named Collins were arrested. One confessed firing the shot and pleaded self-defense.

$7.00 to Marquette, Mich., and Return.
Chicago and Northwestern railway, Aug. 22 and 30. Through sleepers 5 p.m. Breakfast Marquette. Ticket offices, 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station.

HEAD OF A TEA FIRM MISSING.

Frank S. Thomas, President of Commission Company, Strangely Disappears.

SHORTAGE STORY DENIED

F. M. Pease, Chicago, Sues C. R. Flint for Accounting of Plow Trust Profits.

GENERAL NEW YORK NEWS.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE,
New York, Aug. 20.

The disappearance of Frank S. Thomas, President of the Montgomery Auction and Commission company, became generally known in the tea and coffee district today, where his house has been known for years as a tea exchange. Mr. Thomas has been missing from the city since early in July. On July 6 he was in his down-town office, and was last seen the next day in his apartments, 25 East Forty-fourth street, by the servants. His wife was then in the country.

Head of Commission House Missing.

A little later F. R. Thomas, a brother in this city, received a letter postmarked New York, which, according to Secretary Winters of the company, advised the family not to worry, that the missing man was not about to commit suicide, and that there was no woman at the bottom of the affair.

When the fact of Mr. Thomas' absence was made known to his wife she at once gave up their apartments in the Forty-fourth street house and removed to Bay Ridge.

Rumors of a shortage of $20,000 were taken to Frank Winty, Secretary and Treasurer of the company. He said:

"It is true that there is a loan on the books of the company made to Mr. Thomas, but the thing is entirely above board and known to the officers and directors of the company. I do not care to say whether that amount is $5 or $20,000. The only fact that requires explanation is the disappearance of Mr. Thomas. He certainly has not disappeared as the result of a discovery of a shortage."

Mrs. Sarah Cowell Le Moyne will open her season with the Charles Henry Meltzer historic drama, "The First Duchess of Marlborough." It will have its initial presentation in Atlantic City, N. J., on Monday evening, Sept. 23.

Chicago Man Sues Plow Trust Promoter.

Frederick M. Pease, a promoter from Chicago, today filed papers in the County Clerk's office, instituting a suit against Charles R. Flint to obtain an accounting of Mr. Flint's profits from the formation of the American Plow company, or plow trust, and asking an injunction restraining Mr. Flint, Joseph S. Auerbach, and George W. Young, President of the United States Mortgage and Trust company, the American Plow company, and about thirty other plow companies from continuing any preceedings in the actual work of forming the syndicate.

Mr. Pease asserts that in 1897 he conceived the idea of combining the plow companies, and succeeded in interesting Mr. Flint to such an extent that the latter entered into a working agreement with him, which continued for eighteen months, when Mr. Pease says Mr. Flint declared the project impracticable, and apparently dropped it. Mr. Pease says that the announcement of the actual formation of the trust last June made it clear that his idea had proved of value, and to determine that value the present suit is brought. The concerns named as defendants include the members of the American company.

[Mr. Pease resides at 3210 Michigan avenue. He is in New York.]

Girl of 13 a Cigaret Smoker.

United States Judge Thomas signed today the final decree in the writ of the Central Trust company, as trustee, against the United States Flour Milling company and its receivers for the sale of the corporation's mortgaged property in this jurisdiction, which is that formerly belonging to the Hecker-Jones-Jewell Milling company.

Thirteen-year-old Annie Ness of 846 East Thirty-third street, a thin, pale-faced child, with only one arm, was arraigned before Magistrate Braun in the Yorkville police court today by Agent Moore of the Children's society, who said that she was a cigaret smoker. "What?" exclaimed the magistrate; "this little girl a smoker?" "Yes," said Agent Moore, lifting up the girl's only hand. Annie's fingers were discolored by the yellowish brown stain.

Annie lost her arm by being run over by a surface car about a year ago. She said that a young married woman living in her neighborhood had taught her to smoke, and she spent every cent she got for cigarets until a week ago. Then her mother caught her smoking and beat her so she had been afraid to smoke since.

Submarine Boat Moccasin Launched.

The Rev. George F. Pentecost, internationally famous as a Presbyterian preacher, who is the pastor of the Firsh Church of Yonkers, has received an urgent call from the American Board of Foreign Missions to organize religious work in the Philippine Islands. Dr. Pentecost, during the summer months, has occupied the pulpit of the Marylebone Presbyterian Church in London, England.

The Moccasin, another one of the submarine vessels which the Holland Torpedo Boat company is building for the government, took its initial plunge into the water from the cradle at the Crescent Ship Yard at Elizabethport, N. J., soon after 12 o'clock today. Before the red whalelike craft began to move Miss Gracie Day of Richmond, Va., the sister-in-law of Senator Thomas S. Martin of Virginia, gave the stern of the boat a vigorous blow with a decorated bottle of champagne. "I christen you Moccasin," she said, hurriedly, when she could, the wine dripping from her face.

Plainfield Man with Many Claims.

Francis M. Carpenter, Treasurer of Westchester County, today appraised the estate of Franz O. Matthiessen, the millionaire sugar magnate, who died in France, at $5,180,000, which is taxable by the State. Mr. Matthiessen owned a country seat at Irvington-on-the-Hudson and a town house on Fifth avenue, which were filled with rare paintings worth nearly half a million dollars.

John R. Vandervoort of Plainfield, N. J., who claims to be the possessor of Mme. Jumel's deeds as well as other means of wealth, is now engaged in advertising tempting offers to "Twenty honest Christian parties, male or female, with $1,000 each to act as trustees." This man claims that owing to flaws in the title of the Jumel estate over $5,000,000 is awaiting those who can assist him in clearing the titles.

Vandervoort says he has claims against the Controller of New York for $1,000,000, the City of New York for $1,000,000, property in Saratoga valued at $2,000,000, and two houses in New York valued at $50,000. Other New York property included in this vast estate, according to Vandervoort, comprises 200 acres at Washington Heights.

This man of many claims also says that 100 deeds have already been passed upon and the following distributions made: Samuel Gompers, President of the Federation of Labor, for the united labor unions, $5,000; Jacob E. Bausch, for the Central Labor union, $50,000; Booth Tucker, for the Salvation Army, $50,000; and various other sums. The originator of this enterprise cordially invites wives of soldiers and sailors, widows and orphans of the late war, to form a Grand Army No. 2, to confer with him, and he will contribute a large sum to their maintenance.

Old Bank Notes and Plates Are Recovered.

The Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, which arrived here today, brought among her passengers a number of well-known theatrical people. Among them were Mme. Helena Modjeska, Miss Maude Adams, Heinrich Conried, manager of the Irving Place Theater; Miss Anna Held, and her husband and manager, Florence Ziegfeld. Mme. Modjeska has just come from Poland, her native country, which she had not visited in a long time.

Steamer Steward Charged with Attempt to Bribe.

Ernesto Sapelli, one of the stewards of La Gascogne, was arrested today on board the vessel by United States Marshals and arraigned before Commissioner Alexander in the Federal Building. The charge against Sapelli, who is an Italian and steward of the steerage, was that he had attempted to bribe Immigration Inspector William E. Junker, newly assigned to La Gascogne, by offering him $41 and 10 francs if he would discharge certain aliens, not entitled to land, at the rate of $5 a piece and $6 for families.

According to Junker, who swore to the formal complaint, the steward first made the offer to him alone, showing him the money. Assistant Commissioner McSweeney happened to be on board welcoming his sister back from Europe, and Junker persuaded the steward to come over to where McSweeney was and repeat his offer.

Sapelli declared when he was arraigned that it was his first voyage on the ship and denied that he had offered any bribe to the officer. He was committed to Ludlow Street Jail in default of $2,500 bail for examination.

Schwab Out of the Bethlehem Deal.

Lorimer Stoddard, the dramatist and oldest son of Richard Henry Stoddard, the critic and author, is ill at the home of his parents, 529 East Fifteenth street. He was recently taken from a sanitarium at Liberty, N. Y. He will be removed tomorrow to Sag Harbor.

There is said to be no truth in the report from Philadelphia that Charles M. Schwab is to retire from the Presidency of the United States Steel corporation in order to assume charge of the Bethlehem Steel company. The option which Mr. Schwab obtained upon a majority of the Bethlehem stock, and which expires on Monday next, he does not now own. It was taken off his hands some weeks ago by J. P. Morgan & Co.

When Mr. Morgan returned from Europe arrangements were made, it is understood, for the transfer of Mr. Schwab's contract to a syndicate formed by J. P. Morgan & Co. There the matter now stands, and the probability is that some statement as to the future of the Bethlehem company will be made before next Monday. That the United States Steel corporation will not take over the control of the company is generally admitted.

It is understood that, unless a syndicate independent of the Steel corporation is formed to conduct the Bethlehem works, the original Vickers Sons & Maxim and Cramp combination, with a controlling interest in the Bethlehem company, will be carried through.

Charles E. Corkran Forming Lumber Combine.

Plans were filed today by C. P. H. Gilbert, architect, for a fireproof private stable, to be erected at 168 to 172 East Seventieth street for D. G. Reid of the United States Steel corporation. The estimated cost is $100,000, and according to the plans it will be, when finished, one of the finest and most complete stables in the city.

Charles E. Corkran, President of the Chequasset Lumber company, announced tonight important plans for the consolidation of twelve lumber concerns into a corporation, which will be called the Chequasset company, with a capital of $1,000,000, and which is expected by its promoters to do an annual business of between $4,000,000 and $5,000,000. This was the reason, he said, that the Chequasset Lumber company and the Muskoka Lumber company had today voluntarily gone into the hands of receivers. He said:

"Our plan is to pay all debts, dollar for dollar. The appointment of receivers for these two companies will facilitate the reorganization of all our lumber interests into the one corporation, which will have offices in New York, with myself as President, Charles W. Manning of Brooklyn as Vice President, and Kirk W. Hobart of Newton, Mass., as Treasurer.

Mr. Corkran named the following as the organizations which will form the Chequasset company: The Chequasset Lumber company, New York; American Hardwood company, Cincinnati; Muskoka Lumber company, North Tonawanda, N. Y.; Sylvania Lumber company, Philadelphia; Daniels & Collin company, Pittsburg; Baltimore Lumber company, Baltimore; Chesapeake Lumber company, Baltimore; Storck Lumber company, Baltimore; Towson Lumber and Coal company, Towson, Md.; Manor Lumber company, Corbett, Md.; Parkton Lumber company, Parkton, Md.; Suburban Coal and Lumber company, Garrison, Md.

The New Jersey State federation, which met in Camden today, unanimously adopted a resolution which provides that hereafter members of the New Jersey federation shall refuse to give any news to any person connected with a newspaper unless said newsgatherer is a member of the News Writers' union or other labor organization.

Denies He Refused to Meet Bourke Cockran.

The arrest of Frank J. Perry, William Hogan, and E. W. Smith at San Francisco on the charge of passing notes printed from the original plates of the State Bank of New Brunswick, N. J., which went out of business several years prior to the civil war, disclosed the fact that their source of supply was Jacob Weigel at New Brunswick, N. J. Government secret service officers tonight visited New Brunswick, N. J., and obtained possession of the plates, and nearly $200,000 (face value) of the notes of the old State Bank of New Brunswick. The notes were not reprinted from the old plates, but were genuinely printed thirty years or more ago by the bank itself, but were never signed by the President and cashier.

The bank went into liquidation and the receiver sold the note plates to Adam Ludwig, a junk dealer. The junk dealer also bought the waste paper, in which he found about half a million dollars' worth of notes. These notes he sold or gave to Jacob Weigel, who is a collector of coins and old notes.

Weigel sold some of the notes to Greenburg & Smith of San Francisco. This firm, Mr. Weigel says, afterwards sent him large orders for the notes, and in all purchased $175,000 worth. Weigel was not arrested.

Americans Behind Hamburg-American.

Hamburg-American line shares have advanced 7 points in Berlin on buying that is supposed to be for American interests. It is understood that behind this bull movement is the same clique of Americans who have recently bought heavily of Atchison shares. It is said that the Pennsylvania railroad is interested in the recent developments at Berlin. For this reason it is believed that some kind of an agreement between the two companies may be on the eve of formation. The Hamburg line pays a dividend of 10 per cent and shows a large surplus besides.

Horse Show Opens at Bar Harbor.

The fact is revived by an article in a local paper today that the body of Robert Fulton, inventor of the steamboat, lies unmarked in Trinity churchyard. His body is in a vault containing seven other caskets of the Livingston family, and they are all included under a general inscription, which simply says: "The vault of Walter and Robert C. Livingston, sons of Robert C. Livingston of Livingston Manor." Fulton's body was placed there because he married a Miss Livingston.

On the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse there arrived today Captain Arthur H. Lee, ex-Military Attaché of the British Embassy at Washington. He is accompanied by Mrs. Lee. Concerning a recent cable dispatch to the effect that he had refused to meet Bourke Cockran when the latter was introduced by Winston Churchill, Captain Lee said the report was incorrect.

"I did not refuse to meet Mr. Cockran," said Captain Lee, "but I did take occasion to remind him that I had heard him deliver an eloquent oration at a pro-Boer meeting in Washington."

The horse show at Bar Harbor, Me., now come to be the fashionable open air gathering in that village of summer guests, opened today. The show is a good one in the quality of the exhibits and the number of visitors. Dogs, poultry, and horses vied with each other as the features. In the horses the class winning owners were: General Edward Morrell, Philadelphia; H. D. Foss, Bar Harbor; Mrs. A. T. Van Ness, New York; J. S. Sanborn, Lewiston Junction; Craig E. Lippincott, Philadelphia; Ralph Pulitz, New York; and William Lawrence Green, Albany. There was one horse race, in which Alta W. won, with Rob Roy a close second.

WHERE WOMEN'S TONGUES FAIL.

Retail Clerks Dumb When Called on to Speak at Union Meeting—They Join, Though.

The "gift of the gab" completely forsook seventy-five men and women retail clerks last night when Mrs. Emma Lanphere requested them to tell what they thought of joining the union.

"I am surprised at you," said Mrs. Lanphere. "Your success in the stores depends on your ability to talk and yet you come up here and are unable to say a word in your own behalf. There's a young woman who talks a whole lot on the street," said Chairman Schroeder. "I'm satisfied that if she had a certain young man in a corner she would find no trouble talking to him."

The young woman indicated blushed but refused to talk. The pleadings of Mrs. Lanphere and the chairman were unavailing, so they had to do the talking themselves.

The silent seventy-five were present at a meeting of local 365, Retail Clerks' association in Horan's Hall, 255 Halsted street. In addition to it being the regular meeting of the union Mrs. Lanphere, the general organizer of the association, hoped to organize a union from the department stores in Halsted street and Blue Island avenue. She succeeded so well that with the names given her during the day she succeeded in enrolling fifty as charter members of the new union.

MILWAUKEE HOST TO FIGHTER.

Elaborate Demonstration Planned for the Visit of General MacArthur on September 11.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—The announcement that General Arthur MacArthur has accepted the invitation to visit this city and has fixed Sept. 11 as the date of his arrival was received with joy by the citizens, who plan a grand demonstration. At a meeting of the Merchants and Manufacturers' association tonight it was decided, on suggestion of General Charles King, to receive General MacArthur in true military style. He will be met by the Light Horse Squadron, Light Battery, and two battalions of infantry, and escorted to Juneau Park, where a Major General's salute will be fired from the revenue cutter Morrill.

CLERK WHO HAS NO TIME TO WOO AND WED.

Albert Schroeder, a clerk of Yondorf Bros.' furnishing goods store at 365 Blue Island avenue, is the man who said at a meeting of the Retail Clerks' union on Monday night that now as there was a union and shorter hours he would have time to get married, something he had never had time to do before in the twenty years that he has been hustling for a living. Mr. Schroeder is an enthusiastic union man and declares the merchants themselves are desirous of bringing about the change and are willing to get into line if they are sure the others will follow.

ALBERT SCHROEDER.

"The union demands," says Schroeder "that the hours of a retail clerk be made shorter and we think that our demands will be acceded to before long. We do not object to the pay, as the majority of clerks in this business are well paid. It is the outlying districts that are the worst; in fact, that is where all the trouble is, for the stores down town close at 6, and those clerks are allowed their freedom every evening, while in some of the stores here they are not allowed even one evening a week. Among the other demands of our union is that of closing at least three nights in a week. Where some of the merchants have done this they received better treatment at the hands of their employés. It stands to reason that when a man has to remain on his feet from 7 a. m. till 10 p. m. he is not much good the next day.

"However, the primary object of our organization is more social than anything else; we will have meetings at which dancing will be a feature.

When asked if it were true that he never had had time to get married he replied: "Well, I never had time for the preliminaries. I suppose one could get married after 10 o'clock if everything had been arranged before then."

THREE HELD IN POLICE SCANDAL.

Sergeant and Two Wardmen Are Arraigned in New York and Put Under Bonds.

CHARGED WITH NEGLECT.

District Attorney Declares Money Was Paid to Policemen for Protection.

HE DEMANDS HEAVY BAIL.

New York, Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Wardmen Edward G. Glennon, the intimate associate and personal representative of Deputy Commissioner Devery, now attached to the West Thirtieth Street Police Station, and Sergeant Shiels and Precinct Detective Dwyer were this evening arrested upon warrants issued by Justice Jerome, charging each with willful neglect of duty in failing to suppress the disorderly house at 148 West Thirty-third street, recently raided by the Parkhurst society. The officers are also charged with aiding and abetting the maintenance of the disorderly house.

The arrest of the three policemen was the result of the secret inquiry Justice Jerome has been conducting for the last ten days, following the arrest and confession of Edgar A. Whitney, who disclosed the plan of collusion between the police and the poolroom proprietors.

Superintendent McClintock of the Parkhurst society is the complainant against Glennon, Dwyer, and Sheils.

The warrants were issued after Whitney, Captain Flood, Sergeant Sheils, Dwyer, Superintendent McClintock, and Mrs. Elias McAuliffe of 148 West Thirty-third street had given testimony and sworn to their depositions.

The prosecution was brought under section 117 of the penal code, which reads as follows:

"A public officer and person holding a public trust or employment upon whom any duty is enjoined by law who neglects to perform the duty is guilty of a misdemeanor."

The penalty is a year in jail or $500 fine, or both.

Declares Glennon Gave Him Money.

Whitney swore that Glennon had approached him with a proposition to notify poolrooms of an intended action of the Parkhurst society against them. He declared that Glennon had given him money and that Deputy Commissioner Devery had given orders that he should be connected with the West Thirtieth Street Station in order that a "tip" might be given.

Mrs. McAuliffe testified that the house at 148 Thirty-third street had long been disorderly. She swore further that she had been policemen on post receive from the proprietress what seemed to be money, and that all of her complaints against the place to the police had been unavailing.

Assistant District Attorney Garvan stated that although Glennon was accused simply of neglect of duty there were other charges against him, not yet put in legal shape, which would eventually make this the most serious charge ever presented against a policeman.

Justice Jerome fixed bail for Glennon at $6,000 and at $2,000 for Sheils and Dwyer. Mr. Garvan declared that it was the District Attorney's intention to present the cases of the three policemen immediately to the grand jury.

Whitney's Confession in Full.

Whitney's confession, the substance of which has been given before, was tonight given in full. In it he says in part:

"After I had seen Glennon the first time I told Glennon that I was in communication with an agent of the society and that I could do business with him. Glennon told me to call around in a couple of days. This I did, and Glennon gave me $200 or $300 in cash and read off a list of poolrooms which I took down."

This money furnished by Glennon was the identical money, Whitney says, that he paid to Dillon, the Parkhurst agent, for protection for the poolrooms, as he supposed, but which resulted in the trap that caught the police.

Whitney says Glennon also asked him if the Parkhurst society could not be "called off," as to a raid on a disorderly house at 148 West Thirty-third street. Regarding this Whitney says he talked to Dillon and one night Dillon told him there was likely to be a raid on the house named. Whitney at once called up Glennon through police headquarters, but Glennon was not there, and Sergeant Sheils answered the telephone. Whitney continues:

"I told Sergeant Sheils that there was going to be a raid at 148 West Thirty-third street by the Parkhurst society that day, and he said, 'All right. Good by.'

"One evening of the following week I met Glennon and he said the telephone message regarding 148 West Thirty-third street had come all right. And Glennon told me to find out if 148 West Thirty-third street could open again, because if it could there would be a good stake in it."

Whitney's confession connects Devery with the protection of crime in the following statement:

"I called up police headquarters in Mulberry street and asked the operator there to give me telephonic connection with the Nineteenth Police Precinct Station-House. The operator asked me my name and I told him it was Whitney. He said he could not connect me, as it was against the rules of the department.

"I told him to connect me with the office of William S. Devery, the Deputy Commissioner of Police, at 300 Mulberry street, which he did, the said Devery coming to the telephone and answering:

"'I told Devery I was Whitney, and the operator had refused to connect me with the Thirtieth Street Station-House, and that I would like to be connected, as I had an important communication for Eddie Glennon. I then heard Devery call: 'Hallo, downstairs,' and then Devery said: 'Connect that party whenever he wants you to.' The operator then connected me with the Nineteenth Precinct Station-House.

Said Devery Told Him.

"In one of my conversations with Glennon subsequent to my talk with William S. Devery over the telephone, I told Glennon about my having called up police headquarters, and that they would not connect with the West Thirtieth Street Station, and that I had called up Deputy Commissioner Devery and had Devery connect me, and Glennon said: 'Yes, Devery told me about it.'

Whitney also says Glennon gave him a $100 bill, which was from a disorderly house.

Captain Flood, the superior of Sheils and Glennon, was asked some pointed questions as to why he allowed Glennon to leave town when charged with a crime. He was also asked if he did not know that at various times there had been ten indictments against Glennon. He said he did, "in a general way."

His testimony revealed that Glennon was a favored individual. He did not have to report unless he wanted to, and never made reports in writing, as others do.

Superintendent McClintock of the Parkhurst society describes the remarkable promptness and boldness with which the police "tip off" evildoers who pay them for protection. He said:

"While in the house at 146 West Thirty-third street I saw Acting Captain Sheils and Officer John Dyer enter the house 148 West Thirty-third street. Soon after they entered I and others heard officer Dyer say: 'Close up, we have just received word that the society is to raid the place. Get these women out. I am from the Captain. They are coming tonight.'"

Shelves the Negro Question.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 20.—The constitutional convention completed its calendar this afternoon and took a recess until Aug. 28.—Mr. Boone of Dallas attempted to call up ths ordinance providing that negroes shall not hold office in Alabama, but the convention refused to further consider the matter.

COLLERAN MUST EXPLAIN LETTER.

Reproduction in "The Tribune" of the Featherstone Note Arouses Walker.

FULL INQUIRY ORDERED.

Many Believe, However, That Burke Will Protect Detective from Trial.

MORE SENSATIONAL CHARGES

(Continued from first page.)

leran is involved he undoubtedly will have to stand trial. If the charges are not supported he will not have been vindicated. Thus, he can ask for trial at the hands of the Police Trial board if he wishes his name wholly cleared."

Experience of the Rev. Mr. Brobst.

More charges came to the surface during the day. One was vouched for by one of the leading criminal lawyers of Chicago, who asks that at present his name be withheld. The charges concern Detectives Corbus and Kelley, two of Colleran's most active men. The statement as given out is practically as follows:

On Aug. 25, 1898, the Rev. Flavius J. Brobst talked of securing a divorce from his wife. The couple was then living at the Renfost. Corbus, according to the story, heard of the matter, and, going to Mr. Brobst, asserted that he had evidence. He framed up a case, it is said, asserting that he could "fix the whole matter." Mr. Brobst had appealed to Chief Kipley in the meantime, and Corbus and Kelley were formally assigned to his case.

"Corbus and Kelley," explained the attorney, "introduced to Mr. Brobst a lawyer who had an office at 100 Washington street. Money was needed. So Mr. Brobst gave a promissory note, payable in ninety days. The note may have been for $800 or $1,000. Some time later Corbus went to him and said that he needed money to pay the expenses of himself and his sister in Benton Harbor and Berrien Springs, where valuable information needed in the case could be secured. He got $80. The case then came to my notice, and I called Corbus and Kelley to my office. I had heard that the former had bragged in a saloon at Thirty-fifth street and South Park avenue that they had just 'jollied a guy out of some coin.' They mentioned Mr. Brobst's name. This was on Sept. 3, 1898. When Corbus came to the office he was told that he would be given until the next day to bring back that note—this Sept. 15—or prosecution would begin. He asked for time, but next day the promissory note was brought back. He asked for more time in the matter, and was given two hours. Then the $80 was brought back."

Prisoner, Detectives, and $54.

Attorney G. Nat Reeves is wondering what became of $54 and a gold watch taken from Charles Wolff, who was arrested last February, charged with robbing a fellow-waiter at the saloon at Randolph and La Salle streets. Three detectives are charged with having settled the case, after Wolff's stepfather, who resides at Winfield, Ill., had been made to "pony up." Wolff's affidavit was presented before Captain Colleran last March, attested by Lieutenant Peter Joyce as "notary public," and then Chief Colleran insisted that "nothing could be done." Young Wolff's affidavit follows, in part, dated March 14, this year:

"That he is 20 years of age, and is now living at 31 West Polk street, City of Chicago. States that when he was arrested, on Feb. 12, by Officers Mackay, Quinn, and Fitzgerald, in Quincy No. 9,' a saloon in which he was employed as waiter, he had in a safety deposit box in the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank $50 and a gold watch, his property; that after being arrested the above-mentioned officers accompanied this affiant to said safety deposit box of this affiant, and had him abstract therefrom the said $50 and a gold watch, also $4 returned by the safety deposit company as rental under, making in total $54 and a gold watch, the property of this affiant, and the said officers did then and there take possession of the said money and watch.

Prisoner Free; Money Gone.

"States said officers then took him to the Harrison Street Station and said they would keep the money and watch for evidence. States that this money was not stolen, but money he had earned by working. States that the case was tried before Justice Prindiville, and one of the three officers said to the Judge, 'Your honor, we ask that this man be discharged, there is nothing to this case,' or words of similar import. I did not pay my lawyer anything as yet. The officers have the money now, so far as I can ascertain. I have never received a cent of the $54, and the watch has not been returned to me. They said they would give me the money and watch, but they have not yet done so."

This affidavit was sworn to before Lieutenant Joyce. Last April Attorney Reeves made a formal demand for the return of the money, but, he asserts, it has never been secured.

"I should have had the men involved arrested for compounding a felony," he said, "but I was put off by Captain Colleran and an Assistant City Prosecutor on the plea of 'wait until after election.'"

President Lindblom's Statement.

Of the inquiry as to Joyce, Tracy, and Cramer, which will begin on next Monday afternoon, President Lindblom issued a statement, part of which follows:

"As to the scope which the investigation may take, there can be no doubt. The law makes it obligatory upon the comission to 'investigate the conduct and actions of the appointees in the classified service.' The Police department is in this classified service, and having notice of irregularities in that service, it becomes our sworn duty to investigate, and we will not shirk this duty. It is due to the Police department that the aspersions thrown upon it be refuted, if false. It is due to the public that the guilty parties be exposed and corrupt practices corrected, if there be any."

The commission proposes to go farther, and amend its laws so that it can discipline employes who may be shown at fault as the result of investigation.

Say Long Trips Are Profitable.

That long trips to bring back prisoners were made by detectives to no purpose is shown by the Criminal Court records. In each case the State footed the big bill for requisition expenses. Comparison of the records at Springfield, following the discovery that $75.80 had been collected in the Larkin case, showed apparent irregularities in many requisition petitions. Now it is shown that expensive trips to various sections of the country have resulted in cases being promptly dropped soon after the expenses were collected.

Of thirty-eight fugitives brought back on requisitions between August, 1899, and December, 1900, failure to convict resulted in twenty-two cases. Twelve pleaded guilty of their own volition and got light jail or bridewell sentences. In each case of conviction it is noted that guilty pleas were entered by the defendants. Four cases are still pending and the defendants are running about on bail or have "jumped" the city. In several instances long chases to New York, Texas, or Montana resulted in "no bills" being returned by the grand jury or the cases being stricken off because there was not sufficient grounds for prosecution. In each case the State, however, was forced to pay heavy expense bills. The trips to New York to bring back a prisoner involve a cost of $171 each.

Costly Wild Goose Chases.

In the following twenty-two cases of nonconviction the expense to the State totaled more than $2,750. The results are set forth briefly as follows:

Harvey Pleagle, accused of larceny as bailee; petition for requisition filed Aug. 2, 1899; brought back from Cedar County, Ia.; order of nolle prosequi entered at trial.

James McGood, larceny; requisition asked Aug. 2, 1899; brought back from Jefferson County, Ky.; not guilty.

Charles Robinson, alias Charles T. Hart, larceny as bailee; requisition asked Sept. 7, 1899; brought back from Jackson County, Ia.; case stricken off Oct. 19, 1899.

James Coleman, larceny; brought back from New York City; requisition asked Sept. 19, 1899; case stricken off April, 1900.

Clarence Britton, arson; requisition asked Sept. 23, 1899; brought back from New York City; grand jury refused to indict.

James I. Rhea, confidence game; requisition asked Sept. 27, 1899; brought back from St. Louis; case stricken off.

Frank Carter, requisition asked Oct. 18, 1899; brought back from Washington, D. C.; case nolled.

Clair S. Bingham, obtaining goods by worthless draft; requisition asked Nov. 6, 1899; brought back from Macomb County, Mich.; stricken off.

Thomas F. Murth, extortion by threats; requisition asked Dec. 12, 1899; brought back from Montana; stricken off.

Daniel H. Reilly, larceny; requisition asked Dec. 29, 1899; brought back from Jackson County, Mo.; stricken off.

J. C. Martin, larceny; requisition asked Jan. 9, 1900; brought back from New York City; forfeited bail.

Edward Callahan, larceny; requisition asked Jan. 12, 1900; brought back from Jackson County, Mich.; stricken off.

Alexander H. Woolfolk, larceny; requisition asked Feb. 6, 1900; brought back from Dallas, Tex.; stricken off.

Louis Friedman, larceny; requisition asked March 20, 1900; brought back from Hudson County, N. J.; stricken off.

William J. Jauch, wife abandonment; requisition asked March 29, 1900; brought back from Waukesha, Wis.; stricken off.

Charles G. Patton, obtaining money by bogus check; requisition asked April 4, 1900; brought back from Franklin County, O.; grand jury returned "no bill."

Wiley Jenkins, larceny; requisition asked May 9, 1900; brought back from St. Louis; stricken off.

Mary Wilson, larceny; requisition asked May 17, 1900; brought back from St. Louis; stricken off.

Henry Fredrick, murder by arson; requisition asked June 18, 1900; brought back from New York City; grand jury returned "no bill."

Roland Taylor, larceny as bailee; requisition asked Sept. 19, 1900; brought back from Michigan; stricken off.

Harry Richman, larceny as bailee; requisition asked Oct. 12, 1900; brought back from Lucas County, O.; stricken off.

Earl Pierce, embezzlement and larceny; requisition asked Dec. 3, 1900; brought back from Elkhart, Ind.; stricken off.

Chased Far; Plead Guilty.

The results in the twelve cases where, after large requisition expenses were forced by the State, convictions were secured on pleas of guilty from each defendant follow:

D. Hexter, obtaining money by bogus check; brought back from Allamakee, Ia.; requisition asked Oct. 21, 1899; twenty-eight days in County Jail.

Louis Weinstein, larceny; requisition asked June 5, 1900; brought back from Lucas County, O.; nine months in House of Correction.

Harry Breyer, embezzlement; requisition asked May 14, 1900; brought back from New York City; four months in jail.

Charles Kath, embezzlement; requisition asked Nov. 20, 1899; brought back from Osceola County, Mich.; eight months in House of Correction.

Jessie Mills, larceny; requisition asked July 12, 1900; brought back from Jackson County, Mo.; one year in House of Correction and fined $100.

Robert Foote, larceny; requisition asked Sept. 19, 1899; brought back from Jefferson County, Ky.; two days in jail.

Charles Williams and Henry Kruger, larceny; requisition asked Oct. 1, 1900; brought back from Pulaski County, Ark.; six months in House of Correction for Williams; Kruger, not guilty.

Sherwell Kershaw, larceny; requisition asked Nov. 6, 1899; brought back from St. Louis; one year in House of Correction.

William Burroughs, alias William Lacey, larceny; requisition asked on March 27, 1900; brought back from Buchanan County, Mo.; one year in County Jail.

J. H. Williams, alias James H. Williamson, alias Harry Crane, confidence game; requisition asked on May 2, 1900; brought back from New York City; one year in County Jail.

Harry D. Bennett, larceny; requisition asked on March 24, 1900; brought back from Richmond County, N. Y.; one year in House of Correction and fine of $25.

Frederico M. Barrios, assault; requisition asked on Nov. 27, 1900; brought back from Buffalo, N. Y.; House of Correction on fine of $100.

Investigation of seventeen other cases for the same period fails to show any record whatever of the prisoners being disposed of by the Criminal Court authorities.

Bring Up McNichols Case.

Charges were made during the day that Captain Colleran had been lax in bringing back Eddie McNichols, recently wanted in Chicago on the charge of jury bribing, from New York City. It was said, too, that local detectives aided in settling cases against Mamie Scully and Tessie Hamilton, wanted in Boston for petty robberies, charges being made that $2,200 changed hands in the transaction.

Chief O'Neill had a lengthy conference with Colleran during the day.

"I only dropped in to see him," he insisted. "We didn't talk of matters of much importance."

As to alleged gambling in the down-town district the Chief declared that he had assigned men to investigate and that any games would be stopped. Following City Sealer Quinn's charges that crime has been protected on the North Side, Policeman Walley of the East Chicago Avenue Station was made the object of charges before the Police Trial board. He was acquitted, however.

CHORUS GIRL GETS $75,000 IN ENVELOPE.

MAIDIE STUART

From chorus girl in a summer opera company to mistress of $75,000 is a far cry, but it is exactly the good fortune that has fallen to Madie Stuart. Miss Stuart received the money all at once in a big Adams Express envelope on Saturday, and she could give up singing and dancing and live at ease the rest of her life if she wanted to. But she doesn't.

Miss Stuart lives with her mother and sister at 3642 Wabash avenue, and has helped out the slender family income by singing in the chorus of the Metropolitan opera company at Sunnyside Park. Two weeks ago she caught a severe cold and has been ill ever since. It distressed her to give up her position, not only because the income ceased, but for the reason that she was ambitious. In the midst of this trouble came the big envelope with $75,000 in it.

This is how it happened: Many years ago, when Maidie's father was living, he bought some property near Bakersfield, Cal. The land was practically worthless. When Mr. Stuart died he left these barren acres to his children, Maidie and Nina. They dutifully paid the taxes on it for several years, never dreaming that it would some day bring them a fortune.

A few months ago oil was struck near Bakersfield, and the result was a boom in the value of land. Attorney Edward O'Brien, 185 Dearborn street, was commissioned to dispose of the property, and in a short time he sold it for $150,000 cash. The money will be divided equally between Maidie and Nina.

Miss Stuart is only 18 years old and has been on the stage less than a year. She made her stage début with the Woodward stock company at Kansas City, her former home. In January the family moved to Chicago, and the young woman studied with dramatic and musical teachers. She had beauty and a fair voice, and soon obtained the offer of a position in the Metropolitan opera company.

Miss Stuart will devote a part of her money to educating herself, and will keep right on singing and dancing until she finds out what youth and beauty and wealth can do toward winning fame.

BURKE ROUTS AN ACCUSER

FORCES RETRACTION OF "TAX-FIXING" CHARGE.

Goes Before Board of Review in His War Paint, Taking with Him Byron L. White, Who Made the Charge, and Forces Latter to Say the Political Leader Is Not the Man Who Approached Him—Enters on Warpath, Departs in Peace.

Bedecked in war paint and feathers and accompanied by two of his braves, Robert E. Burke, Chicago's Democratic chief, swooped down on the Board of Review yesterday afternoon. With him were two brawny followers and Byron H. White, who had been "requested" by the great political sagamore to appear before the board and deny the hard things he had said about Burke the day previous in connection with an alleged attempt at "tax fixing."

"Hello, Bob, do you want a hearing?" called out Reviewer F. W. Upham when he recognised the Democratic leader pushing his way through a line of people awaiting their turn to have their protests against their assessments registered.

Wants a General Hearing.

"That is exactly what I want," replied Burke as he pushed White into the room before him. "I want a hearing and I want everybody to hear it, too," added the political boss.

In the meantime Burke's two companions, who appeared anxious to carry out their chief's "request," had taken their position behind White.

"This man here has charged me with soliciting $50 from him in consideration of a promise to 'fix his taxes,'" declared Burke, punctuating his remarks with a rap on the table with his fist.

"Did you state in this room yesterday that you had been visited by me and that I had asked you to give me $50 and for that sum I would see that your assessment was fixed," he demanded, turning to White.

"Yes, I made a statement to that effect," replied White.

"Do you repeat it?"

"No, I guess I was mistaken."

How Burke Was Cleared.

"Did you ever see me before?" insisted Burke.

"I don't know that I ever did," was the answer.

"You ought to be kicked—well kicked," began Burke, with rising anger. "You ought to be kicked out of this room. Now, then, I will keep you jumping for a while."

So wrought up did the usually cool and deliberate Burke become that Reviewer Upham made a move as if to step between the two men. After he had had his "hearing" and had been exonerated from all the mean charges the Democratic boss returned to the City Hall accompanied by his faithful followers.

White, who is a commission dealer at 68 Canal street, in the course of a protest against an assessment of $25,000 on Monday had charged Burke with asking $50 for "fixing his assessment."

FINDS CURE FOR EPILEPSY.

Professor French Secures Result Bearing Out His Discovery of Parasite Causing the Disease.

Carbondale, Ill., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Professor George H. French of the State Normal University of this city announced over one year ago the discovery of a parasite which caused epilepsy. The announcement was generally discredited among medical men and remained so until several demonstrations of his theory proved the possibility of his discovery. Cases were brought to the professor's attention from all parts of the United States. A Miss Crane of Tamara, sister of an alumnus of the school, began a course of treatment under the professor's direction and is now nearly cured, so much so that a return of the disease is not considered probable. She has been afflicted for over thirteen years and has long since been pronounced by medical men as beyond cure. Professor French is rapidly developing his treatment, and when completed will give his discovery free to the world. He is widely known as an author on zoology and is a member of several foreign scientific societies.

STOLEN SILVER GIVEN TO BRIDE.

Part of $1,600 Worth Found at Ed M. Collum's House, Johnson Street.

THEFT ON WEDDING DAY.

Groom Among Three Men Arrested on Charge of This and Other Cases.

WOMEN FORFEIT BAIL BONDS

A romance figured in the theft of $1,600 worth of silver from the Towle Manufacturing company, according to the police. The silver was recovered yesterday, most of it from a storage-house at Halsted and Monroe streets. A small portion of it was found at the residence of Edward McCullom, 330 Johnson street, where, the police say, McCullum had left it as a present to his wife, whom he married on the night that the silverware was stolen. All was taken by the police to the Central Station. McCullom recently returned from the Philippines, where he was a United States soldier.

The silverware disappeared on Aug. 9. It was loaded on a large truck. The matter was reported to the police, and the empty wagon was found some time later. This case is charged by the police to the three men who were arrested on Monday—Henry Daly, Frank Reynolds, and Edward McCullom. A charge of grand larceny has been made against them.

Some $2,000 worth of men's furnishing goods were recovered on Monday in a barn at 116 Aberdeen street, where, the police say, the three prisoners had stored it.

On Monday night it was erroneously reported by the City Press association that the stolen goods were recovered in a barn at 115 Aberdeen street. The structure at this number is occupied by Henry Bowditch, a carpenter and builder, who knew nothing whatever of the affair, and, of coruse, is perfectly innocent of any connection with it. The barn in which the alleged fence was found is across the street from Bowditch's home.

Forfeit Bond in McCulloch Case.

Mrs. Genevieve Davidson, 619 West Sixty-ninth street, and Alice F. Cahill, 8459 Rhodes avenue, who were arrested, charged with being accessories to the robbery of diamonds valued at $1,500 from Mrs. Charles McCulloch of Fort Wayne, Ind., failed to appear before Justice Underwood, and their bonds of $300 were declared forfeited. The police are now concentrating their energies in looking for Mrs. Belle Dunn, to whom, it is believed, Peardon gave the jewels.

Champ Lane, one of the proprietors of the Bank saloon, 2128 State street, was arrested on a charge of larceny. Mrs. Grace Kohn, the widow of a merchant of Kansas City, claims to have been drugged and robbed of $1,500 worth of jewels in the resort Monday night. Detectives O'Connell and Bailey went to the saloon, and in the safe the jewels were found in an envelope bearing Mrs. Kohn's name. Lane said his only motive in taking the jewels was to protect the woman from robbery.

Children Accused of a Holdup.

Four youthful highwaymen, none over 3½ feet in height and armed with revolvers, held up 13-year-old Richard Traher at Polk street and Blue Island avenue and took 50 cents from him at 8 o'clock in the evening in view of half a hundred persons. The police arrested Michael Dwyer, Frank Murphy, and William Reilly, 13, 14, and 15 years old respectively. Reilly was held to the Criminal Court and the others to the Juvenile Court.

Adam and Emma Weir Arrested.

After keeping clear of the police for some time Adam and Emma Weir, well known characters, were again arrested yesterday afternoon as they were leaving the store of the Taylor Dry Goods company, 1008 West Lake street. When searched a silk waist and a bolt of cloth were found in their possession. They will have a hearing on Aug. 28.

HULL HOUSE TEACHER IS WED.

Miss Mary Hill Marries Gerard Swope in Clearing in Woods of Mackinac Island

A marriage ceremony in the clearing in the woods of Mackinac Island about Sugar Loaf Rock was performed yesterday noon uniting Miss Mary Hill, a teacher in Hull House in Chicago, and Gerard Swope, an electrician of St. Louis. The novel idea for the scene of a wedding was carried out at the request of the bride, who wished the simplest ceremony possible. A wedding dinner was served at the Old Mission House to about twenty guests. Miss Hill is a graduate of Bryn Mawr and has for the last four years taught the study of textiles among women of different nationalities seeking to perpetuate old-time weaving and spinning. Miss Jane Addams and Miss Maud Gernon of Hull House attended the open air ceremony.

WILL SEARCH RUINS FOR DEAD.

Six Known to Have Perished in Herkimer Disaster—Shock of Explosion Felt Miles Away.

Little Falls, N. Y., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Six are known to have been killed in the explosion of dynamite which wrecked the roundhouse at Herkimer last night and it is feared a search of the ruins may add to the list.

Several members of the railroad bridge gang are reported missing. Four of the men killed were spectators watching the fire.

The roundhouse was practically leveled to the ground and the engines housed there are now torn and twisted scrap heaps. The shock was distinctly heard and felt here, fifteen miles from Herkimer, and at Utica there was a noticeable rumble and trembling of the earth.

A number of men, women and children who resided near were injured by the shock, several of them seriously. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

Twenty-five houses are practically in ruins, several of them having been turned around completely on their foundations.

WARRANT FOR MRS. CUPPLES.

St. Louis Woman Now Charged with Murder in First Degree in Connection with E. A. Alexander's Death.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 20.—Because of new evidence discovered in connection with the death of Edward A. Alexander of North Vernon, Ind., who is said to have died while in this city from the effects of morphine procured for Mrs. Mary Cupples, whom he was in love with, the Prosecuting Attorney today issued a new warrant, charging that woman with murder in the first degree.

The evidence is a beer bottle said to contain morphine, found in a room occupied by the Cupples woman, who is under arrest.

Moses Alexander, who is a prominent merchant of North Vernon, Ind., has employed former Governor Charles P. Johnson to conduct the prosecution, and he says that no expense will be spared to lay bare all of the facts connected with his son's death.

Boy Falls from Train and Dies.

John Schmacker, 16 years old, fell from a west-bound Baltimore and Ohio railroad train near Brinson, Ind., yesterday and was fatally hurt. He was placed on a passenger train and was taken to South Chicago. The police then took him to the South Chicago Hospital, where he died. His body was taken to Griesel's morgue, 3128 Commercial avenue.

HEIRESS SAID TO BE BAD SHOT AND COOK.

MISS ANNA MORGAN

Glenwood Springs, Colo., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—One of the guides who have been piloting the party hunting in the White River country, of which Miss Anna Morgan, the daughter of J. Pierpont Morgan, is a member, has returned to Glenwood Springs for supplies.

The guide is outspoken in his opinion regarding the prowess of the Easterners as hunters of big game, and says they ought to practice in a shooting gallery before attempting to bring down a deer.

"Only the other day," said he, "Miss Morgan failed to hit a deer at close range, although she shot at the animal three times. I was considerably exasperated, but she had buck ague, and we'll let it pass.

"But wasting ammunition is not the only diversion of the women of the party. They all take turns in playing camp cook. Some do fairly well, too," continued the guide, "but some—well, no wonder so many men have indigestion.

"The other day, Saturday, I think it was, Miss Morgan volunteered to bake pancakes for breakfast. Just imagine an heiress to millions and millions, who probably never did a day's work in her life, rolling up her sleeves and mixing dough. She first dug deep into the flour sack for the flour, which she placed in a large pan. Next she beat up the eggs, and then added milk and baking powder.

"Then she grasped a big spoon and began to stir the whole vigorously. After she had got the batter to what she thought was the proper consistency, she greased a skillet and began to bake. She was somewhat flushed and nervous by this time, as the crucial test was about to come."

Here the guide stopped talking and a smile spread over his countenance.

"Well, Captain, were the cakes good?" asked one of his listeners, a well-known Philadelphia lawyer.

"I can't say as to that," replied the guide. "No one volunteered to tackle them, although Miss Morgan offered a substantial prize to any one who would eat three of them. I guess the party was not hankering after pancakes that morning."

SMALL SUM KILLS LOVE

GROOM FINDS $2.70 A WEEK BURDENSOME AND LEAVES.

Bride Has Him Arrested and Throws Engagement and Wedding Rings Down in Court, Saying She Gives Up Man Who Objects to Such Light Household Expenses — Romance of Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Brady of Evanston.

After having her husband arrested for abandonment Mrs. Lawrence Brady of Evanston, a bride of two months, threw her wedding and engagement rings at him in the justice court yesterday and announced that her next business was with a tribunal having power to grant divorces. Then she returned with her father to the Indiana farm she left last June.

Brady, who is said to earn $4 or $5 a day in the La Bahn brick yard, appeared before Justice Ely wearing a frock coat and creased trousers, but it seemed from testimony that his reason for leaving his wife was that he objected to paying $2.70 a week for household expenses.

Pretends to Go West.

He pretended to leave for California last Saturday to seek a position. He kissed his wife good-by and promised to write every day. On Sunday Mrs. Brady's neighbors called on her. They said Brady had told them that he was going away to stay because he found keeping house too expensive. They even told the bride that Brady had asked them to tell her all about it—after he had gone.

Mrs. Brady reported to the Evanston police and her husband's trunk was traced to a rooming-house on Forty-eighth place, near Halsted street, where he was arrested. In court Brady offered to give his wife $25 cash and $3 a week, but she refused to trust him again. Then she threw the rings at the prisoner and left the courtroom.

Daughter of Indiana Farmer.

Mrs. Brady is the daughter of John Kiken, a farmer near Goodland, Ind. She first met Brady when he was employed as a machinist at Harvey last summer. At that time she was visiting her sister, Mrs. Charles Visbeek. On June 7 last they were married at the Goodland homestead. The next day they went to Evanston to live. All went well until two weeks ago, when Mrs. Brady made her first visit home to help her mother cook for the harvesters. Brady meditated during her absence, and concluded that the benefits of married life were out of proportion to its expense of $2.70 a week.

DEATH MESSAGE MYSTERY GIVES WORRY TO PARENTS.

Telegram Thought Bogus Announces to Mr. and Mrs. Cantion, 189 North Morgan Street, Fatal Accident to Son.

A mysteriously delivered telegram announcing a fatal accident to their son John, who had left home after a disagreement with his father earlier in the evening, gave Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Cantion much anxiety early this morning. The telegram read:

"Mrs. Cantion, 189 North Morgan street: Your son was killed while leaving the car for Hammond. Don't know where body is.

"CITY INSPECTOR QUINN."

The message was on a Western Union blank, and was delivered at 1 o'clock this morning. Mrs. Cantion read the message, then became hysterical, and when her husband reached her side the messenger had gone.

Mr. Cantion hurried to the West Chicago Avenue Police Station and learned that the police had no report of any accident. Then he telephoned to the South Chicago and Hammond police, but at 2 o'clock had received no information. He told the police that his son, John, who is 20 years old, had gone away, saying he was going to his aunt, Mrs. Peter Sheehan, in Hammond. The father did not know the woman's address.

At the Western Union telegraph office it was said that no such message as that described had been received there. This leads to the conclusion that some person secured the telegraph blank and envelope and delivered a bogus message.

CATCH WOMAN AND HORSE

DETECTIVES HAVE HARD CHASE, USING TROLLEY CAR.

Hearing Rig Was Stolen from in Front of Ferris Wheel Park, They Pursue One Being Drawn North in Evanston Avenue Rapidly — Fugitive Taken Denies Any Theft, but Is Locked Up When Owner of Animal Appears and Identifies It.

After a chase in Evanston avenue on an electric car, Sheffield avenue detectives captured a woman who was accused of stealing a horse and buggy from in front of Ferris Wheel Park.

Detectives Sheehan and Driscoll were riding in a south-bound Clark street cable train when they heard a man telling a friend that he had just seen a woman take a horse at the park. The detectives jumped from the car and started after the woman. At the limits barn they caught a north-bound Evanston car and asked the motorman to put on extra speed. Their request was compiled with and they caught the fugitive at Halsted street.

The woman was taken to the station where she protested to Captain Schuettler that she had bought the horse and buggy from a man at the park. She said her name was Emma B. Hall and that she lived in Sixty-fifth street.

Frank Morrison, 531 Sheffield avenue, appeared and said the horse and buggy belonged to him. The woman was booked on a charge of larceny.

WOLVERINES HAVE THEIR DAY.

Governor Bliss and Other Michigan Leaders Participate in Exposition Exercises at Buffalo.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 20.—This was Michigan day at the Pan-American Exposition, the exercises being held in the Temple of Music. They were opened by George H. Barbour, chairman of the Michigan commission to the exposition. After regrets had been read from many notable persons, Governor Aaron T. Bliss made an address. In the absence of Director General Buchanan, Herbert P. Bissell of this city delivered an address, paying his compliments to the citizens of Michigan.

Governor Bliss apologized for the absence of Russell A. Alger, who, he said, was sick and unable to be present.

Addresses were then delivered by Mayor William C. Maybury of Detroit, Gerritt Dickema of Holland, Mich., General Henry M. Duffield of Detroit, and Dr. Addis Albro of Orchard Lake Academy. Miss Lizzie Emery rendered patriotic selections and Homer Warren sang "The Sword of Bunker Hill."

WEATHER IS TO BE WARMER.

Temperature Is Gradually Rising and the Winds Will Veer to the South.

The end of the cool spell which has made August pleasant for Chicagoans is in sight, according to the latest data gathered at the Weather bureau. The area of high pressure which stood over the lakes has now moved to New England and is centered over Boston. The high pressure has kept the temperature low, and its removal will be followed by more heat. Today and tomorrow promise to be generally fair, though light showers are probable this evening. The winds will be warm, veering from east to south.

DRIVER KILLED BY LIVE WIRE.

Then Car Strikes Ambulance Going to Attend Him, Injuring Four, at Wilmington, Del.

Wilmington, Del., Aug. 20.—Harry Johnson, colored, a driver of a coal wagon, last night raised his arm to brush away a wire that was hanging in the street. It was a "live" wire, and Johnson was instantly killed. The Phoenix ambulance was called to attend Johnson, and while responding was struck by a trolley car and the four men comprising the ambulance corps were badly injured.

No Hope for Nordstrom.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 20.—Charles W. Nordstrom will in all probability be hanged in the garret of the Kings County Courthouse next Friday for the murder of Willie Mason nearly ten years ago. James Hamilton Lewis, counsel for the prisoner, failed to secure a stay of proceedings from Judge Bell of the Superior Court today and the question is not appealable. Nordstrom, for the first time in his ten years' imprisonment, broke down and wept today.

PASTORS CONDEMN PARKHURST PLAN

President of the Anti-Saloon League Would Employ Children as Aids.

MEETS STRONG CENSURE.

Brother Clergymen Declare Against Use of Juvenile Spies in Liquor Fight.

DONS A POLICEMAN'S STAR.

An eventful day was yesterday for the Rev. M. M. Packhurst, President of the Anti-Saloon league. It became known that he was a Chicago policeman and had donned a star. In addition to this, he incurred the severe censure of the leading clergymen of the city, all between daylight and dark. The censure was most unexpected. It came as the immediate result of the announcement by Dr. Parkhurst of a cherished plan to turn all the Sunday school children of Chicago into what some brother clergymen called "spies" to help his league combat the saloons.

In brief, the plan, as announced by Dr. Parkhurst is that each Sunday school boy and girl shall keep close watch of all the other little boys and girls he or she knows, and when one of them induces a saloonkeeper to sell him (or her) a drink of rum or a pitcher of beer, shall immediately report the fact, with substantiating details as to place and time to the society's headquarters.

"There are few of the children who do not know some boy who is in the habit of buying liquor at a saloon," reasoned Dr. Parkhurst, "and it will be easy for them to watch and find out when he gets it and report. Then we can prosecute the saloonkeeper and stop the terrible practice."

Clergymen Censure Plan.

But even from Dr. Parkhurst's own church, the Methodist Episcopal, there was an immediate remonstrance. It came from the Rev. Thomas K. Gale of the Sacramento Avenue Church.

"The Methodist brethren will never allow little children to be turned into spies in such a way," he declared. "I have not words strong enough to censure such a proposition. I admit the selling of liquor to minors should be stopped. We are all eager to stop it, but it is work for men, not for babes. We must not turn innocent children into spies and set them watching the saloons."

The Rev. Edward A. Larrabee, rector of the Episcopal Church of the Ascension, was even more strenuous in his denunciation. "Tattle-tales," was his first word when the plan was explained to him. In the second he gave it the word contained a volume of meaning and an abundance of contempt. It summed up his first idea of the scheme.

"Why, that will draw the attention of innocent children," he said, "to the thing we want them to keep away from and to know little about. Curiosity is a powerful motive in humankind, and we should not arouse too much of it in children. This selling of liquor to minors is a constantly growing evil. It should be strongly combated. I have thought often of how best to do it, and if I have come to no other conclusion it is that the work is work for men and not for children. I see nothing good in Mr. Parkhurst's plan whatever."

Condemns Tale Telling.

Equally strong censure was given by the Rev. Dr. Blossom, assistant rector of St. James' Episcopal, who is in charge of the North Side church during the absence of the Rev. J. S. Stone. "Spying," said he, in an accent of scorn. "Why the very word condemns the plan. A boy who will spy on a companion at a saloon today and run and tell about it will spy on a companion in school tomorrow and run and tell the teacher. When he does that he will be a 'tattle-tale' and will be ostracized by his companions. We have no business to set children watching for and thinking of evil under any consideration. We should keep their minds from it. But to set them to tell on each other is horrible."

Studying a Policeman's Duty.

When the Rev. Mr. Parkhurst hitched his project to a star he took as companions in the astronomical venture G. W. Graham, his legal agent, Samuel Pickel, and Joseph Willhoff. All are empowered to pry about and prowl to their heart's content wherever they suspect a saloonkeeper of breaking the law, and when they detect him they may hale him off to a dungeon, there to lie until released by due process of law. That is all provided for in the little book of rules, "How to Be a Copper," which Mr. Parkhurst is busy studying. Mr. Graham needs no such instruction, having traveled the beat long before he took to the law for a living.

The appointment of the men was at the suggestion of Mayor Harrison, to whom Mr. Parkhurst had appealed for assistance. The Mayor told him to get a star and be sworn in and do his own assisting, which the President of the anti-saloon league decided to do.

WARNS DOG POISONERS BY POSTING PLACARD.

E. Lehman Adopts Unique Plan for Announcing His Opinion of Person Who Killed Valuable Terrier and Pug.

E. Lehman, who lives at Hamilton avenue and Deming court, has adopted a novel method announcing to the public his opinion of dog poisoners. The deaths of a valuable fox terrier and highly prized pug, after Mr. Lehman had been warned of their approaching doom, resulted in his posting a large placard in his yard which bears the following inscription beneath a skull and crossbones:

Anybody who poisons dogs would steal horses, and you know what they do with horse thieves.

The placard was put on a fence in the rear yard, and persons in the Deming flats could read the card plainly. Persons living in this building, assert Lehman, has intimated the guilty party lives there.

One of Lehman's friends informed him several weeks ago that an attempt would be made to poison his dogs, and for several days Lehman kept a close guard. Last week he relaxed his vigilance, and the next morning he found the fox terrier dead. On the following day the pug died, and Lehman at once went to the police station and demanded protection for his remaining dogs.

After several days passing without any arrests being made Lehman concluded that he would give all dog poisoners a warning in his own way, and so he posted the placard. Last night he called on Captain Schuettler and informed the Chief that he had heard an attempt was to be made on the lives of his remaining dogs. Two extra patrolmen were detailed to guard the Lehman residence during the night.

FOUR CHILDREN ARE BURNED.

Currie, Minn., Farmer's Home Burns—Three Little Ones Dead and Another Is Dying.

Currie, Minn., Aug. 20.—Three children of P. Byrne, living near this place, were burned to death, and a fourth is dying, as the result of a fire which destroyed the home today. The parents were working in the harvest field when the fire broke out, and were unable to reach the house in time to save their little ones.

REBELS TELL OF FIERCE BATTLES.

Agents of the South American Revolutionists Arrive in New York.

SAY CAUSE IS GAINING.

Attempt to Unite Three Republics Under One Government May Yet Succeed.

URIBE-URIBE MAY BE DEAD.

New York, Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Secret agents of the revolutionists who are seeking by force to unite Colombia, Venezuela, Ecuador, Bolivia, and other South American Republics in a greater Colombia arrived in this city today on the steamships Athos, Adirondack, Orizaba, and Maracaibo, from different ports.

These men brought word of the spread of the insurrection and of battles, but no tidings of the whereabouts, if alive, of General Uribe-Uribe, who is known as the head of the revolutionary movement. He was reported to have been killed in the fight at San Cristobal on July 25, and many of his supporters here now fear that the news of his death is true.

American Seamen for Gunboat.

The government of Colombia is engaging American seamen as officers in its navy. On board the steamship Finance, which has just sailed for Colon, were Joseph A. Merritt and John Grandal, who have been engaged as first and second officers respectively. They will be assigned to duty on the gunboat General Pinson, which was formerly James Gordon Bennett's steam yacht Namouna and recently was purchased in England for $400,000.

The British officers refused to serve on the vessel after they delivered the yacht at Panama. Then General Carlos Alban, Governor of the Department of Panama, commissioned Captain Sukefort of the steamship Advance to secure Americans capable of filling the places.

Castro Announces Victory.

Copies of President Castro's official organ published at Caracas, which were brought here on the Maracaibo today, contain a proclamation from the President, in which he calls on the "Venezuelan patriots" to "rejoice as our flag streams in triumph over the Colombian frontier—the enemy has fled—victory is ours. On the field of battle fell 800 bodies of the rebels, their artillery abandoned, many taken prisoners, and their banners torn."

This proclamation was issued after the battle of San Cristobal and is dated Aug. 8. Of the same date and at the same place (San Cristobal) another proclamation issued by General Celestine Castro reads in part:

"General Gonzales Valencia has returned to invade us by the way of San Pedro, probably, although he has concealed his movement as much as possible. Thinking that possibly his advance might be on Colon (Trachon), I gave orders to General Ruben Castro, in order that with his battalion he might meet the enemy at La Cumbre, where I suppose the enemy would have made their advance. In reality, since midnight there was no skirmish and we have received the enemy. It takes no means to drive back the enemy with all the abundance and energy of our characters. But in every case you must hope that we will fulfill our duty."

Martial Law Continues.

Henry Willis Deain, counsel for one of the asphalt companies, who arrived today on the Maracaibo, discussing the situation in Venezuela, said:

"Caracas is quiet. Everything is proceeding as usual. The guarantees of the constitution have, however, been suspended on account of the invasion of Venezuelan soil, according to information received by President Castro to that effect. War bulletins are issued at frequent intervals.

"General Castro in an interview on Aug. 10 told me that he had a force of 10,000 men at San Cristobal, commanded by his brother, Celestino Castro, and that he had 70,000 other troops in the three border States. He said that no option was left to him in the matter; that he must protect Venezuela. Martial law exists in these three States, Merida, Trujillo, and Tachira.

"I am not aware that Dr. Rice, the Colombian Minister, in leaving the legation in the hands of the American Charge d'Affaire, had either demanded or received his passports. I know, however, that he felt it was impossible for him to remain longer, and he went with the purpose of communicating with his government.

Quits Cabinet Because of War.

"General Pulido, the ex-Minister of War, who was replaced by General Guerra in the early part of August, left the Cabinet because he could not approve of the war with Colombia."

"My source of information as to the reported Colombian invasion is the statement made by General Castro as above. The impression I received from my interview with President Castro was that he was fully determined to continue administering the affairs of Venezuela along the aggressive lines indicated by his recent actions."

Battleship Iowa Sails.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 20.—The battleship Iowa sailed this afternoon for Panama.

Alabama at Newport News.

Newport News, Va., Aug. 20.—The battleship Alabama of the North Atlantic squadron arrived in Hampton Roads at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Colombia Denies Invasion.

COLON, Colombia, Aug. 20.—Dr. Rico, Colombian Minister to Venezuela, published a letter while in Curacao denying the assertion of President Castro that Colombia had invaded Venezuela. In the course of the letter he declared emphatically that General Rangel Garbiras, who is a Venezuelan, was the chief invader, and that it need surprise no one if he were aided by a few insurgent Colombians under the direction of General Uribe-Uribe.

Dr. Luis Deroud, one of the commissioners for defining the boundaries with Venezuela, has arrived at the fathmus.

The Chinese assert that among the raiders at Emperador Station last Saturday night were several negroes from Jamaica, who, after flogging Chinese traders, demanded and obtained $300.

Exchange at Barranquille is rising by leaps and bounds. An American dollar is now equivalent to $41 in Colombian paper money.

WAGNER THEATER IS OPENED.

Audience of Specially Invited Guests at Munich Enthusiastic Over Initial Performance.

MUNICH, Aug. 20.—The opening of the new Wagner Theater, constructed to carry out the ideals of the great composer for the production of his operas, took place tonight in the presence of a brilliant audience of specially invited guests. The greatest enthusiasm was displayed.

PARIS TO WELCOME CZAR.

FRENCH PEOPLE PLEASED BY RUSSIAN'S VISIT.

Reception for Ruler Already Being Planned — Only Drop of Bitterness Lies in Fact That He Will First See German Emperor — The Foreign Office Has No News of the Reported Meeting of the Sovereigns at Kiel.

PARIS, Aug. 20.—Parisians were delighted today by the announcement that the Czar of Russia has accepted President Loubet's invitation to witness the close of the grand maneuvers at Rheims. It also is said that the Czarina will accompany the Czar during his visit to France.

There is a drop of bitterness, however, mingled in the cup of joy, and that is, that the Czar will stop on his way for the purpose of seeing Emperor William of Germany. But the papers are consoling the Parisians with assertions that the interview between the Czar and Emperor William will take place at sea, off Dantzic, so the Czar will not set foot on German soil before treading that of France.

The Temps says the visit was personally arranged between President Loubet and the Czar through the intermediary of a Russian court official.

Three Monarchs Not to Meet.

The Temps says the Foreign office has no news of an intended meeting of the Czar, Emperor William, and King Edward at Kiel on Sept. 7, as telegraphed from Berlin. The Foreign office thinks it can even deny the truth of the story.

The papers are already publishing elaborate so-called officials programs of the visit of the Czar, but it is learned from the Foreign office here that these are largely imaginary, as even the exact dates of the arrival and departure of the Czar are not fixed. The only thing certain is that he will arrive between Sept. 15 and Sept. 20. He will remain four or five days, and will join the Czarina, who will come by the land route to Compiegne, to which place he will proceed from Rheims, where he and President Loubet will review the troops, about Sept. 19.

The officials of the Foreign office intimate that the exact dates are purposely withheld, in order to prevent the plotting of Anarchists and others.

Will Learn Republic's Strength.

The Eclair is radiant over the approaching visit of the Czar. It says:

"At Chalons he saw 60,000 of our army. At Rheims he will see 125,000. He will judge our military system as a consecration of the alliance."

It is expected that the Czar's visit will last from Sept. 17 to Sept. 22.

HEED LI HUNG CHANG'S PLEA.

Representatives of Powers Omit Mention of Forts in Protocol to Please the Chinese Statesman.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PEKIN, Aug. 20.—The omission from the peace settlement protocol of a provision for the destruction of the Chinese forts was due chiefly to Li Hung Chang's protests. He represented that it would be a great disgrace to himself, who had built the forts, to sign an agreement for their destruction. Moreover, he might be punished therefor.

The omission in nowise affects the destruction of the forts, which will be carried out on the ground of military necessity.

The clerical work of preparing copies of the protocol is likely to delay the signing for a few days.

New British Troops Arrive.

The British troops who have been here since last year are leaving and are being relieved by new commands. Three companies of the Fourteenth Sikhs and a battalion of the Sixth Burmah have arrived. Colonel Cary replaces Colonel Alexander as commander in Pekin.

The failure of the British to evacuate Pekin annoys the Chinese officials. They alone refuse to permit Yuan Shih Kai's troops to enter Pekin, though only two of the twelve proposed posts are within the former British section.

Court's Delay Is Explained.

The Chinese officials confess that the reason given for the court's delay in returning to Pekin is a mere pretext. The excuse offered recently has been the bad condition of the roads, the heat, the infirmity of the Dowager Empress, and the desire to celebrate her birthday at Kaifong-Fu. The real reason is because the powers are retaining supremacy in Pekin and vicinity and the evacuation has not been accomplished.

The Chinese censors are becoming obstructionists. They have sent several memorials to the throne especially denouncing the Chinese for assisting foreigners, who thought their aid necessary in the administration of the affairs of Pekin.

Germans Hold University.

TIEN TSIN, Aug. 20.—The American Minister, Mr. Conger, is urging Washington's attention to the persistent occupation of Tien Tsin University by the Germans, who refuse to vacate the building or pay rent, thereby preventing Dr. Tenney from continuing his educational work, which the Chinese desire him to resume.

DIVING BOATS NEARLY READY.

Builders Describe the Submarine Fighting Craft Soon to Be Added to the British Navy.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Vickers' Sons & Maxim, who are building five submarine torpedo boats for the British navy, give the following particulars in regard to the vessels, which will be launched soon:

They will be 62½ feet long, 11½ feet beam, and will have a displacement of 120 tons, when submerged. They will be propelled by a 160 horse-power gasoline engine when on the surface and storage battery when submerged. Each boat will carry a fuel supply that will enable it to steam 400 knots, at a surface speed of nine knots, and seven knots when submerged. The armament will consist of one torpedo tube at the extreme end of the bow, two feet underneath the water line.

Each boat will carry five torpedoes 11½ feet long. The engines and the automatic moving rudders will prevent the boats from inclining at angles while diving and rising, will keep them submerged as long as desired, and will bring the vessels to a horisontal position when submerged.

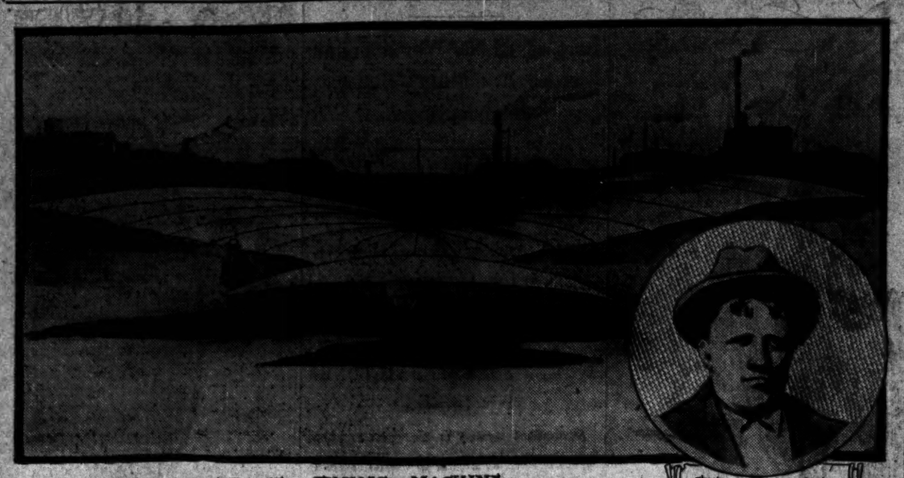
The official trial will consist of a run of ten knots on the surface and two knots submerged.

TOWN BURNED BY INCENDIARY.

Five Hundred Houses Destroyed in Grand Bourg, Leaving 4,000 Persons Homeless—Aid Needed.

ST. LOUIS, Island of Marie Galante, French West Indies, Aug. 20.—The fire which nearly destroyed Grand Bourg, the principal town of this island (having a population of about 15,000 persons), started yesterday. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin, due to malevolence. All the public buildings, except the church, prison, and headquarters of the gendarmerie, were destroyed, as were 500 houses, before the flames were extinguished. From 3,000 to 4,000 persons are without shelter and suffering from want of food. The Governor of Guadeloupe, Joseph Francois, has chartered the steamer Hortense, which left that island yesterday, with the first relief supplies of food and money. Public subscriptions are being organized at Guadeloupe. The loss sustained is estimated at over $200,000.

GUSTAVE WHITEHEAD'S AIRSHIP, WHICH SOARS LIKE A BIRD.



REAR VIEW OF FLYING MACHINE.

While M. Santos-Dumont, the Brazilian, is repairing his dirigible balloon in Paris, Gustave Whitehead, a Connecticut inventor, is bidding for aeronautical honors with an airship with wings that soars like a bird. Mr. Whitehead has made several experimental trips, it is claimed, with a certain amount of success and without an accident. His longest flight up to date was half a mile at an elevation of fifty feet from the ground. The airship is certainly a queer looking bird. It acts as strangely as it looks. It can run along the ground at thirty miles an hour, and when the operator wants to travel through the air all he has to do is to make sure he is carrying enough accident insurance, pull a throttle, and hold fast while the machine opens its wings, flaps them, and darts upward.

Mr. Whitehead lives at Bridgeport, Conn. He has been an assistant to Professor Langley of the Smithsonian Institution and of Professor Andree. He was assisted in his invention by W. D. Custead of Waco, Conn. Andrew Cellie and James Dickie are his financial backers.

While Mr. Whitehead has demonstrated that his airship can fly, he does not claim that it can be made a commercial success. On the other hand, Inventor Custead claims he has an airship which can be made valuable for business purposes. Custead claims to have the most feasible form of airship, but he lacks a generator that is sufficiently light. By a combination of Custead's airship and Whitehead's generator the inventors believe that the best airship yet devised will result.

This new generator promises great things if the claims of the inventor are fulfilled. He says it is capable of producing enormous power. Whitehead claims that his motor will decrease by 75 per cent the weight of any motor at present in use. The complete motive power, including generator and engine, will weigh about five pounds to the horse-power. This includes fuel for twenty hours.

Whitehead's flying machine is about sixteen feet long and its general appearance is that of a huge bat. From each side of the body there are wings made of bamboo poles and covered with muslin. These wings are thirty-six feet from tip to tip. There is also a steering apparatus. There are two engines, one of ten horse-power, to run the machine along the ground, and the other of twenty horse-power, used to work the propellers in flying. Mr. Custead's airship is in Waco, Tex., where its inventor originally lived.

PORTE YIELDS TO THREAT.

TURKEY FINALLY ARRANGES TO SETTLE WITH FRANCE.

Statement by Ambassador Constans That Diplomatic Relations Would Be Broken Off Unless Agreement Was Reached at Once Brings the Sultan to Time—Paris Hears That Representative in Constantinople Is Insulted—Kaiser Not Asked to Mediate.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 20.—It is definitely known in Constantinople that the Sultan's compliance with the French claims regarding the concessions to the French Claims company and the French bankers followed a demand on the part of M. Constans and a threat to break off diplomatic relations with the Porte unless the Sultan's promises were fulfilled by noon of Aug. 19.

French Ambassador Insulted.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Aug. 21, 3 a. m.—The Temps declares that M. Constans, the French Ambassador at Constantinople, has been insulted by the Porte, and that the situation has taken a bad turn.

Kaiser Not to Be Mediator.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

COLOGNE, Aug. 20.—The Gazette, whose utterances are considered semi-official, today declares there is no foundation for the report that Emperor William has been asked to act as mediator in settling the dispute between France and Turkey over the Constantinople quays.

TRAVEL IN THE NATIVE BOATS.

Philippine Commissioners Have a Novel Experience in Making a Landing at Laoag, Ilicos.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LAOAG, Ilocos, North Luzon, Aug. 20.—The Philippine commissioners arrived here after a rather lively experience in landing on this coast. They were compelled to land in native boats at the mouth of the Laoag River, and in passing through the surf all in the party were drenched.

The commissioners received an unusual reception, some of the delegates welcoming them having traveled forty miles through mountainous country. There are no signs of hostility to the Americans in the province.

The inhabitants have been struggling with the most tangled politics. The military authorities advocated the appointment of an American for Governor of the province, but they were opposed by a number of the delegates, who urged the appointment of a native. Among those supporting the contention for a native Governor was a faction led by ex-Bishop Agilpay. The commission appointed the candidate of the military authorities, but all the other officials appointed are natives with the exception of Lieutenant Carrie, who was appointed Treasurer.

Iloilo Does Not Fear Famine.

MANILA, Aug. 20.—The fears expressed here of a famine in Iloilo are not taken seriously by the authorities, and the offer of the Manila papers to start subscriptions has been declined. The government already has advanced $25,000 in gold for Iloilo for public works, to tide over the difficulty. The Treasurer of the province, who was recently in Manila, said Iloilo was naturally rich, and a little judicious assistance was all that was necessary.

PORTO RICANS EVADE TAXES.

Dealers in Rum and Tobacco Keep Revenue Agents Busy—Illicit Traffic Becomes Enormous.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Aug. 14.—[Correspondence.]—The internal revenue agents are kept busy looking after dealers who seek to evade paying tax on rum and tobacco. The large dealers are the chief offenders. The illicit traffic is enormous.

José Vicente, a Councilman of Mayagues, one of the largest cities, and a Republican leader, recently saved a $1.80 tax and paid $300 fine.

In several instances political influence has been brought to bear to get the cases dropped. Gradually, however, the people are beginning to comprehend that the United States authorities cannot be offended with impunity.

The last steamer which sailed from San Juan to New York carried $84,000 away from the island. Of this amount $70,000 was in dollars, halves, quarters, dimes, and nickels. There has been a great need for small change on the island for a long time. Recently the island treasurer had $50,000 in fractional currency. Much of the money was never taken out of the original packages, but was shipped back to New York to meet payments for money orders sent from here.

A company is negotiating for land in different portions of the island, on which will be grown all kinds of tropical fruits, winter vegetables, and tropical nursery stock. The produce will be shipped to New York.

Three port cities have levied prohibitory taxes on foreign grown coffee.

AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE WINS.

English Engine Left Far Behind in Test Made by Authorities at Kingston, Jamaica.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Aug. 20.—Another heavy test of the respective merits of English and American locomotives on the railroad here has resulted in a great victory for the latter, which drew 126 tons over the heaviest part of the line in seven minutes under the schedule time. The English locomotive completely failed to pull the same load, and, when materially lightened, failed to make even regular time. English experts and the local railroad officials were present at the test, which was a great disappointment to the former. Having in mind the relative cost of the locomotives, the government here is expected to make strong representation to the crown agents in London, who arranged the purchases.

NATIVES SECURE A RICH CARGO.

Goods Worth $600,000 from Steamer Asturia, Wrecked on the African Coast, Are Lost.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

ROME, Aug. 20.—A dispatch from Aden gives details of the wreck of the German steamship Asturia, from Yokohama, on April 19 for New York, which went ashore at Ras Jard Hafun, on the coast of Somaliland. The vessel had a cargo of the value of $600,000. The crew of the Asturia was rescued by an English steamship. The natives carried off the cargo. The Italian cruiser Cristoforo Colombo fired on the natives, killing many. The goods were not recovered.

MIDDLE COURSE IS URGED.

Germania, the Centrist Organ, Changes Front Regarding New German Tariff Bill.

BERLIN, Aug. 20.—The Germania, the organ of the Centrists, whose attitude will determine the fate of the new tariff bill, frankly advises the government tonight to take a middle course and to see that the bill is firmly supported by its representatives in the Reichstag. It declares that this is the only way to secure the passage of the measure, since the latter is opposed by both the Extreme Left and the Agrarian Right, although for different reasons. The article is taken to indicate that the Center is already bargaining with the government.

MARCHAND GIVEN HIGH POST.

Hero of Fashoda Promoted to Command of a Brigade of French Troops in China.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Aug. 20.—Lieutenant Colonel Marchand of Fashoda fame has been promoted to the chief command of a brigade of French troops in China.

Coxswain Buried at Sea.

SOUTHAMPTON, Aug. 20.—A coxswain named Benson, belonging to the United States flagship Chicago, was buried at sea today, as the English law called for an inquest if the body was taken ashore, and the officers of the Chicago had arranged to dock the cruiser at Portsmouth, which left no time for the legal formalities.

ROZE'S BALLOON A FAILURE.

Machine Made by Latest Solver of Aerial Navigation Cannot Rise from the Ground.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Aug. 20.—M. Aime, secretary of the Aero club, writes to the press that Roze's balloon is a dismal failure. It cannot rise, he says, and if it could a smashup would be certain.

Hay-Pauncefote Treaty May Win.

GLASGOW, Aug. 20.—The International Law association began a four days' session here today. The Lord Chief Justice, Lord Alverstone, presided. Regret was expressed at the failure of the British-American treaty [the Hay-Pauncefote treaty], and Judge Lynde Harrison of Connecticut said he believed the Senate at the next session of Congress would accept a treaty on the same lines as the one rejected.

Notes from Foreign Lands.

PARIS—General Horace Porter, the American Ambassador, will sail for New York on the steamer La Champagne.

LONDON—The King and Queen of Italy, according to a dispatch to the Daily News from Berlin, probably will visit Potsdam during the autumn.

LONDON—The Rev. Handley Carr Glyn Moule-Norrisean, professor of divinity at Cambridge University, has been appointed Bishop of Durham, in succession to the late Dr. Westcott.

BRUSSELS—M. Nyssens, former Minister of Industry and Labor, committed suicide by shooting himself with a revolver in the right temple. Domestic trouble is assigned as the cause.

LONDON—The German Crown Prince, Frederick William, is visiting Lord Rosebery at Dalmeny. He will afterward go shooting in Scotland, concluding with a visit to Lord Lonsdale.

BRUSSELS—Agents are in Belgium recruiting glass blowers for the United States. Japanese agents are also offering high wages to skilled glass blowers to go to Japan to introduce the industry.

BERLIN—Prince Chun of China, who is coming to apologize for the murder of Baron von Ketteler in Pekin, is expected on Aug. 26. Emperor William and Empress Augusta Victoria will receive him.

BERLIN—Sergeant Hickel was acquitted and Sergeant Marten was sentenced to death for the murder of Captain von Krosigk at their trial in Gumbinnen. At a previous trial both were acquitted, but new evidence developed.

COLOGNE—The Gazette says the Rhenish Westphalian iron market is in a state of utter stagnation. Still, the exports for the first six months of 1901 show an increase of 250,000 tons over the corresponding period of 1900.

ST. PETERSBURG—Astronomers fail to understand the repeated appearance in the clear sky of a constellation in the form of a vast serpent without head or tail. It is thought the phenomenon is due to falling stars from the Leonids.

SCHOOL BOARD UNDER ARREST.

Omaha City Council Has Members of Educational Body Brought in to Explain Accusations.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—The members of the Board of Education, each in the custody of a policeman, appeared before the City Council this afternoon to explain recent action taken in the warfare between the two bodies.

The School board had called a grand jury to investigate the methods of the Council.

During the two hours of the noon recess, while the city fathers enjoyed their luncheon, several of the directors of the schools were detained forcibly in the Council chamber.

Members of the board are accused of unwarranted criticism of the Councilmen. They had complained of the decrease in police court fines, the revenue from which goes to the support of the schools. The call for the grand jury followed, and the Council started an investigation of its own.

MADISON GIRL WEDS A JAP.

Foreigner Who Recently Graduated from Wisconsin University Sails for Japan with American Bride.

Madison, Wis., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—News has come that G. S. Ishikawa, for six years a student at the State University here, doing special work under Professor R. T. Ely and Miss Mary McCrae, for four years stenographer in the Railroad Commissioner's office here, were married at Alexandria, Ont., last Thursday. On Monday they sailed for Japan. Ishikawa was a brilliant student, having taken his degree as doctor of philosophy here last June. He is preparing himself for consulate service in his native land. He lived in America ten years. He is about 30 years of age. Miss McCrae was born in Canada, but her recent home has been in Alma, Wis.

ROW IN PERUVIAN CONGRESS.

Conflict Develops Between Senate and Chamber of Deputies and Twenty-three Senators Withdraw.

LIMA, Peru, Aug. 20.—(via Galveston.)—An exciting session of the Peruvian Congress today developed a conflict between the Senate and the Chamber of Deputies over the recent vote of censure upon the Cabinet adopted by the Chamber.

After a warm debate as to whether a vote of censure passed by one division of Congress constituted a valid and enforceable act, twenty-three Senators withdrew amid loud cheers from the spectators for President Romana, the Cabinet, the Senate, and the President of the Senate, Befior Camdano.

There is no danger of a revolution, but political conditions are now greatly complicated.

RETURNS FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

Richard S. Lyon Comes Back to Chicago After Two Months' Sojourn in European Cities.

Richard S. Lyon, a former President of the Chicago Board of Trade, returned yesterday from a two months' trip to Paris, London, Berlin, and The Hague. He was given a cordial welcome on 'change.

"I went to Europe for a pleasure trip," said Mr. Lyon, when asked to express his opinion on the extent of the damage to the French wheat crop, "and I paid so little attention to anything else but enjoying myself that I am unwilling to talk of commercial affairs abroad."

For an economical trip to California or the Northwest, call or write Judson-Alton Excursions, 849 Marquette Building, Chicago.

NEED CASH FROM AMERICA

ENGLISH PEOPLE WANT AID IN PROVIDING LAKE PARK.

Tract in the Wordsworth Region to Be Purchased if Sum Required Can Be Raised by Subscription—Lord Kitchener's Summary of Week's Progress Indicates That Boers Pay No Attention to the Edict Threatening Banishment if They Do Not Surrender.

[Copyright: 1901: By the New York Tribune.]
[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 21, 3 a. m.—Much disappointment is felt in the English lake district that the Americans are taking so little interest in the preservation of the beautiful Wordsworth region, which is visited by swarms of tourists. Strenuous efforts have been made to obtain for public use a mile strip in the loveliest portion of Derwentwater and preserve it as a pleasure ground for the lovers of lake scenery.

The sum of $20,000 has been raised in England, and $32,500 must be added before the middle of October before the most beautiful estate in the Wordsworth country can be reserved, like Niagara, for public enjoyment.

There have been no American subscriptions, although the region is visited yearly by thousands of travelers from the United States.

The shores of Derwentwater have been in the hands of private owners and access to them has been shut off. The organizers of this movement would form a national trust to preserve the entire district from disfigurement and open it to the lovers of picturesque scenery.

Boers Ignore Edict of Exile.

Lord Kitchener's weekly summary, while not so encouraging for the British side as the previous one, accounts for 427 Boers and a large quantity of stock. It does not contain any evidence that the recent proclamation is exerting much influence, since the voluntary surrenders are below 100 and less than the number reported in the recent summaries.

Lord Kitchener's mobile columns are searching the country and doing their work without reference to the menaces and promises in Secretary Chamberlain's proclamation. The captures of stock reported from week to week are so large as to excite the suspicion that the horses and cattle have been taken, only to be recaptured by the Boers; otherwise the agricultural wealth of the Dutch republics never was rated adequately. Military men admit that a considerable portion of the stock taken is lost before it can be driven into the fortified camps along the railways, and that much of it has appeared in the summaries of captured property two or three times. Prisoners, however, are not allowed to escape, and the number is increasing steadily.

Feeds One-third of Population.

It is estimated that the British government is now feeding in the military prisons or camps of concentration about one-third of the entire population of the two republics, as it was officially reported at the outbreak of the war.

This estimate does not include refugees from Johannesburg and the British loyalists.

Stock Market Cheerful.

The stock market, while suffering from the midsummer dullness, reflects the cheerful feeling that the struggle in south Africa is drawing to an end. Consols are firm, Canadian rails are well supported, and the English rails are resisting the downward tendency of the unfavorable directors' reports and the declining dividends.

The mining market is torpid, but there are signs that all the south African stocks will mount upward before many weeks. American stocks are again running strongly in the English market.

Hall Caine's Book Disappoints.

The critics are astonished by Hall Caine's excessively advertised book, "The Eternal City." On the whole they consider the book rather below the level of his best literary efforts, but they agree, at the same time, that it will strike the popular imagination.

I. N. G.

NEGROES TO AID THEMSELVES.

Booker T. Washington Says That Forced Legislation Is Not the Cure-All Supposed.

The second annual convention of the National Negro Business league will be called to order in Handel Hall this morning at 10 o'clock. About 600 delegates are expected to be in attendance, gathered from all parts of the country. The object of the meeting as set forth in the convention call is to furnish mutual encouragement and intelligence in the task of uplifting the colored race.

The call reads in part as follows:

"Let no legislation or attempted legislation discourage or dishearten us. There should be no doubting or halting. Every move should be a forward one. To gain recognition and success we may have to struggle harder and longer than others, but out of the struggle we shall gain a strength that we can get in no other way. The influence and power of intelligence, high character, and high standing in the business world are sure to place the race in the end in a position where it will be honored and treated with justice in every part of the land. Let our watchword constantly be 'forward.'"

Booker T. Washington of the Tuskegee Normal College, President of the league, arrived in town last night and registered at the Palmer House. "I do not have faith," he said, "that legislation can place the negro on a social equality with the whites. Legislation is not the cure-all that many voters think. What my people must do is gradually to work themselves up, by the levers of education, sobriety, morality, and industry, to a position of competence. When the negroes own their own farms, have their own bank accounts, and are recognized as valuable factors in the community, the rest will follow."

Mr. Washington entertained some of his fellow-delegates at dinner at the Palmer House last night. Among those present were Giles B. Jackson, Richmond, Va., First Vice President of the league; T. Thomas Fortune, New York, chairman of the Executive committee; T. W. Jones, Chicago, chairman of the local Executive committee; E. E. Cooper, Washington, member of the Executive committee and editor of the Colored Citizen.

The official program for today announces that Governor Yates will welcome the visitors in the name of the State, and Acting Mayor Walker will extend the courtesies of the city. Addresses will be made by Messrs. W. F. Taylor of Chicago, Booker T. Washington, Tuskegee; Giles B. Jackson, Richmond; W. L. Taylor, Richmond; J. A. Wilson, Kansas City; T. W. Jones, Chicago, at the morning session. In the evening Mrs. Albreta M. Smith, Chicago; Charles Banks, Clarksdale, Miss.; W. O. Murphy, Atlanta; Harris Barret, Hampton, Va.; and A. N. Johnson, Mobile, will be the speakers.

ARREST CLEVER COLORED MAN.

Evanston Police Catch Wade Crowder While He Works to Get Money by Sympathetic Dodge.

Wade Crowder, colored, who, it is charged, convinced the colored people of Evanston about a year ago that he did not know he was free and received a large purse to make a start in the world, was caught yesterday by the Evanston police while attempting to work a clever scheme to get money. Crowder had a written statement from a Dr. Selme to the effect that his 3-year-old daughter had just died and that he was in need of money to bury his child. The paper bore the names of several persons who had subscribed small amounts. Crowder confessed that the names were fictitious and that he had used the Mat for three months to secure a living. Justice Ely imposed a fine and sent the man to jail.

BOERS FIGHT; BRITISH RETIRE.

Several of the Burghers Are Killed and a Number Made Prisoners.

LATER THEY ALL ESCAPE.

Reinforcements Coming Up, the English Are Attacked and Compelled to Flee.

RECRUITS ARE RIDICULED.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PRETORIA, Aug. 20.—Captain Wood of the constabulary, with 100 men, including some of Morley's scouts, a command made up partly of former burghers, made a night march and surprised a Boer laager Saturday morning twenty miles northeast of The Springs. They surrounded the Boers on three sides and poured in a hot fire at 200 yards range, the Boers saddling up in confusion. It is known that twenty-three Boers were killed, but the number is probably greater. Numbers of the Boers managed to stream out on one side of the laager.

Hand-to-Hand Encounter.

The British retired, but found their line of retreat blocked by another body of Boers which was coming up. The situation was perilous and a hand-to-hand fight ensued. Fine bravery was shown. Captain Morley was severely wounded. Three Boers attacked Captain Wood and pulled him off his horse. Captain Wood smashed the face of one of the Boers with his riding whip, took his rifle, remounted, and escaped. There were other similar incidents. During the mêlée nearly all the prisoners who were taken in the first fight escaped.

Colonel Benson surprised a laager at Warm Baths, near Carolina, killing two and capturing thirty. Among the latter were Commandant de Villiers, father-in-law of Acting President Schalkburger, and Captain Breytenbach.

The number of prisoners that arrived at Pretoria during the last week was the largest for months.

Pokes Fun at the Recruits.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The Official Gazette contains a long dispatch from General Kitchener, detailing the operations in south Africa from May 5 to July 8. In the course of his report General Kitchener makes an amusing reference to the yeomanry recruits, many of whom, he says, are unable to ride or shoot. He considers there were at the time referred to 13,500 Boers in the field, but the long railway lines necessitate the employment of a large number of troops to prevent the Boers from capturing trains. General Kitchener declares that great patience is required. He says he sees the inevitable end of the insensate resistance, which some may consider patriotic, but which, in his opinion, has long since forfeited such a designation, and has resulted in an unjustifiable prolongation of the war and the sufferings of the women and children.

Why the War Goes On.

Such a continuance is due to the ignorant arrogance of the Boer leaders, who originally opposed the war, but who are now unwilling to submit to what they foresaw would be the inevitable consequences. The Boer party which declared war has quitted the field and is now urging on those it deserted by lying assurances of outside assistance and by raising absurdly deceitful hopes that Great Britain has not sufficient endurance to see the matter through.

Copies of recent orders issued by officers in command of the British troops in the Transvaal are soon to be published in a book by pro-Boer residents of Chicago who are working to awaken sympathy for the fighting burghers. The book will, in addition, contain much information on the situation in the Transvaal which has been obtained through private sources, and which deals with the methods of the English army officers. It is asserted by Peter Van Vlissingen of the American Transvaal league that the policy of the English military authorities is the most cruel since the days of the Spanish inquisition.

BOER SUES BRITISH CONSUL.

Gen. Samuel Pearson Brings Action Against A. G. Van Sittart, Charging Slander, at New Orleans.

New Orleans, La., Aug. 20.—General Samuel Pearson, a representative of the Boer government, at present in this city, brought suit in the United States District Court this morning against the British Consul, Arthur G. Van Sittart, for $20,000 damages, alleging slander. It is claimed by the Boer General that Van Sittart demanded his arrest of the Superintendent of Police, and charged him with complicity in the attempted blowing up of the British mule ship Mechanician.

GREAT OIL FIRE STILL BURNING.

Another Tank Explodes at Philadelphia and Entire Plant Is Doomed.

FIVE DEAD; 100 INJURED

Dikes Thrown Up to Prevent Blazing Liquid from Flowing Into Schuylkill.

LOSS MAY REACH $1,000,000.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 20.—The fire which began yesterday afternoon at the works of the Atlantic Refining company, at Point Breeze, is still burning fiercely. Another tank exploded this evening, injuring fifteen more persons seriously enough to be removed to hospitals, while forty burned by flying oil were treated on the scene by ambulance surgeons.

Chief Baxter of the city fire department has given up hope of saving any of the company's property. The one hope of the company's officials and the firemen was in their ability to pump the oil from the tanks not yet reached by the flames into reserve tanks in an isolated section of the yard. The explosion this afternoon carried away the pumping machinery and nothing remains now but to permit the fire to burn until all the oil is consumed.

It is believed tonight that the five lives lost in the explosion of the big gasoline tank last night completes the list of fatalities.

More than 100 Injured.

Briefly, the story of the fire may be thus summarized: All of those reported as missing after the explosion last night have been accounted for. The roll of injured mounts up to more than 100. Many of these are trivial cases, not taken to hospitals. A few are serious and may prove fatal.

The fire is still raging and is eating up oil at the rate of $100,000 a day, according to the estimate of President Lloyd of the Atlantic Refining company. Firemen and officials are powerless. The fire must burn itself out. The cooperage shop has been swept away, and in its destruction forty men narrowly escaped death.

The tanks of benzine are going. Earthworks have been thrown up to keep the Schuylkill River from becoming flooded with blazing oil. The firemen say they are working near death. There is danger all around them, they say, and they do not know where the danger spots are.

The loss can only be estimated. Officials of the company refuse to make any statement as to the quantity of oil, benzine, and naphtha contained in the various tanks already destroyed and those that cannot escape destruction. Insurance men and firemen early today said the loss could not be less than $500,000, but since then great quantities of refined petroleum and benzine have been consumed and several tanks have been rendered useless by the flames.

President Lloyd said: "The exact quantity of oil in the various tanks we do not know. We do not carry any insurance. Our losses are made good from a sinking fund set aside precisely for such an emergency as this."

Gas Works in Danger.

Station A of the United Gas Improvement company, which is directly opposite the burning oil works, is in grave danger. Chief Engineer W. H. Gartley of the station said late tonight: "A change in the wind and Station A is doomed. No trouble is anticipated unless the wind veers around from the southeast. However, we are taking no chances, and have already run the three holders down half way. Their capacities are 5,000,000, 2,000,000, and 1,500,000 cubic feet."

SAY NEGLIGENCE WAS CAUSE.

Pilot and Engineer Both Blamed for the Sinking of City of Golconda Which Cost Seventeen Lives.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 20.—The horror of the city of Golconda disaster at Cottonwood Bar, four miles above Paducah, last night, is still unfolding to full comprehended by the people of Paducah, as the after body is brought into the city. The boat's register has not yet been recovered, but it is certain the death list will number seventeen and perhaps twenty-two.

An official investigation will be made, as it seems certain that carelessness caused the disaster. A. A. Peck, the pilot, claims the engineer deserted his post and that he could not manage the boat with the engine helpless. The engineer denies this, and claims he remained at the throttle until the water was waist deep.

Frank Enders, one of the passengers, corroborated by several others, declares the effort to land brought the side of the boat around so that the wind struck it full force. Early this morning the work of searching for the bodies began. Three bodies were recovered in the forenoon—those of Miss Trixie Grimes, Miss Lucy Barnett, and Mrs. David Adams. This afternoon the bodies of Miss Graham and Mrs. W. A. Hogan, and Lucille, her 9-year-old daughter, were recovered.

The work of recovery is slow, because the debris is piled on the decks. The boat is being dismantled in order that the dead may be reached.

Philip Boulware of Paducah and Archibald Lewis of St. Louis had narrow escapes before they finally got on top of the inverted hull. Mrs. Charles Hayden of Metropolis, Ill., the only woman saved, is badly bruised. When the boat went down she clung to her child, and both were finally saved by rousters. Postmaster F. H. Garner of Bay City, Ill., went down in the wreckage and a drowning rouster caught his foot. Clerk Clarence Coker saw the hand and pulled him out.

MASON TALKS TO VETERANS.

Senator, Judge Longenecker, and Gen. Tavey Are the Speakers at Soldiers' Reunion at Olney.

Olney, Ill., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Senator Mason, Judge Longenecker, and General Tavey were the speakers at the soldiers' reunion today. The weather was ideal and the attendance fully 10,000. This was Senator Mason's first appearance in southeastern Illinois. He spoke with much force and interspersed his talk with pathetic and humorous stories. His closing tribute to the valor and patriotism of the American soldiers called cheer upon cheer, and when he had finished veterans and citizens surrounded him to shake his hand.

General Tavey is always a favorite, and Judge Longenecker finds the latchstring out at every door in his old home.

Other features, such as horse racing, a ball game, balloon ascensions, and music have combined the reunion of old into a pleasant gathering for every one.

CONVENTION WITH NO "BOSSES"

Pennsylvania Republicans Will Choose Ticket Today and Three Men Who Lead Party Are Absent.

Harrisburg, Pa., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—The Pennsylvania State convention, to be held here tomorrow, will be unique in that the three men who control Pennsylvania Republican politics will not be here. Senator Quay is ill in Maine, Senator Penrose is shooting grizzlies in the Rockies, and the Insurance Commissioner who controls the Philadelphia end is in Europe. Governor Stone and Attorney General Elkin, who hopes to succeed Stone, will have charge.

There will be no opposition to Judge Potter as the nominee for the Supreme bench. Representative Frank G. Harris of Clearfield county will be the nominee for the State Senate. He has been a Quay man at all times. He depends on the farmer vote to

HOW SANTOS-DUMONT ESCAPED DEATH.

The above illustration, sketched by a Paris artist for the London Daily Graphic, shows how the intrepid Brazilian aeronaut, M. Santos-Dumont, escaped from death by his airship, "Santos-Dumont V.," being caught between two houses at Passy in falling. M. Santos-Dumont was trying to win with the airship of his own invention the Deutsch prize of $20,000. He had succeeded in rounding the Eiffel tower with difficulty, but his balloon was then unable to make headway against the strong wind which was blowing, and it fell on one of the new houses near the Trocadero and close to the Seine. Luckily the frame of the car caught in one of the walls, where it remained suspended. But for this, M. Santos-Dumont would probably have been killed. As it was, he was in a most dangerous position for over half an hour, hanging in midair in the small wicker basket which forms the car. Here he clung until rescued by some workmen, who climbed over the roofs of the adjoining houses and let down the guide rope, which had fallen on the roof of the building struck by the balloon. Santos-Dumont fastened the rope about his body and was, with some difficulty, hauled up to a place of safety by the workmen.

AT SEA ON SILVER ISSUE.

IOWA DEMOCRATS IN DOUBT ON PLANK FOR PLATFORM.

Convention Day Arrives with Fight Undecided—Result Means Much to Followers of Bryan—Man to Head the Ticket Is Not Chosen, the Withdrawal of Sells Complicating the Problem —None Other in Race Seems Certain of Nomination.

Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—With the contest for the Governorship nomination high in the air the night before the Democratic State convention finds the chief interest centering in the platform to be adopted. Whether or not silver will be indorsed is the one absorbing topic.

Leaders of each wing of the party are here in force, all determined to win. Should the convention ignore the silver issue it would be construed as the end of Bryanism. Iowa being next door neighbor to the silver advocate's State makes its decision on the question especially important.

Committee Not Yet Selected.

The Resolutions committee has not been settled upon, and all attempts at conferences looking to an understanding as to the platform have come to naught. Many delegates take the radical position that the Kansas City platform and Bryanism should be indorsed, and not a few Bryan buttons are in evidence. Others argue for a simple reaffirmation of the platform of 1900 without special reference to silver or Bryan, and still others contend that silver, like unseasonable goods, should be taken from the shelves, even if not thrown entirely aside, and these want a mild reaffirmation of the national platform of last year.

A prominent silver advocate declared tonight that "there would be fun on the floor of the convention tomorrow unless the speech of the temporary chairman or the platform made some reference to silver."

Second District politicians are here in force. They will oppose the affirmation of the Kansas City platform. It is also claimed that a majority of counties in the Third District are against silver, which will prevent John S. Murphy of Dubuque, leader of the silver faction, from getting a place on the Committee on Resolutions.

Cato Sells Not in Race.

The question of a candidate for Governor was complicated today by the positive statement of Cato Sells that under no circumstances would he accept the honor.

After a conference of the leaders, Charles Walsh gave it out that they had decided to present the name of John N. Redman of Cedar Rapids to the convention unless Mr. Redman, who will arrive before morning accompanied by the Linn County delegation, positively declines to permit the use of his name.

H. J. Stigers and T. J. Phillips, avowed candidates for Governor, have opened headquarters.

Ex-Senator W. U. Dodge of Burlington, up to this time a candidate for Governor, announced his withdrawal from the race tonight.

Temporary Officers Selected.

The temporary officers of the convention will be:

Chairman—E. M. Sharon of Scott County.
Secretary—H. A. Nash of Dallas County.
Assistant Secretaries—G. L. Caswell of Crawford County and F. M. Frush of Marion County.
Reading Clerk—J. H. Gillespie of Des Moines County.
Sergeant-at-Arms—S. B. Morrey of Shelby County.

TALK BRIBERY IN COURT.

TOLEDO JUDGE AND ATTORNEYS THREATEN DISCLOSURES.

Lawyers for Arbuckles Deny Any Attempt Was Made on Their Side to Influence Decision, and Declare a Verdict Was Offered Them for a Consideration—Magistrate Insists He Was Told He Could Have $1,000 if He Would Act Favorably.

Toledo, O., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Charges of attempts at bribery of a court and counter charges that litigants had been approached by persons who offered to "fix" a case for a consideration were made public here today, the persons involved being Judge Charles Meck and attorneys acting for the Arbuckles.

Differences between the lawyers, Clarence Brown, Thomas H. Tracy, and H. A. Bodman, and Judge Meck reached a climax today when the attorneys secured a mandamus order to compel the court to sign a journal entry and bill of exceptions so the case could be appealed to a higher court. The Judge was off the bench at the time, court having adjourned, or the three attorneys would, it is claimed, have gone to jail under sentence besides being assessed heavy fines.

The attorneys had said a number of cutting things to the Judge, when he remarked to a number of newspaper men standing by:

"I cannot say what I would do now, but if they persist in making such attacks on me I will give it out for publication. And I can say now is that I was offered $1,000 to let the defense have the jury, and later was offered $1,000 to take the case away from the jury."

The Judge mentioned three well known Toledoans as guilty, but insisted that the names be not disclosed at this time.

Attorney Brown, when told of the charges, said:

"They are nothing but lies, pure and simple. They are absolutely without foundation as far as we know."

"An offer was made to us to secure a verdict for the defendant in the coffee case for a consideration, and the price was named. We don't say it was done by Meck's authority, for we don't know. But the offer was made and the price was named at which we could obtain a verdict, but we did not care to get one that way.

"We would be glad to have an investigation and get at the facts. We offered to call Meck, but he would not give us a change of venue, and when we asked him to testify he said he could not do it before himself."

It was announced tonight that sensational charges are likely to be preferred, which will bring the State Dairy and Food department and some high officials of the Arbuckles in New York into court.

VIRGINIA TICKET NOW READY.

Republican State Convention Today Is Expected to Name Colonel Hoge for Governor.

Roanoke, Va., Aug. 20.—The Republican State convention will meet here at noon tomorrow. The ticket seems decided upon. Colonel J. Hampton Hoge of Roanoke likely will be the nominee for Governor. Judge L. L. Lewis sent a telegram from his home today saying he would not accept. General Thomas L. Rosser of Charlottesville is a possible candidate. A. P. Gillespie of Tazewell almost certainly will be the nominee for Lieutenant Governor, and Lawrence Greener of Norfolk for Attorney General.

NEW JUDGE ELECTED IN FOURTH DISTRICT.

Pekin, Ill., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Theodore Nathaniel Green of Pekin was yesterday elected Judge of the Tenth Judicial District of Illinois, defeating Franklin L. Velde, Republican. Unofficial returns from every precinct in the district, with the exception of two in Stark, give Green a majority of 832.

Corrected returns give these majorities: Peoria County, Green, 352; Tazewell County, Green, 817; Marshall, Green, 81; Putnam, Velde, 68; Stark, Velde, 350.

Theodore Nathaniel Green was born in Delavan, Tazewell County, Feb. 14, 1856, being the oldest son of the late Judge N. W. Green. His early education was secured in the public schools of Delavan and Pekin, after which he entered the Lawrenceville, N. J., college, from which he was graduated in 1874.

He studied law in the office of A. B. Sawyer, once a well known attorney in Central Illinois, and was admitted to the bar in 1880. In 1884 he married Miss Fannie Schults of Pekin, and they have one son.

Mr. Green's reputation as a criminal lawyer was established in the Andy Wallace and Sam Moser murder cases. He has been Master in Chancery in Tazewell County for the last twelve years.

CARLOS VICUNA IS DEAD.

MINISTER FROM CHILE EXPIRES WHILE IN BUFFALO.

Diplomat Stricken with Pneumonia on His Arrival to Attend the Ceremony of Dedicating His Government's Building at the Pan-American Exposition—Representative of Southern Republic Prominent in Official Circles at Home.

Buffalo, N. Y., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Señor Don Carlos Morla Vicuna, Minister from Chile to the United States, died in this city today.

Minister Vicuna came here from Washington on July 28 to attend the ceremonies at the formal opening of the Chilean Building at the Pan-American Exposition. He took to bed the day after his arrival, the result of a cold contracted on the journey. This developed into pneumonia, which became complicated. Señor Vicuna was believed to be improving, but during last night suffered a relapse, from which he did not rally.

State Department Notified.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Formal notification of the death of Minister Vicuna at Buffalo reached the State department in a telegram from Señor Infants, First Secretary of the Chilean Legation, who has been with the Minister at Buffalo. Owing to Señor Vicuna being the diplomatic representative of Chile to the United States, the government will show every consideration of respect and honor to his remains. In addition to being Minister from Chile, Vicuna was commissioner to the Pan-American Exposition, and lately a delegate on the Chilean Claim commission.

Of late the legation in Washington has been closed, the minister, his wife, and family, and the entire official establishment being removed to Buffalo, where Chile had taken the lead of South American Republics in the magnitude of its exhibit. Soon after the receipt of the dispatch announcing the Minister's death, Secretary Hay sent a message of condolence to the family.

Will Show Honor to Dead.

A dispatch was sent from the State department to Director General Buchanan of the exposition at Buffalo, authorizing him to represent the department of such ceremonies as will be held for the late minister, and asking him to send a floral wreath in the name of the department.

Carlos Morla Vicuna was generally recognised as the most experienced and capable diplomatist to represent a South American country sent to Washington in many years, his great resourcefulness having been conspicuously demonstrated in his recent efforts to restrict the discussion of arbitration in the next Pan-American conference to future questions alone. He was one of the most popular members of the corps, a man of the highest culture and entertaining qualities, and, possessed of indomitable perseverance and energy, was chiefly instrumental in bringing about closer relations between the United States and Chile than had existed for more than a decade.

Career Begun in Washington.

Minister Vicuna, who came of a famous Chilean family, began his diplomatic career in Washington in 1870 as First Secretary of the Chilean Legation, serving in that capacity for two years, and was then transferred to London. Subsequently, while filling the same office to the legation in Paris, he was appointed Financial Secretary of Chile in connection with the various European legations.

In 1895 Señor Vicuna was appointed Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the republics of Uruguay and Paraguay, and in 1896 was transferred to act in that capacity in the Argentine Republic. In the latter part of 1896 he was made Secretary of State in the Chilean Cabinet, and after holding that high office for a period of ten months was sent as Minister to the United States. He presentd his credentials to President McKinley on Aug. 1, 1898, relieving Domingo Gana.

FUNERAL OF J. J. JANES TODAY.

Services to Be Held at the Calumet Club This Morning, Dr. E. M. Stires Officiating.

The funeral of John James Janes, who died at the Calumet club on Monday, will take place at the clubhouse this morning at 9 o'clock. Interment will be at Woodlawn Cemetery, New York. The Rev. E. M. Stires will officiate at the funeral, and the honorary pallbearers will be R. F. Goodman, J. R. Drake, A. C. Bartlett, C. W. Drew, W. A. Fuller, F. S. James, Orson Smith, and Marvin Hughitt. The active pallbearers will be employés of Mr. Janes' office. In the afternoon the Chicago Underwriters' association will meet to adopt resolutions.

OBITUARY.

MRS. CHARLES H. KNAPP, for the last twenty years a member of the Board of Directors of the Chicago Orphan Asylum and prominent in other charitable work, died at 9 o'clock Monday evening. Mrs. Knapp was the wife of the Assistant General Freight Agent of the Chicago and Northwestern railway. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 1 o'clock from the residence, 206 Twenty-eighth street. The burial will be private.

EDWARD WOOSTER GIBB, aged 69 years, a retired architect of Little Rock, Ark., died at the Hotel Normandie, Chicago, after a short attack of heart trouble. Mr. Gibb had been in delicate health for a number of years, and was at Chicago with his wife to get the benefit of a cooler climate in the summer. The body will be taken to Little Rock today for interment.

DR. T. J. TURNER of Coldwater, Mich., died yesterday at Mackinac Island, where he had gone for his health. For nearly fifty years he was a surgeon in the United States navy. He retired several years ago.

MRS. NETTIE SANFORD CHAPIN, a widely known Washington newspaper correspondent and for many years prominent in Iowa W. R. C. and W. C. T. U. circles, is dead, aged 76.

SCOTS MEET AT PITTSBURG.

Royal Clan Gathers in Pennsylvania City for Its Twentieth Annual Meeting.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 20.—The canny Caledonian invaded Pittsburg today, and in a few hours the town was his. It was the twentieth regular meeting of the Royal Clan of the Order of Scottish Clans. Not less than 6,000 Scotchmen in all parts of the United States and Canada are represented by the delegates.

The meeting in Elks' Hall was of short duration. Magistrate David J. McGarry made a short address of welcome. Arthur Kerr also made an address, after which the clansmen went into secret session.

There is a fight on between the East and the West over the selection for the next royal chief. W. H. McSteen of Braidwood, Ill., and John McKnight of Chelsea, Mass., are the contestants.

St. Louis will get the next gathering of the clan, which will not be until August, 1903, when the world's fair is in progress there. The Mound City has no opposition. The meeting will continue until Friday.

WILL DISCHARGE REPORTERS.

Publisher of Columbus, O., Paper Decides to Reduce Local Staff to Nothing Under Agreement with Union.

Columbus, O., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—The Press-Post reportorial war took another turn tonight when Clarence M. Jones, President of the Press-Post Publishing company, sent a letter to City Editor Parsons, setting forth that under the agreement with the News Writers' union he (Jones) has the right to reduce his reportorial force, if he so desires. He therefore informs Parsons that he will reduce the force to nothing, beginning with tomorrow. Now Parsons does not know whether he is discharged or not. The reporters will be on hand in the morning as usual and insist upon working under their contract. The outcome of the matter will probably be the suspension of the paper.

DOCTOR DEVOTES LIFE TO A LEPER

St. Louis Physician Leaves Family and Friends to Study Disease.

WILL NURSE A CHINAMAN

Louis Knapp Must Spend Years Isolated in Lonely House with Dong Gong, His Patient.

HOPES TO DISCOVER CURE.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Dr. Louis Knapp, a practicing physician of this city, has forever separated himself from his wife and four children, and will become isolated from the world, to nurse Dong Gong, the Chinese leper, who was found here two weeks ago.

Dr. Knapp took final leave of his family today and entered on his duties in the old City Hall as nurse for Dong Gong. He volunteered his services in the interest of science, that he might study the disease.

A building will be erected at Quarantine station for Dr. Knapp and his patient, and here they will be completely isolated. The doctor hopes to discover a cure for the malady with which Dong Gong is afflicted. It will take fully five years for the disease to develop into an acute stage, and during this time Dr. Knapp and Gong will be the sole occupants of the house to be built.

Besides acting as physician, the doctor will also have to officiate as cook for both.

Doctor Parts with Family.

Dr. Knapp is 40 years old and a graduate of a Detroit medical college. With his wife and four children he lived at 4622 Virginia avenue. The parting with his family today was affecting. To them, though living, he will be as one dead.

The kitchen, from which Gong will be excluded, will separate the leper's room from that of his nurse. As Gong was in the laundry business before his malady was discovered it is presumed he will do his own washing. Other arrangements will be made for Dr. Knapp's laundry.

Nursing is not new to Dr. Knapp. During the Spanish war he served in the hospital corps of the regular army, spending a year in the Southern camps.

Some arrangement for musical diversion at the isolation house probably will be made. Dr. Knapp is a pianist and will endeavor to secure an instrument for use in his room. He says a man with a name like that of his patient should be able to do his part in furnishing music.

Case Discovered Two Weeks Ago.

The existence of a case of leprosy in St. Louis was discovered nearly two weeks ago by Dr. M. F. Engman of the St. Louis Polyclinic and the victim was at once placed in confinement on the second floor of the old City Hall. The best-known dermatologists and general practitioners of the city visited the patient and all were convinced of the correctness of Dr. Engman's diagnosis.

The principal manifestation of the disease at present is in the existence of "anesthetic areas" on the patient's body. On these parts of the body hot irons can be applied without causing pain, and the flesh is insensible to the prick of needles.

Five years, or a longer time, may elapse before the final stage of the disease, and the period of suffering is often long drawn out. With proper care Dong Gong may live ten or fifteen years. His house will cost about $600, and it will cost the city between $1,000 and $1,300 a year to care for him.

Others Sought the Place.

Five other applicants sought the position to which Dr. Knapp was appointed. Assistant Health Commissioner Francis says he chose Dr. Knapp because of his medical knowledge and because of the high character of his recommendations.

STATE WILL SUE COMPANY.

Wisconsin Officials to Bring Action Against United States Express for Violating Game Laws.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—The State of Wisconsin is about to bring suit against the United States Express company for violating the interstate commerce act in the shipment of game through this State to Chicago. Deputy Game Warden Tracy seized a box of venison on the Milwaukee road this morning which came from Floodwood, Mich., and was consigned to "C," Chicago. The interstate commerce act provides that where game is shipped through the State it must be plainly marked with the name of the consignor, the name of the consignee, and what the contents consist of, and that the company carrying it must see that it is properly marked. State Game Warden Overbeck will bring the case against the express company. The name of the shipper or consignee is not known.

ILLEGAL WEDDINGS IN INDIANA.

Investigation Shows Marriage Laws Are Violated in Many Counties and Thousands Are Affected.

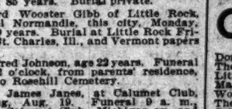
Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 20.—Investigation into the execution of the Indiana marriage laws, following the action of the Attorney General in the Jeffersonville Gretna Green cases, has developed that the laws are not being obeyed in nearly every county in the State, and thousands of illegal marriages are being solemnized every year.

Few county clerks require the affidavit that the female resides in the county, as the law requires. The Attorney General says:

"Every license issued to non-residents is illegal, and the clerk, justice, or minister can be prosecuted in each case. The licenses must be issued in the county where the female resides to make it legal and the marriage binding."

An entire overhauling of the marriage laws of the State will be made.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON CITY WATER.



Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Kinzie street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth streets, and Hyde Park all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the Stock-Yards.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

Foreign mails will close at the Chicago Postoffice today as follows:

For Belgium, Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, and Cape Colony, 4:30 p. m.

For Cuba, via Tampa, 6 p. m.

For Jamaica, 12 p. m.

For Mexico, via Tampico, specially addressed only, S. S. Yucatan, 4:30 p. m.

For Argentine Republic, Uruguay, and Paraguay, 12 p. m.

F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Aug. 20.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:

Illinois—Fair, warmer Wednesday, warmer in northern portion. Thursday fair in southern, showers and cooler in northern portion; light to fresh east to south winds.

Ohio—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; winds mostly light easterly.

Upper Michigan—Fair Wednesday. Thursday probably showers and cooler; light easterly winds.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

Lower Michigan—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; light easterly winds.

Indiana—Fair, warmer Wednesday. Thursday fair; light east to south winds.

Wisconsin—Fair in eastern, showers and cooler in western portion Wednesday. Thursday fair in western, showers and cooler in eastern portion, light easterly winds becoming variable.

Minnesota—Showers and cooler Wednesday. Thursday fair; variable winds.

Iowa—Showers and cooler Wednesday except fair in southeast portion. Thursday fair in western, showers in eastern and cooler in southeast portion; east to south winds becoming variable.

Missouri—Fair Wednesday, except showers in southwest portion. Thursday fair; variable winds.

North Dakota—Fair Wednesday, warmer in northwest portion. Thursday fair; northerly winds.

South Dakota—Fair, warmer in western, showers, and cooler in eastern portion Wednesday. Thursday fair with warmer in eastern portion; variable winds.

Nebraska—Fair in western, showers and cooler in eastern portion Wednesday. Thursday fair; southerly winds becoming variable.

Place of observation. Time taken: Aug. 20, 8 p. m.	Height of barometer.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation in hours.	Rain or snow.	State of weather.
Abilene	30.32	86	96				Clo'dy
Albany	30.08	78	92	N.E.	.10	Rain	
Alpena	30.04	66	78	E.			Clear
Atlanta	30.02	72	86	N.W.			Clear
Amarillo	29.94	74	98	S.E.	.14		Fair
Battleford	29.92	76	86	Calm			Fair
Bismarck	29.92	70	88				Clo'dy
Buffalo	30.00	74	92	E.	.01		Fair
Boston	30.06	68	78				Clo'dy
Cairo	30.00	76	92				Clear
Calgary	29.94	60	70				Fair
Cheyenne	29.94	62	90			.12	Clear
Chicago	30.06	70	90	N.E.			Clo'dy
Cincinnati	30.04	78	94				Fair
Cleveland	30.04	74	92			.12	Clear
Concordia	29.94	80	94	S.E.			Clear
Davenport	30.02	80	94	E.			Clear
Denver	29.94	70	94	S.E.	.08		Rain
Des Moines	29.94	80	94	S.E.			Clear
Dodge	29.90	80	90	S.E.			Fair
Detroit	30.04	72	90	S.E.	.16		Clear
Dubuque	29.94	80	94	S.E.			Clear
Duluth	29.94	66	80	S.E.			Clear
El Paso	29.86	80	96				Clear
Edmonton	30.00	72	82				Clo'dy
Galveston	30.00	78	90	S.E.	.54		Clo'dy
Green Bay	30.00	74	90	N.E.			Clear
Havre	29.88	70	90	N.E.			Fair
Helena	29.92	70	90				Clear
Huron	29.78	74	94	S.E.			Fair
Indianapolis	30.00	74	90	N.W.	.12		Clo'dy
Jacksonville	30.04	78	92	N.E.			Clear
Kansas City	29.86	80	96	S.E.			Clear
Lander	30.00	62	88	N.E.	.01	Rain	
Little Rock	30.00	76	92	N.E.	.77	Rain	
Marquette	30.02	72	72	S.E.			Clear
Memphis	30.02	78	94	N.W.			Clear
Medicine Hat	29.92	70	86				Fair
Minnedosa	29.90	64	76	W.	.16		Fair
Montgomery	30.06	76	92				Clo'dy
Montreal	30.06	66	72	W.	.06		Fair
Nashville	30.06	76	94	S.E.	.12		Fair
New Orleans	30.04	80	92	N.E.	.02		Clo'dy
New York City	30.06	70	80	E.	.02		Fair
Norfolk	30.02	78	90		.44		Clear
North Platte	29.96	72	94	S.E.	.04		Rain
Oklahoma	29.98	78	96	S.E.	.50		Clear
Omaha	29.90	76	94	S.E.			Clear
Oswego	30.02	74	82	E.	.71		Clo'dy
Palestine	29.92	74	92	S.E.	.06		Rain
Parkersburg	30.04	72	88		.58		Clear
Philadelphia	30.04	76	90				Clear
Pittsburg	29.84	82	94	N.W.	.32		Clear
Pueblo	29.94	66	94	S.E.			Clear
Qu' Appelle	29.86	64	80	N.E.			Clo'dy
Rapid City	29.92	66	78	N.W.	.16		Clo'dy
St. Louis	30.00	78	96	S.E.			Clear
St. Paul	29.88	80	94	S.E.			Clear
Salt Lake City	29.92	76	90	S.E.	.04		Fair
Ste. Marie	29.96	62	80	E.			Fair
Springfield, Ill.	29.94	78	94	S.E.			Fair
Springfield, Mo.	29.88	82	90	W.	.02		Clear
Vicksburg	30.04	80	94	S.E.	.04		Clo'dy
Washington	30.02	80	90	E.			Fair
Williston	29.92	66	70				Clo'dy
Winnipeg	29.92	70	76	N.W.			Clo'dy

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Massee, optician, 40 East Madison street, was as follows:

Thermometer—8 a. m., 67; 9 a. m., 73; 10 a. m., 72; 11 a. m., 72; noon, 74; 1 p. m., 74; 2 p. m., 76; 6 p. m., 76. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.47; 4 p. m., 29.47.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued by the Health department yesterday:

Anderson, Axel, 30; 166 Townsend-st., Aug. 18.
Armstrong, Eliza, 56; 3540 Dearborn-st., Aug. 19.
Carlson, Mary C., 2; 1 W. Congress-pl., Aug. 19.
Clark, James, 6; 5304 May-st., Aug. 20.
England, Carl, 25; 4621 Potomac-av., Aug. 18.
Eden, Annie, 78; 387 Desplaines-st., Aug. 17.
Fierke, Julius, 66; Fullerton and Shemeld-avs., Aug. 18.
Goodwin, Harry, 25; 311 Aberdeen-st., Aug. 18.
Huntowski, Wojseb, 5; 229 Wabansia-av., Aug. 19.
Jeanery, Arianna, 1; 855 Webster-av., Aug. 18.
Jones, J. J., 68; 20th-st. and Michigan-av., Aug. 18.
Kousniss, Mary, 4; 16 Bremen-st., Aug. 18.
Kolbon, Karl, 2; 2013 Polk-st., Aug. 19.
Munson, Michael, 74; 9040 Wallace-st., Aug. 19.
Millington, P., 53; Blackhawk-st., Aug. 18.
Perry, M. A., 38; 7537 Washington-av., Aug. 18.
Plessek, Frank, 8; 1190 Irving-av., Aug. 17.
Robinson, A., 39; 1464 N. Rockwell-st., Aug. 18.
Sloan, Annie, 74; 1200 Oakley-av., Aug. 18.
Sheriff, Lucy A., 70; 745 N. Fairfield-av., Aug. 18.
Smith, Mary, 28; 3260 Harlem-st., Aug. 19.
Sullivan, Marsellus, 29; 3415 Armour-av., Aug. 17.
Welsh, James, 50; 271 Aberdeen-st., Aug. 19.

DEATHS.

BOLL—Anna E. Boll, née Woellenstein, beloved wife of the late Christian Boll, mother of John, Jacob, and Conrad Boll, Christina Gross, Elisabeth La Cloche, and Anna Schomberg. Monday morning at 9 o'clock, aged 72 years and 3 months. Funeral from her late residence, 297 E. 21st-st., Thursday, Aug. 22, at 1 p. m., to Oakwoods.

BERGER—Edith Louise Berger, beloved daughter of Charles A. and Charlotte A. Berger, aged 19 years 7 months. Funeral from her late residence, 4334 Prairie-av., Thursday, 2:30, Oakwoods.

FINCH—Aug. 19, 1901, at the residence of her daughter, Julia M. Finch, 1723 Corcoran-pl., Emily M. Finch, aged 85 years. Burial private.

GIBB—Edward Wooster Gibb of Little Rock, Ark., at Hotel Normandie, this city, Monday, Aug. 19, age 69 years. Burial at Little Rock Friday, Aug. 23. St. Charles, Ill., and Vermont papers please copy.

JOHNSON—Fred Johnson, age 22 years. Funeral Thursday, at 2 o'clock, from parents' residence, 141 Gault-st. to Rosehill Cemetery.

JAMES—John James Janes, of Calumet Club, Monday evening, Aug. 19. Funeral 9 a. m., Wednesday, at Calumet Club, Michigan-av. and Twenty-first. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery, New York.

KNAPP—Mrs. C. H., wife of C. H. Knapp, Assistant General Freight Agent Chicago and Northwestern railway, Monday at 9 o'clock p. m. Mrs. Knapp was a member of the Board of Directors for the Chicago Orphan Asylum for the last twenty years. Funeral from her late home, 206 28th-st., Thursday at 1 o'clock p. m. Burial private.

KOPF—Lester R. Kopf, aged 2 years and 7 days, son of William P. and Christina L. Kopf, 1614 Jackson-av., Funeral private.

McDERMID—Aug. 19, John J. McDermid Jr., youngest son of John J. and Frances E. McDermid. Funeral from the residence of his parents, 4602 Ellis-av., Wednesday, at 3 p. m. Burial private.

MASON—150 Pine-st., Aug. 19, 1901, 11:20 p. m., Ellen Cartwell Mason, wife of Edwin A. Mason. Funeral at Louisville, Ky.

PALLETT—Samuel Pallett, Monday, Aug. 19, the beloved husband of Eliza Pallett, aged 67 years, native of London, England, and member of Congress Lodge No. 360, I. O. O. F. Funeral service Wednesday, 2 p. m., at the residence, 31st-st. and Trumbell-av. Burial at Forest Home. English papers please copy.

WEINFELD—Philip Weinfeld, Aug. 20, 1901, age 66 years, at his residence, 5023 Calumet-av. Appleton, Wis., papers please copy.

UNDERTAKERS.

HURSEN BROS., FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND embalmers; finest funeral goods; open day and night; city and suburbs; established 1856. 1006 West Lake-st. Phone West 1015; residence Phone Ashland 1001. First-class service guaranteed.

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J. WHITTIER BUFFUM (20 YEARS WITH THE late C. H. Jordan), and H. PERRIGO, undertakers, 1722 Wabash-av. Telephone South 953.

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WHITE SOX STOP LOSING STREAK.

Champions Take a Brace in Second Game at Washington and Win Easily.

FOUR RUNS AT THE START

Griffith's Pitching Holds the Senators Down, Although Batted Hard.

HOME RUNS ARE FREQUENT.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	61	39	.610	Philadelphia	56	45	.554
Boston	59	40	.596	Cleveland	49	54	.476
Baltimore	54	41	.568	Washington	39	57	.411
Detroit	52	47	.525	Milwaukee	32	67	.323

Yesterday's Results.

Chicago, 9; Washington, 3.
Boston, 6; Milwaukee, 0.
Detroit, 5; Baltimore, 2.
Cleveland, 7; Philadelphia, 3.

Games Today.

Chicago at Washington.
Milwaukee at Boston.
Detroit at Baltimore.
Cleveland at Philadelphia.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, D. C., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—By crowding enough runs into the first inning today, Chicago's champions won the second game of the series with the Senators by a score of 9 to 3.

At the start Comiskey's men, anxious to break the losing streak that has been following them so closely, landed on Case Patton for two singles, a double, and a triple, and gained the advantage of four runs. But with this lead they did not let up, and worked hard for all the runs possible. In the sixth they annexed a bunch of three, and two more in the eighth, just to cinch the victory.

If credit for the victory rests with any individual, that individual is Clarke Griffith. It was Griffith who, when the Senators threatened to turn the tide in the opening inning, pitched himself out of a bad place and, although there was danger at all times, finally accomplished the downfall of Manning's men.

Patton Settles Down.

After Patton's disastrous first inning he settled down to overcome the lead, and so well did he pitch that in the next four innings only twelve men faced him, and none could get long keep the pent-up batting streak in motion. Down, down, down they mowed the ball scrifficallv in the sixth and eighth.

The White Stockings started the scoring in the first, when Hoy opened with a slashing three-baser to the clubhouse in right. Patton hit Jones, and when Mertes hit a grounder to Clingman Hoy reached the plate. Then Sheeman singled and Jones scored. McFarland doubled to left and Isbell struck out. Shugart smashed a clean single to center and Hartman and McFarland came home.

The Senators started strong when Waldron and Farrell both singled. But Dungan and Clarke went out, Waldron scoring on the latter play. Grady fouled to Sullivan, retiring the side.

In the fourth Manning's men added another run, the result of singles by Clarke, Coughlin, and Clingman, and two stolen bases, which netted Foster.

Chicago's Second Revival.

Chicago again got busy in the sixth. After McFarland and Isbell were dead, Shugart singled, and a moment later stole second. Then Sullivan hit to right center for three bases and Shugart crossed the plate. Griffith batted the sphere a mighty crack, and it landed on the porch of the clubhouse for a home run, Sullivan registering ahead of him.

In the seventh Patton, not to be outdone by the opposition, bumped the ball over the left field fence for a homer.

The champions made the last two runs and the games in the eighth on triples to right field by Isbell and Shugart and a fly to the outfield.

Washington	R	B	P	A	E	Chicago	R	B	P	A	E
Clarke, cf	0	1	1	0	0	Hoy, cf	1	1	1	0	0
Farrell, 2b	0	0	1	3	0	Jones, rf	1	0	2	0	0
Dungan, rf	0	0	1	0	0	Mertes, lf	1	0	2	0	0
Grady, c	0	0	4	0	0	Hartm'n, 3b	2	0	0	2	0
Coughl'n, lf	1	0	1	1	0	McFar'd, 2b	1	1	2	3	0
Clingm'n, 3b	1	0	0	2	0	Isbell, ss	0	1	1	2	0
Foster, ss	1	0	0	2	0	Shugart, ss	2	1	2	2	0
Patton, p	0	0	0	0	0	Sullivan, c	1	1	7	1	0
Waldron, 1b	0	0	8	0	0	Griffith, p	1	0	0	3	0
Totals	3	1	27	8	0	Totals	9	4	27	13	0

Washington ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0—3
Chicago ..... 4 0 0 0 0 1 0 4 x—9

Two-base hits—Hartman, Isbell, Shugart, Sullivan, Griffith. Three-base hits—Hoy, Jones. Home run—Griffith. Stolen bases—Waldron, Clingman, Shugart (3). Double plays—Shugart-Isbell-Clingman-Farrell-Grady. First base on balls—Off Patton, 1; off Griffith, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Patton, 1. Struck out—By Patton, 7; by Griffith, 4. Time—2:00. Umpire—Haskell.

Notes of the Game.

That home run by Griffith was a revelation to everybody.

Every one thought Shugart's triple in the eighth was a fly ball, but Foster let the ball bound and threw it away from Dungan, but Haskell allowed it.

Shugart narrowly escaped an error in the ninth. With Waldron on first Farrell hit a high fly to Shugart who dropped it, but threw to second, forcing Waldron.

Clingman made a pretty assist in the third. Isbell hit the ball at Patton, who threw out one base. First he tossed to Clingman, who accepted it with one hand and threw Clarke out.

BOSTON HOLDS TO ITS PACE.

Cy Young Blanks Milwaukee in Short-set Game of Season at Hub—Hawley Batted Freely.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 20.—Boston whitewashed Milwaukee in the quickest played game on the local grounds this season. Hawley, who occupied the box for the visitors, was easy and retired in favor of Sparks in the fourth. The latter shut the home team out without a hit for the remainder of the game. Score:

Boston	R	B	P	A	E	Milwaukee	R	B	P	A	E
Hemph'l, lf	1	1	1	0	0	Hog'ns'r, lf	0	0	1	1	0
Stahl, cf	1	1	2	0	0	Conroy, 3b	0	0	1	1	0
Collins, 3b	0	0	0	0	0	And'r'n, 1b	0	0	13	0	0
Duffy, rf	0	1	0	0	0	Duffy, cf	0	0	1	0	0
Parent, ss	1	1	1	2	0	Ganzel, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Farrell, 2b	0	0	2	2	0	Hallman, 2b	0	0	2	1	0
Criger, c	0	0	4	0	0	Abbey, ss	0	0	1	2	0
Young, p	0	1	0	1	0	Donahue, c	0	0	3	0	0
						Hawley, p	0	0	0	0	1
						Sparks, p	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	3	5	27	14	0	Totals	0	0	24	7	1

Boston ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 x—3
Milwaukee ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Stahl, Hallman, Donahue. Three-base hits—Stahl, Young. Home run—Stahl. Sacrifice hits—Collins, Double plays—Parent-Farrell-Hemphill, Collins-Parent-Freeman, Hemphill-Freeman-Abbey-Anderson. First base on balls—Off Hawley, 1; off Sparks, 1. Struck out—By Young, 3; by Hawley, 1; by Sparks, 1. Time—1:30. Umpire—Cantillon.

Cleveland, 7; Philadelphia, 3.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 20.—Cleveland defeated Philadelphia today by bunching hits. The hits of the local men were widely scattered. Score:

Philadelp'a	R	B	P	A	E	Cleveland	R	B	P	A	E
Fultz, cf	0	2	1	0	0	Pick'ring, cf	0	4	2	1	0
Davis, 1b	0	1	12	0	0	O'Brien, lf	1	0	1	0	0
Crem. 2b	0	0	1	2	0	Beck, 2b	1	2	1	5	0
Lajoie, ss	0	0	2	3	1	Lachance, 1b	0	0	8	1	0
Delehan'y, rf	0	0	1	0	0	Delehan'y, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Thoney, lf	0	0	1	0	0	Wood, c	1	1	2	1	0
Powers, c	0	1	2	0	0	Harley, rf	1	2	2	1	0
Dolan, p	0	0	0	2	0	Bemis, ss	0	0	1	2	0
Bernhard, p	0	0	0	2	0	McNell, p	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	3	27	10	1	Totals	3	9	27	11	1

Philadelphia ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 2—3
Cleveland ..... 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 x—7

Two-base hits—Fultz, Davis, Dolan, Harley, Pickering. Three-base hits—O'Brien. Stolen bases—Harley. Double plays—Ely-Lajoie-Davis; Harley-Lachance; Pickering-Lachance. First base on balls—Off Dolan, 1; off McNell, 1. Struck out—By Bernhard, 1; by McNell, 1. Wild pitch—Bernhard. Time—1:35. Umpire—Sheridan.

Detroit, 5; Baltimore, 2.

Baltimore, Aug. 20.—Detroit defeated Baltimore here today. Selvar proved an enigma to the local batters and Connolly's umpiring remain an arrestu stael he and his cordon of police had to take refuge in the grand stand. Score:

Baltimore	R	B	P	A	E	Detroit	R	B	P	A	E
McGraw, 3b	1	1	0	0	0	Barrett, cf	1	2	1	0	0
Donlin, lf	0	1	3	1	0	Holmes, rf	1	1	2	0	0
Seymour, rf	1	1	2	0	0	Casey, 3b	0	1	3	4	0
Williams, 2b	0	1	1	3	0	Gleason, 2b	1	2	3	4	0
Dunn, ss	0	0	2	1	1	Elberfeld, ss	0	1	2	5	0
Brodie, cf	0	0	2	0	0	Nance, lf	0	0	1	0	0
Hart, 1b	0	0	10	0	0	Dillon, 1b	0	0	13	0	0
Jr'sn'n, c	0	0	3	1	0	McAlister, c	0	1	5	1	1
Howell, p	0	0	1	1	0	Selver, p	0	1	0	0	0
McGinnity, p	0	0	0	1	0						
Robinson, c	0	0	0	0	0						
Totals	2	7	27	13	1	Totals	5	10	27	15	1

Baltimore ..... 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—2
Detroit ..... 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—5

Two-base hits—Casey, Elberfeld, McAllister. Stolen base—Seymour. Double play—Howell-Hart. First base on balls—Off Selver, 3; off Howell, 1; off McGinnity, 1. Struck out—By McGinnity, 2; by Selver, 4. Time—2:00. Umpire—Connolly.

MORE FINES FOR THE ORIOLES.

President Johnson Takes Action Regarding Treatment of Umpires in Baltimore in Letter to McGraw.

President Ban Johnson yesterday sent a caustic letter to Manager "Muggsy" McGraw of the Baltimore club concerning the treatment of umpires in that city, and incidentally imposed a few small fines for offenses of that kind.

Pitcher McGinnity was barred from the coaching lines for a period of ten days. Fines were assessed as follows: McGraw, $25; McGinnity, $10; Keister, $5; Breenahan, $5. This action of Johnson will widen the breach between the scrappy Baltimore manager and himself, and it would not be surprising should McGraw come back with some retort which would move Johnson to give out the real facts in the treachery story, only an inkling of which has reached the public as yet.

Comiskey appeared yesterday walking with a cane, having recovered from his fishing trip experiences.

QUAKERS RECEIVE A SETBACK.

Brooklyn Wins Two Games by Timely Hitting—Donovan Holds His Opponents to Four Hits.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

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At the start Comiskey's men, anxious to break the losing streak that has been following them so closely, landed on Case Patton for two singles, a double, and a triple, and gained the advantage of four runs. But with this lead they did not let up, and worked hard for all the runs possible. In the sixth they annexed a bunch of three, and two more in the eighth, just to cinch the victory.

If credit for the victory rests with any individual, that individual is Clarke Griffith. It was Griffith who, when the Senators threatened to turn the tide in the opening inning, pitched himself out of a bad place and, although there was danger at all times, finally accomplished the downfall of Manning's men.

Patton Settles Down.

After Patton's disastrous first inning he settled down to overcome the lead, and so well did he pitch that in the next four innings only twelve men faced him, and none could get long keep the pent-up batting streak in motion. Down, down, down they mowed the ball scrifficallv in the sixth and eighth.

The White Stockings started the scoring in the first, when Hoy opened with a slashing three-baser to the clubhouse in right. Patton hit Jones, and when Mertes hit a grounder to Clingman Hoy reached the plate. Then Sheeman singled and Jones scored. McFarland doubled to left and Isbell struck out. Shugart smashed a clean single to center and Hartman and McFarland came home.

The Senators started strong when Waldron and Farrell both singled. But Dungan and Clarke went out, Waldron scoring on the latter play. Grady fouled to Sullivan, retiring the side.

In the fourth Manning's men added another run, the result of singles by Clarke, Coughlin, and Clingman, and two stolen bases, which netted Foster.

Chicago's Second Revival.

Chicago again got busy in the sixth. After McFarland and Isbell were dead, Shugart singled, and a moment later stole second. Then Sullivan hit to right center for three bases and Shugart crossed the plate. Griffith batted the sphere a mighty crack, and it landed on the porch of the clubhouse for a home run, Sullivan registering ahead of him.

In the seventh Patton, not to be outdone by the opposition, bumped the ball over the left field fence for a homer.

The champions made the last two runs and the games in the eighth on triples to right field by Isbell and Shugart and a fly to the outfield.

Washington	R	B	P	A	E	Chicago	R	B	P	A	E
Clarke, cf	0	1	1	0	0	Hoy, cf	1	1	1	0	0
Farrell, 2b	0	0	1	3	0	Jones, rf	1	0	2	0	0
Dungan, rf	0	0	1	0	0	Mertes, lf	1	0	2	0	0
Grady, c	0	0	4	0	0	Hartm'n, 3b	2	0	0	2	0
Coughl'n, lf	1	0	1	1	0	McFar'd, 2b	1	1	2	3	0
Clingm'n, 3b	1	0	0	2	0	Isbell, ss	0	1	1	2	0
Foster, ss	1	0	0	2	0	Shugart, ss	2	1	2	2	0
Patton, p	0	0	0	0	0	Sullivan, c	1	1	7	1	0
Waldron, 1b	0	0	8	0	0	Griffith, p	1	0	0	3	0
Totals	3	1	27	8	0	Totals	9	4	27	13	0

Washington ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0—3
Chicago ..... 4 0 0 0 0 1 0 4 x—9

Two-base hits—Hartman, Isbell, Shugart, Sullivan, Griffith. Three-base hits—Hoy, Jones. Home run—Griffith. Stolen bases—Waldron, Clingman, Shugart (3). Double plays—Shugart-Isbell-Clingman-Farrell-Grady. First base on balls—Off Patton, 1; off Griffith, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Patton, 1. Struck out—By Patton, 7; by Griffith, 4. Time—2:00. Umpire—Haskell.

Notes of the Game.

That home run by Griffith was a revelation to everybody.

Every one thought Shugart's triple in the eighth was a fly ball, but Foster let the ball bound and threw it away from Dungan, but Haskell allowed it.

Shugart narrowly escaped an error in the ninth. With Waldron on first Farrell hit a high fly to Shugart who dropped it, but threw to second, forcing Waldron.

Clingman made a pretty assist in the third. Isbell hit the ball at Patton, who threw out one base. First he tossed to Clingman, who accepted it with one hand and threw Clarke out.

BOSTON HOLDS TO ITS PACE.

Cy Young Blanks Milwaukee in Short-set Game of Season at Hub—Hawley Batted Freely.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 20.—Boston whitewashed Milwaukee in the quickest played game on the local grounds this season. Hawley, who occupied the box for the visitors, was easy and retired in favor of Sparks in the fourth. The latter shut the home team out without a hit for the remainder of the game. Score:

Boston	R	B	P	A	E	Milwaukee	R	B	P	A	E
Hemph'l, lf	1	1	1	0	0	Hog'ns'r, lf	0	0	1	1	0
Stahl, cf	1	1	2	0	0	Conroy, 3b	0	0	1	1	0
Collins, 3b	0	0	0	0	0	And'r'n, 1b	0	0	13	0	0
Duffy, rf	0	1	0	0	0	Duffy, cf	0	0	1	0	0
Parent, ss	1	1	1	2	0	Ganzel, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Farrell, 2b	0	0	2	2	0	Hallman, 2b	0	0	2	1	0
Criger, c	0	0	4	0	0	Abbey, ss	0	0	1	2	0
Young, p	0	1	0	1	0	Donahue, c	0	0	3	0	0
						Hawley, p	0	0	0	0	1
						Sparks, p	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	3	5	27	14	0	Totals	0	0	24	7	1

Boston ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 x—3
Milwaukee ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Stahl, Hallman, Donahue. Three-base hits—Stahl, Young. Home run—Stahl. Sacrifice hits—Collins. Double plays—Parent-Farrell-Hemphill, Collins-Parent-Freeman, Hemphill-Freeman-Abbey-Anderson. First base on balls—Off Hawley, 1; off Sparks, 1. Struck out—By Young, 3; by Hawley, 1; by Sparks, 1. Time—1:30. Umpire—Cantillon.

Cleveland, 7; Philadelphia, 3.

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Philadelp'a	R	B	P	A	E	Cleveland	R	B	P	A	E
Fultz, cf	0	2	1	0	0	Pick'ring, cf	0	4	2	1	0
Davis, 1b	0	1	12	0	0	O'Brien, lf	1	0	1	0	0
Crem. 2b	0	0	1	2	0	Beck, 2b	1	2	1	5	0
Lajoie, ss	0	0	2	3	1	Lachance, 1b	0	0	8	1	0
Delehan'y, rf	0	0	1	0	0	Delehan'y, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Thoney, lf	0	0	1	0	0	Wood, c	1	1	2	1	0
Powers, c	0	1	2	0	0	Harley, rf	1	2	2	1	0
Dolan, p	0	0	0	2	0	Bemis, ss	0	0	1	2	0
Bernhard, p	0	0	0	2	0	McNell, p	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	3	27	10	1	Totals	3	9	27	11	1

Philadelphia ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 2—3
Cleveland ..... 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 x—7

Two-base hits—Fultz, Davis, Dolan, Harley, Pickering. Three-base hits—O'Brien. Stolen base—Harley. Double plays—Ely-Lajoie-Davis; Harley-Lachance; Pickering-Lachance. First base on balls—Off Dolan, 1; off McNell, 1. Struck out—By Bernhard, 1; by McNell, 1. Wild pitch—Bernhard. Time—1:35. Umpire—Sheridan.

Detroit, 5; Baltimore, 2.

Baltimore, Aug. 20.—Detroit defeated Baltimore here today. Selvar proved an enigma to the local batters and Connolly's umpiring remain an arrestu stael he and his cordon of police had to take refuge in the grand stand. Score:

Baltimore	R	B	P	A	E	Detroit	R	B	P	A	E
McGraw, 3b	1	1	0	0	0	Barrett, cf	1	2	1	0	0
Donlin, lf	0	1	3	1	0	Holmes, rf	1	1	2	0	0
Seymour, rf	1	1	2	0	0	Casey, 3b	0	1	3	4	0
Williams, 2b	0	1	1	3	0	Gleason, 2b	1	2	3	4	0
Dunn, ss	0	0	2	1	1	Elberfeld, ss	0	1	2	5	0
Brodie, cf	0	0	2	0	0	Nance, lf	0	0	1	0	0
Hart, 1b	0	0	10	0	0	Dillon, 1b	0	0	13	0	0
Jr'sn'n, c	0	0	3	1	0	McAlister, c	0	1	5	1	1
Howell, p	0	0	1	1	0	Selver, p	0	1	0	0	0
McGinnity, p	0	0	0	1	0						
Robinson, c	0	0	0	0	0						
Totals	2	7	27	13	1	Totals	5	10	27	15	1

Baltimore ..... 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—2
Detroit ..... 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—5

Two-base hits—Casey, Elberfeld, McAllister. Stolen base—Seymour. Double play—Howell-Hart. First base on balls—Off Selver, 3; off Howell, 1; off McGinnity, 1. Struck out—By McGinnity, 2; by Selver, 4. Time—2:00. Umpire—Connolly.

MORE FINES FOR THE ORIOLES.

President Johnson Takes Action Regarding Treatment of Umpires in Baltimore in Letter to McGraw.

President Ban Johnson yesterday sent a caustic letter to Manager "Muggsy" McGraw of the Baltimore club concerning the treatment of umpires in that city, and incidentally imposed a few small fines for offenses of that kind.

Pitcher McGinnity was barred from the coaching lines for a period of ten days. Fines were assessed as follows: McGraw, $25; McGinnity, $10; Keister, $5; Breenahan, $5. This action of Johnson will widen the breach between the scrappy Baltimore manager and himself, and it would not be surprising should McGraw come back with some retort which would move Johnson to give out the real facts in the treachery story, only an inkling of which has reached the public as yet.

Comiskey appeared yesterday walking with a cane, having recovered from his fishing trip experiences.

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[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburg	56	37	.602	Boston	47	51	.480
Philadelphia	57	42	.576	Cincinnati	40	55	.421
St. Louis	56	44	.560	New York	39	54	.419
Brooklyn	56	45	.554	Chicago	39	63	.382

Yesterday's Results.

New York, 3; Boston, 0 [eleven innings].
Brooklyn, 7; Philadelphia, 1.
Brooklyn, 5; Philadelphia, 2.
Pittsburg, 14; St. Louis, 2.

Games Today.

Chicago at Cincinnati.
Pittsburg at St. Louis.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 20.—Brooklyn won two games from Philadelphia today by timely hitting. In the first game Donovan had the locals completely at his mercy. Emslie was taken sick and retired after the first game, players umpiring the second. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

Brooklyn	R	B	P	A	E	Phil'phia	R	B	P	A	E
Keeler, rf	1	2	2	0	0	Thomas, cf	0	1	2	0	0
Sheckard, lf	2	1	1	0	0	Werden, 3b	0	1	1	1	0
Dolan, cf	1	1	3	0	0	Flick, rf	1	1	2	0	0
Kelley, 1b	0	0	9	0	0	Doolan, lf	0	0	2	0	0
Daly, 2b	0	0	2	0	0	McFar'd, c	0	1	6	2	0
Dahlen, ss	0	1	2	3	1	Jennings, 1b	0	0	8	0	0
Ji. Irwin, 3b	0	0	0	2	0	Hallman, 2b	0	0	2	3	0
McGuire, c	0	0	3	1	0	Cross, ss	0	0	3	0	0
Farrell, c	0	0	1	1	0	Townsend, p	0	0	0	3	0
Donovan, p	0	0	0	2	0						
Totals	4	5	27	12	1	Totals	1	4	27	10	0

Brooklyn ..... 3 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—4
Philadelphia ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1

Two base hits—Sheckard, Flick. Stolen bases—Wolverton, Jennings. Double play—Donovan-Dahlen-Kelley. First base on balls—Off Donovan, 5; off Townsend, 3. Struck out—By Donovan, 4; by Townsend, 3. Passed ball—Farrell. Wild pitch—Donovan. Time—2:00. Umpire—Emslie.

SECOND GAME.

Brooklyn	R	B	P	A	E	Phil'phia	R	B	P	A	E
Keeler, rf	1	3	3	0	0	Thomas, cf	0	2	4	0	0
Sheckard, lf	1	4	2	0	0	Werden, 3b	0	1	1	0	0
Dolan, cf	0	0	1	0	0	Flick, rf	0	1	1	0	0
Kelley, 1b	0	0	14	0	0	Doolan, lf	0	1	1	0	0
Daly, 2b	0	1	1	5	0	Douglass, c	0	1	4	2	0
Dahlen, ss	0	1	3	3	0	Jennings, 1b	0	1	4	0	0
Irwin, 3b	0	1	1	1	0	Hallman, 2b	0	1	4	0	0
Farrell, c	0	1	5	1	0	Cross, ss	0	0	4	0	0
Hughes, p	0	1	0	0	0	Donohue, p	1	0	0	2	0
						*Orth	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	2	11	27	16	0	Totals	1	9	27	7	0

*Batted for Donohue in ninth.

Brooklyn ..... 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1—2
Philadelphia ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1

Two base hits—Sheckard, Dahlen. Home run—Sheckard. Stolen bases—Irwin, Douglass. Double plays—Dahlen-Kelley, Hughes-Dahlen-Kelley. First base on balls—Off Hughes, 4. Hit by pitcher—Irwin. Struck out—By Hughes, 6; by Donohue, 4. Time—2:10. Umpires—McGuire, Orth, and Jacklitsch.

Pittsburg, 14; St. Louis, 2.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 20.—Pittsburg indulged in a batting matinee today, and, aided by St. Louis' errors, piled up fourteen runs. For four innings Murphy shut out the visitors, but in the fifth he was found for six hits and five runs. Five hits in the sixth inning netted Pittsburg five more runs. Score:

Pittsburg	R	B	P	A	E	St. Louis	R	B	P	A	E
Clarke, lf	2	4	2	0	0	Burkett, lf	0	0	3	0	0
Beaumont, cf	2	3	2	0	0	Hedrick, cf	0	1	2	0	0
Davis, rf	1	2	2	0	0	Donovan, rf	0	0	3	1	0
Wagner, ss	2	2	5	6	1	Wallace, ss	0	0	1	3	1
Byrne, 1b	2	2	9	0	0	Smith, 1b	0	1	11	0	0
Ritchey, 2b	1	2	2	0	0	Padden, 2b	0	0	2	2	1
Yeager, 3b	1	2	1	1	0	McGann, 1b	1	1	12	2	0
Zimmer, c	2	2	6	0	0	Ryan, c	0	0	4	0	0
Chesbro, p	2	3	0	0	0	Murphy, p	1	0	0	3	1
						Wicker, p	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	14	21	27	14	3	Totals	3	2	27	17	4

Pittsburg ..... 0 0 0 0 5 5 1 2 1—14
St. Louis ..... 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Kruger. Three-base hits—Clarke, Beaumont. Sacrifice hits—Clarke. Hit by pitcher—By Chesbro, 2. Double play—Davis-Wagner. Bases on balls—Off Wicker, 1; off Chesbro, 1. Struck out—By Wicker, 2; by Chesbro, 3. Stolen bases—Wagner. Wild pitch—Chesbro. Time—1:50. Umpires—O'Day and Brown.

New York, 3; Boston, 0.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 20.—Willis weakened in the eleventh and three hits, together with a wild throw by Willis and a fumble by Lowe, brought in the only runs of the game. Score:

Boston	R	B	P	A	E	New York	R	B	P	A	E
Hamlin, rf	0	0	1	0	0	Van Haltr, cf	0	1	4	1	0
Tenney, 1b	0	2	11	1	0	Dougherty, 2b	0	0	1	2	0
Dement, 2b	0	0	1	5	1	McBride, rf	0	0	0	0	0
Cooley, lf	0	0	1	0	0	Selbach, lf	0	0	2	0	0
Hamilton, cf	0	1	0	0	0	Delehanty, 1b	0	0	9	0	0
Lowe, 3b	0	0	2	3	0	Bow'man, 3b	0	0	1	2	0
Long, ss	0	1	0	4	1	Ganzel, lb	0	1	11	0	0
Kittridge, c	0	0	4	1	0	Warner, c	0	0	4	0	0
Willis, p	0	0	0	1	0	Taylor, p	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	0	5	32	15	3	Totals	0	3	33	15	1

Boston ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
New York ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3—3

Two-base hits—Tenney, Stolen base—Willis. Double play—Dougherty-Delehanty. First base on balls—Off Willis, 2; off Taylor, 2. Struck out—By Willis, 2. Time—2:00. Umpire—Dwyer.

Double-Header for Remnants.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 20.—Today's Cincinnati-Chicago game was postponed on account of rain. There will be two games tomorrow.

ILLINOIS-INDIANA-IOWA LEAGUE

Cedar Rapids Wins Game from Evansville in Which the Losers Barely Escape a Shutout.

AT CEDAR RAPIDS.

Cedar Rapids	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	x	—4
Evansville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	—2

AT DAVENPORT.

Davenport	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—1
Terre Haute	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	—2

AT ROCKFORD.

Bloomington	2	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	—4
Rockford	0	0	0

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HONORS WON BY AUCHTERLONIE.

Glenview Professional Wins Western Open Golf Championship.

HIS SCORE A SURPRISE.

Plays Double Round of Midlothian Links in 160 Strokes; Bell Is Second.

HOLABIRD BEST AMATEUR.

Lawrence Auchterlonie is now the open golf champion of the West. Pitted against a field of forty players representing the best professional talent of this section of the country, the silent little man from the Glenview club finished first, with a score of 160 strokes for the double round of the course of the Midlothian Country club.

None of the experts estimated that less than 166 strokes would win, and the fact that the winner clipped six strokes off this total is sufficient evidence of the quality of his play. Victory gave the new champion a gold medal and $125 in cash.

The other prize winners were David Bell, Midlothian Country club, $75; Harry Turpie, Edgewater, $50; Fred Herd, Washington Park, $30; Willie Smith, Midlothian Country club, $15, and Arner Tollifson, Lake Geneva, $15. The latter two divided fifth prize.

William Holabird Jr. of the Glenview club once again demonstrated his great ability by leading the amateurs and capturing the silver medal offered for the lowest score made by an amateur.

Thus it happened that Glenview again outdistanced its rivals, the prize-winning epidemic having apparently extended to its professional. A few more victories and the Glenview directors will be confronted with the proposition of a storage-house for trophies.

Downfall of Smith.

The surprise of the play was the downfall of Willie Smith, who for two years has held the open championship of the West. Playing on his own course, he was conceded to have the best chance of winning, but his work was far from his usual standard, and he finished no less than 11 strokes behind Auchterlonie. Two years ago at Glenview these two players tied for the first Western open championship and in the playoff Smith won.

David Bell, who was somewhat handicapped by his injured ankle, showed he is fast rounding into the form which enabled him to head the resident professionals in the national open event at Wheaton last year. His two 81s were made by fine golf. Harry Turpie did well to finish third, as on the out journey a bilious attack affected his weight for several holes.

The opening event of the third annual championship of the Western Golf association was a thorough success when judged from the standpoint of high-class play. All of the prominent local professionals took part while fifteen of the leading amateurs essayed to measure clubs with them.

Players Complain of Wind.

A brisk breeze from the northeast blew all day long, and although some of the contestants complained that it was a handicap the low scores made would indicate that it did not bother the leading players to any great extent. Clouds obscured the sun all day long and the atmosphere was chilly.

The course was in good condition, although the fair green some few had the worst. Most of the contestants found the putting greens to their liking.

The morning play was watched by a fair crowd of spectators, Willie Smith and Auchterlonie, who were paired, drawing the largest gallery. The Glenview man started well and a good start to a man of his temperament often has proved a consistent golf and finished fine with a total of 79. David Bell brought hopes to the Midlothian contingent by coming in with an eighty-one, while Harry Turpie finished with an 82. Tollifson had an 81.

In the afternoon Auchterlonie and Smith again attracted the major portion of the gallery. The latter was clearly off his game, his approach work being poor for him, while he lacked the direction that was a noticeable feature of Auchterlonie's play.

Details of the Play.

Scores in detail of the prize winners:

Other scores:

James Foulis, Chicago—
Anderson ..... 45 43—88
Anderson ..... 41 44—85—173

Donald Braid, St. Paul—
Anderson ..... 44 44—88
Anderson ..... 42 44—86—174

Jim Kitchell, Cleveland—
Anderson ..... 44 45—89
Anderson ..... 44 42—86—175

William Holabird Jr., Glenview—
Anderson ..... 46 42—88
Anderson ..... 43 44—87—175

A. F. Carney, Riverside—
Anderson ..... 42 41—83
Anderson ..... 47 45—92—175

David Foulis, Chicago—
Anderson ..... 44 47—91
Anderson ..... 40 44—84—175

Willie Navarre, La Grange—
Anderson ..... 43 45—88
Anderson ..... 45 46—91—179

Harry J. Tweedie, Belmont—
Anderson ..... 49 46—92
Anderson ..... 45 45—88—180

Arner Tollifson, Riverside—
Anderson ..... 45 45—90
Anderson ..... 47 40—87—180

Willie Watters, Skokie—
Anderson ..... 45 45—90
Anderson ..... 45 46—91—181

Fred Taylor, Exmoor—
Anderson ..... 44 47—91
Anderson ..... 44 46—90—181

Willie Hill, Kenosha—
Anderson ..... 47 48—95
Anderson ..... 45 48—93—188

Alex. Pearson, Homewood—
Anderson ..... 44 47—91
Anderson ..... 44 44—88—183

Tom Pillsbury, Onwentsia—
Anderson ..... 44 47—91
Anderson ..... 44 44—88—183

Alex. Taylor, Exmoor—
Anderson ..... 48 43—91
Anderson ..... 47 45—92—183

Fred G. Hoyt, Glenview—
Anderson ..... 45 47—92
Anderson ..... 45 44—89—184

William Waller, Onwentsia—
Anderson ..... 45 48—93
Anderson ..... 45 46—91—184

Willie McIntosh, Westward Ho—
Anderson ..... 43 47—92
Anderson ..... 47 47—94—186

Fred G. Fraser, Glenview—
Anderson ..... 48 49—97
Anderson ..... 45 45—90—187

Tom G. Bristol, Midlothian—
Anderson ..... 46 51—97
Anderson ..... 45 47—92—189

Willie Smith, Onwentsia—
Anderson ..... 44 53—97
Anderson ..... 42 51—93—190

Jack Foulis, Kenosha—
Anderson ..... 47 49—96
Anderson ..... 47 48—95—191

Charles O. Allen, Kenosha—
Anderson ..... 51 47—98
Anderson ..... 47 49—96—194

Fred C. Smith, Onwentsia—
Anderson ..... 49 50—99
Anderson ..... 43 48—91—197

Charles B. Swift, Onwentsia—
Anderson ..... 52 50—102
Anderson ..... 50 48—98—200

Fred Mansels, Cincinnati—
Anderson ..... 50 54—104
Anderson ..... 43 53—95—203

Tom Vardon, Ilkeston—
Anderson ..... Withdrew.

Tom Kinsley, Glenview, 160:
Anderson ..... 4 5 5 4 4 6 5 5—40
Anderson ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40—80

Willie Smith, Midlothian, 162:
Anderson ..... 5 5 4 5 4 5 5 5—38
Anderson ..... 5 5 4 5 4 5 5 5—40—81

Harry Turpie, Edgewater, 167:
Anderson ..... 5 5 4 5 5 5 4 5—40
Anderson ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—42—82

Fred Herd, Washington Park, 170:
Anderson ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 5—41
Anderson ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40—85

Arner Tollifson, Lake Geneva, 171:
Anderson ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40
Anderson ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6—42—82

Willie Smith, Midlothian, 171:
Anderson ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40
Anderson ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6—41—81

Tom Vardon, Ilkeston—
Anderson ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40
Anderson ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40—80

Tom Pillsbury, Onwentsia—
Anderson ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40
Anderson ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40—80

Tom Vardon, Ilkeston—
Anderson ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40
Anderson ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40—80

Tom Pillsbury, Onwentsia, 183.
Out ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40
In ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40—80
Out ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40
In ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40—80

Tom Vardon, Ilkeston—
Out ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40
In ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40—80

Pillsbury led the amateurs, their detailed scores being as follows:

William Holabird Jr., Glenview, 175.
Out ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 4 5—40
In ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 4 4 5—42—82
Out ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 4 4 5—42
In ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—45—87

H. J. Tweedie, Belmont, 180.
Out ..... 5 5 4 5 5 5 5 5—40
In ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40—80
Out ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40
In ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—45—85

W. F. Pillsbury, Onwentsia, 183.
Out ..... 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—39
In ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40—79
Out ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40
In ..... 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5—40—80

Marshall Field Trophy.

This morning at 9:30 o'clock play for the Marshall Field trophy will commence. Twelve teams have entered for the trophy and the battle among the leaders is likely to be close. Play will be at thirty-six holes. The Onwentsia team, which captured the trophy last year, is strong, while the Glenview club will be without the services of Wirt L. Thompson and Captain Sellers. The teams are composed as follows:

Glenview—George R. Thorne, W. L. Osborn, Phelps B. Hoyt, John D. Towne, and William Holabird Jr.

Riverside—E. B. Bliss, H. K. Allen, D. G. Craig, J. F. Palmer, and C. W. Heywood.

Onwentsia—D. J. Fraser, William Waller, Walter Egan, W. P. Pillsbury, and A. Poole.

Belmont—Herbert J. Tweedie, W. E. Conklyn, F. L. Roach, Jr., Ross Bowen, E. T. Martin.

Milwaukee—Louis Allis, L. T. Boyd, A. Fuller, H. Rose, and H. Morris.

Midlothian—W. G. Bristol, J. G. Hinkley, J. C. Daniels, C. Counselman Jr., and another.

Other teams entered are from the St. Paul, Skokie, Exmoor, Chicago, Detroit, and Kenosha clubs.

Entries for Amateur Contest.

The entry list for the Western amateur golf championship closed last night with ninety-five names, and Secretary E. P. Martin expects two or three more by mail. The list is as follows:

Fred R. Hamlin, A. L. Reid, H. J. Tweedie, M. Doran, J. F. Bendt, S. Hamilton, W. H. Templeton, J. H. Cady, F. R. Pettit, W. H. Yule, C. C. Lilley, W. G. Bristol, J. O. Hinkley, Nisi Maclean, John Stuart, J. Black, Stacy Pope, D. and Fitzgerald, Walter Knott, W. E. Clow Jr., William Holabird Jr., F. D. Frazier, John D. Thorne, J. M. Sellers, W. I. Osborne, A. C. Thorne, Phelps B. Hoyt, John Holabird, N. Towne, H. C. Egan, Major Bell, C. Carbaugh, Gustavus Pearsons, C. C. Fuller, L. T. Boyd, A. G. Bennett, J. C. Daniels, W. H. Bennett, Laverne H. Noyes, C. A. Atkinson, Alden B. Sampson, William Waller, W. P. Pillsbury, W. J. Howard Jr., S. O. Dunger, H. K. Allen, J. S. Driver, Charles Hayward, Gale Thompson, Wallace L. De Wolf, S. H. Hunt, W. Robbins, T. W. Gilson, H. E. Daniels, R. E. Daniels, Clayton R. Johnston, R. A. Mead, W. A. Fraser, Fritchie, 84 (Thompson)..... 2 3 3 2 2 2 2 2—18
W. D. Wright, C. Brown, R. D. Bokum Jr., W. Kettlestrings, Thomas Taylor Jr., R. G. Watson, Fred Smith, Lorenzo Smith, William Waller, Aldrich, Thayer McMillan, W. Carhartt, R. Russell, J. A. Dyar, S. Sweeney, W. J. Dore, W. W. Willetts, P. H. Anderson, Frank Peabody, W. F. Quick, E. A. Russell, Charles Zeublin, R. Pike, P. Bowers, W. Rose, W. Lee, Leland, W. Gray, A. Poole Jr., W. G. Colvin, A. R. Barker, R. E. Hunter, C. L. McKittrick, H. E. Havemeyer, C. W. Gaylord.

TRAVIS TELLS OF GOLF ABROAD.

American Amateur Champion Gives His Impressions of Links and Caddies in England and Scotland.

New York, Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Walter J. Travis, the first American amateur golf champion to try his luck on the links of Scotland and England, was a passenger on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. He talked freely of the impression he received. He said in part:

"I am forced to admit that the links abroad are far more severe tests of golf than those in this country. Naturally the general standard of golfing among those with any pretensions to class is higher than it is here. The putting greens are unassisted and mostly larger in size than here. The turf is thinner and the greens fast. The turf is not hard, but full of spring.

"I did not find the caddies the reliable guides we had been told they are. They are absolutely unable to give you a distance in yards just as an English jockey cannot work a race horse in a given time. But they know more about the little points than our caddies, such as making tees and standing so that their shadow will not take your eye off the ball."

SHAMROCK II. TO GREET LIPTON.

America Cup Challenger Made Ready to Salute Sir Thomas Lipton on His Arrival Today.

New York, Aug. 20.—Sunshine and a westerly breeze brought good cheer to Skipper Sycamore and the crew of the Shamrock II. shortly before noon today. Sails and gear were overhauled and made ready to put in place on board the challenger the first thing in the morning, for it is the intention to have the yacht under sail when the steamship Teutonic arrives with Sir Thomas Lipton on board.

Between noon and sunset today the Shamrock's hull above the water line was painted a rich dark green, and the finishing touches were given to the mast, gaff, and boom. Painters and varnishers worked upon the steam yacht Erin until dark, so that she also will be ready to go to sea to meet her owner when the Teutonic is sighted.

The tug James Lawrence, the Shamrock's tender, made a couple of trips to the city during the day, bringing down David Barrie and Captain Sycamore in the afternoon to make final arrangements for tomorrow's reception of Sir Thomas and the Shamrock's designer, George L. Watson.

Invader May Race Genesee.

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 20.—According to a member of the Royal Canadian Yacht club, who was a visitor to this city today, there is a scheme on foot in Toronto to send the victorious Invader to Rochester after the Fischer Cup, which is at present held by the Rochester Yacht club. The man who brought the information would not consent to having his name used, but said a challenge might be expected within a few days. If a challenge comes it will undoubtedly be accepted, and the Genesee will defend the trophy.

LAWRENCE AUCHTERLONIE OF GLENVIEW.

LAWRENCE AUCHTERLONIE.

Winner of the Western open golf championship at Midlothian yesterday, with the unexpected score of 160.

WISE MONEY ON WINNERS.

PADDOCK CONTINGENT IN LINE AT HAWTHORNE TRACK.

Horses Upset Handicappers in the Last Three Events, but Run According to the Information Doled Out by a Select Coterie — Vulcain Beats Hernando in the Mile Handicap—Old Oxnard Wins the Last Event to the Delight of Many "Pikers."

The holding condition of the Hawthorne track yesterday did not mar the sport nor prevent paddock students of racing from selecting the winners.

It was immaterial to them whether their selection was an odds-on favorite or an outsider; their money landed on the right one. They simply outbid the handicappers, or "dopers," as they are termed. The latter class of turf followers figured the winners of the first three events to a nicety, but slipped numerous cogs in "doping" the last three.

The paddock students, however, were conspicuous throughout the afternoon. They hit on everything, regardless of price or figures, and made a general cleaning up. They began operations in the ring in the opening event by backing Muresca at 2 to 1 and a point better, and saw the filly open up a gap of twenty lengths, sailing around the far bend, and later witnessed her romping over the imaginary line a winner by a half-dozen lengths, and slowed up at that.

About Played for the Place.

School for Scandal was the next selection and those who did not back her at 1 to 2 went to About at 8 to 1 and 6 to 5 place and show. And that is how they finished.

The third race had but four starters and Malay received the backing at 3 to 5 and a point less. This race brought forth the first and only real struggle of the afternoon. Rowell's trick was conceded the race by handicappers and paddockites, but Trinity Bell, the 12 to 5 second choice gave them a scare. Gormley was astride Trinity Bell and shot her to the front at flag fall. Going down the back stretch she led Malay by a dozen lengths. The race appeared to be all over after half the journey had been traveled, but Malay devoured the mud in the last quarter and won quite handily at the end.

Handicappers went to Hernando in the fourth race, a handicap affair at one mile, and the feature event on the program. Hernando opened at even money and was quickly battered down to 4 to 5. Vulcain's opening price was 5 to 2 and when, by easy stages, it moved up to 7 to 2 the paddock students began sneaking in their money and cashed after the race.

Coburn Takes His Mount Wide.

Hernando was second away from the post and led the field in the race to the first turn. At this point, however, Coburn raced him out wide, permitting Lady Strathmore to take the lead, while he floundered back into last position. It was a careless piece of racing on Coburn's part and destroyed whatever chance he had of winning, considering the holding condition of the course. Strathmore retired in favor of Vulcain at the far bend, which ended the race so far as the winner was concerned, as Vulcain simply "mizzled" through the wire and secured an easy victory. Hernando and Silurian battled for second money, which went to the first named by three-fourths of a length.

The "dopers" had Goal Runner pegged to win the fifth race, but the smart set went to Educate at 8 to 1 and cashed. Banish at 6 to 5, said the handicappers in the last race, but the paddock students said Oxnard and Prairie Dog, and that is how they finished.

Hawthorne Summaries Aug. 20.

Weather cloudy; track heavy.

First race, 1-16 mile, purse $400, 2-year-olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
2-1	Muresca, 101 [J. Ransch]	1h	1½	1½	1½	1
6-5	Pyrrho, 108 [Gormley]	4½	6	1½	2h	2
12-5	H. Wilson, 106 [Sullivan]	6	5h	3nk	4h	3

Time, 1:13⅘. Has Gift, 96 pounds [Birkenruth]; Blue Ridge, 96 [E. Steele]; and Gold Medal, 94 [Davisson], finished as named. Winner, C. Lind's br. f., by Prestonpans—Mura. Won in a canter. Harry Wilson could not negotiate the heavy going and ran a poor race.

Second race, ⅝ mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
9-20	E. for Scan., 107 [Knight]	1h	1½	1½	1½	1
11- 1	About, 102 [Gormley]	3½	2½	2½	2½	2
40- 1	Aude, 107 [Rose]	2½	3h	3½	3½	3

Time, 1:03. Mary Moorse, 112 pounds [Tully]; Sphinx, 102 [E. Steele]; Prince Kenilworth, 107 [Dominick]; Hattie June, 107 [Birkenruth]; Emily Crean, 107 [J. Williams]; Maiden Lane, 107 [R. Sullivan]; King's Favorite, 102 [Nelson]; Economic, 107 [J. Ransch]; and Machuska, 107 [Bowman], finished as named. Winner, J. R. Respess' ch. c., by Yeuton—Flying Rumor. Won in a gallop. School for Scandal was thrown into an easy spot and simply galloped away from her field. Princess Strathmore showed early speed.

Third race, 1 mile and 70 yards, purse $500:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
18-20	Malay, 107 [Knight]	2½	2½	2½	2½	1
11- 5	Trinity Bell, 95 [Gormley]	1h	1½	1½	1½	2
13- 1	Strangest, 104 [Davisson]	3h	4	3½	3h	3

Time, 1:53⅘. Banale also ran. Winner, H. E. Rowell's br. f., by Pirate of Penzance—Miss Thomas. Won handily. Malay, badly outrun the first seven furlongs, closed resolutely and was going away at the end.

Fourth race, 1 mile, purse $700, handicap:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
16- 5	Vulcain, 110 [Sullivan]	5h	2nk	1½	1½	1
17-20	Hernando, 109 [Coburn]	1h	1h	2h	2h	2
6- 1	Silurian, 95 [J. Ransch]	2nk	4h	3½	3nk	3

Time, 1:48⅘. Lady Strathmore, 90 pounds [Gormley], and Maggie Davis, 90 [Davisson], finished as named. Winner, S. C. Hildreth's ch. c., by Kingston—Arrowgrass. Won easily. Vulcain easily assumed the lead after a half had been run and was never afterward in trouble. Hernando did not appear to like any too kindly to the going, but finished sturdily.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
8-1	Educate, 91 [Gargan]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1
3-1	If You Dare, 108 [Alexander]	4h	2½	2½	2½	2
1-1	Goal Runner, 104 [Dominick]	2½	3h	3½	3½	3

Time, 1:19⅘. Little Duchess II., 88 pounds [Davisson]; Pupil, 105 [T. Knight]; Ural, 95 [Arvin]; C. D. Campbell, 90 [D. Mitchell]; A. Dougherty, 105 [J. Ransch]; Pirate's Queen, 88 [R. Steele]; Lucille Bramble, 102 [R. Sullivan]; Friadikas, 104 [J. McInerny]; Big Injun, 100 [Ransom]; and Esther Rigg, 96 [Weir], finished as named. Winner, J. J. McMurray & Co.'s b. f., by Russell—Edith. Won easily. Educate, off crying, opened a gap on her field and easily remained in front to the end. If You Dare closed with determination and got up in time to nip Goal Runner on the post. The latter ran a dull race and was stopping badly at the end. Little Duchess II. ran a good race and will bear watching, especially in the soft going.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
4-1	Oxnard, 108 [R. Sullivan]	2½	2½	2h	1½	1
7-1	Prairie Dog, 98 [McInerny]	3½	4½	4½	2½	2
20-1	George Lee, 108 [Birkenruth]	4½	3½	3h	3½	3

Time, 1:50⅘. Banish, 99 pounds [R. Steele] Fairy Lead, 104 [Gormley]; Boone, 106 [Dominick]; and Hanan, 103 [J. Ransch], finished as named. Winner, H. Thorpe & Co.'s b. f., by Strathmore—Eloise. Won rather handily after a sharp drive at the last eighth post. Prairie Dog stopped badly in the last sixteenth and was swerving toward the inside rail. George Lee finished with a rush and will about do next time in the same kind of going.

Hawthorne Entries.

First race, ⅝ mile, 2-year-olds, maidens, fillies:

Admirante	115	Dunlagad	107
The Stewardess	115	Prue	107
Lucy Locket	115	Grizal	107
Baby Hall	115	The Rabbit	107
Real Raphael	115	Evil Eye	107
Lingo	110	Lady Like	107
Whims	110	Corinne Unland	107

Second race, 6½ furlongs, selling:

Hart D.	105	Big Injun	96
Crefner	102	Krewer	89
Rival Dare	102	Little Duchess II.	84
Sam Lazarus Esq.	101	Pirate's Queen	84
True Fit	101		

Third race, 1 mile, 3-year-olds:

Whitfield	115	Rasselas	105
Arregor	115	Rubz	102
Flying Torpedo	112	St. Bluff	102
Telamon	110		

Fourth race, 1 mile, handicap:

Federal	108	Boney Boy	98
The Conqueror II.	105	Henry of Trastamare	97
Strangest	99	Kentucky Babe	92

Fifth race, 1¼ miles, selling:

Volandies	106	Odnor	92
Hermencia	104	Searcher	91
Prince Blazes	106	Zack Phelps	90
Frangible	102	Pencil Me	85

Sixth race, 1 mile:

Ecome	124	Maryland Reserve	121
Captain Hamm	121	Charles Moore	110
Dan Cupid	121	Helen Paxton	119
The Bondman	121		

Notes of the Track.

Prince Poniatowski will ship his horses, Brutal and Ishtar, to New York today.

Secretary Nathanson contemplates putting on two stake events at Harlem on Labor day.

Alec Shields of the firm of Carruthers & Shields yesterday shipped Advance Guard and other horses in the stable to the East.

Tom Williams, the California turf magnate, arrived in Chicago yesterday from his European trip, and after resting up a couple of hours left for San Francisco.

Scotch Plaid, Eddie Jones, Doreen, and four other horses of the Burns & Waterhouse stable will be shipped West and given a rest until the racing season opens in San Francisco.

A free-for-all fight, in which all pugilistic rules were disregarded, took place in the paddock previous to the last race. No one seemed to know who or what caused the scrap. Even the officer who wielded his club to quell the disturbance was unable to get at the bottom of the trouble.

ROEHAMPTON OUTSPEEDS IMP.

Black Racing Mare Is Beaten Easily at Saratoga—Wimmer Says Track Was Not Favorable.

[BY T. J. GALLAGHER.]

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Roehampton made Imp look like a jade this afternoon. They met in the third race, one mile and a sixteenth, with the weights ten pounds below the scale, and allowances to which neither was entitled.

Imp carried 111 and was ridden by Fairgood, and Roehampton packed 106 with O'Connor wearing the colors. The Rhymer got in at 96 and Sweet Lavender at 91. Imp and Sweet Lavender set the pace, with The Rhymer running third, until the half-mile ground was reached. There The Rhymer retired and Roehampton, under a comfortable pull, took third place, two open lengths behind the mare. Before they were half way around the upper turn Sweet Lavender yielded and Imp momentarily promised to come home alone. Then O'Connor gave Roehampton his head. The result was astonishing and spectacular. In fifty yards he flashed by the black mare and secured a lead of two open lengths before turning into the stretch.

The old mare made a game finish, but the colt easily retained his lead to the end, finishing with something to spare in 1:45⅘. The last mile was run in 1:40½. Before the race O'Connor told Mr. Featherstone that imp had no chance to beat his mount. He said: "If she makes the pace I'll run over her when I get ready, and if I make the pace she will never catch me."

Peter Wimmer said the mare ran her race, but did not seem to like the track, which broke under her long strides. He believed there is no reason to make any excuses for her, because the horse that beat her has so much speed that there is no use trying to beat him until he has to carry more weight.

Elsie L., owned by Tichenor & Co. of Chicago, won the last race, a 2-year-old selling event of five furlongs and a half. She was heavily played, being backed from 6 to 5 to 7 to 10. Keynote finished second. He was a strongly backed second choice.

Saratoga Summaries Aug. 20.

Weather cloudy. Track fast.

First race, 2 miles, over eight hurdles, the Summer Stakes, value $1,000:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
4- 5	Holland, 146 [Veitch]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1
11-10	Draughtsman, 146 [M'Ivor]	2	2	2	2	2

Time, 4:01 2-5. Winner, ch. h., by Hanover—Katrina. Won easily.

Second race, ⅞ mile, $500 added, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
15-1	Hammock, 111 [Landry]	6	7½	5½	2h	1½
7-2	B. Fritchie, 94 [Thorpe]	2	2	1½	1½	2
13-5	Satire, 104 [Shaw]	3	1½	2	1½	3

Time, 1:27. Eloim, 100 pounds [Mulholland]; Oliver Mc., 100 [Brennan]; Scotch Plaid, 103 [T. Burns]; Annie Thompson, 97 [Beauchamp]; Bill Massie, 105 [J. O'Connor]; Gertrude Elliott, 84 [Mitchell]; Ballentyne, 94 [Thompson]; Cogswell, 96 [L. Smith]; Diffidence, 93 [Creamer]; and Anecdote, 108 [Slack], finished as named. Winner, Mr. Hanover—Aurania. Won driving. Hammock, always a good horse at this distance, finished strongly and was favored by the soft going.

Third race, 1 1-16 miles, $700 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
7-2	Roehampton, 106 [O'Connor]	2½	2½	1½	1½	1
12-1	The Rhymer, 98 [McGinn]	4	4	3h	2½	2
4- 1	Imp, 111 [Fairgood]	1	1h	2½	3½	3

Time, 1:46 4-5. Sweet Lavender, 96 pounds [L. Smith], also ran. Winner, ch. c., by Bathampton—Agnes Flash. Won in a canter. Roehampton waited on the pacemakers to the far turn, where he ran past them as if they were tired.

Fourth race, 5½ furlongs, $500 added, 2-year-olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
1-8	Honolulu, 106 [Shaw]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1
12-1	Anak, 106 [Mounce]	3	2½	2½	2½	2
10-1	Shandon'dd, 106 [McGinn]	2½	3½	3½	3½	3

Time, 1:08. Cara Paw, 100 pounds [Beauchamp]; Bedington, 104 [Blair]; Athelia, 94 [Thompson]; and Cassville, 97 [H. Michaels], finished as named. Winner, b. f., by Star Ruby—Baby. Won handily. Honolulu, perfectly handled, was probably best today, but Anak will reverse this running when they meet again.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles, $800 added, handicap:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
9-5	Kinnikinnick, 114 [Shaw]	2½	2½	2½	1½	1
3-1	The Amazon, 108 [Cochran]	3	1½	2½	2½	2
20-1	Trigger, 113 [Odom]	1	6	5	5	3

Time, 1:46 4-5. Specific, 118 pounds [T. Burns], and Agnes D., 98 [L. Smith], finished as named. Winner, b. g., by Candiemas—Flibbertigibbett. Won driving. Kinnikinnick was favored by the soft going and his weight sat lightly on him and he ran ons of his good races.

Sixth race, 5½ furlongs, $500 added, 2-year-olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
7-10	Elsie L., 109 [C. Burns]	2½	2½	1½	1½	1
3- 1	Keynote, 106 [O'Connor]	3½	3½	2½	2½	2
10- 1	Oclawaha, 101 [Smith]	4½	5½	4h	3h	3

Time, 1:07 2-5. Dark Secret, 104 pounds [Shaw]; Equalize, 103 [Booker]; Montana Pioneer, 104 [Cochran]; Connecticut, 116 [Van Kuren]; Trump, 102 [Creamer]; and Similar, 101 [Beauchamp], finished as named. Winner, b. f., by St. Leonards—Elsie. Won easily. Elsie L. was best and will do better on a harder and faster track.

Saratoga Entries.

First race, ⅞ mile, handicap—The Musketeer, 120 pounds; Chuctanunda, 117; Demurrer, 116; John Ruskin, 107; May W., 104; Sly, 102; Belle of Lexington, 95; Lucent, 88.

Second race, 1 1-16 miles—Alfred Vargrave, 111 pounds; Aisike, 106; Blueaway, 106; Larkspur, 104; Dolando, 103; Lord Ogleby, 103; Bower, 103; In Shot, 92; Chaos, 88.

Third race, ⅞ mile, 2-year-olds, Grand Union Hotel Stakes, value $10,000—Goldsmith, 126 pounds; Masterman, 127; Alibert, 122; Pretorius, 117; Peninsula, 117; Stranger, 117; South Elkhorn, 117; Dixieline, 117; Baron, 110

LAKE REVIEWERS SEEKING WEALTH

Raise Schedules of Several Residents of the North Shore Suburbs.

ASK ABOUT REID ESTATE.

Will Be Told Today the $1,300,000 Securities Is Now in Chicago Realty.

HIGHBALLS KEEP UP CITY.

The Lake County Board of Review is still engaged in raising the assessments of wealthy Chicago residents of the north shore suburbs. They raised the valuation of Delavan Smith's personalty yesterday $100,000 and that of Alfred P. Granger $700. They also sent a notice to Byron L. Smith to appear today and explain why the Simon Reid estate, probated several years ago at $1,300,000 and not yet distributed, schedules only $40,000 of personalty.

Mr. Smith, who is one of the three trustees of the estate, left for Oconomowoc yesterday afternoon and is visiting at the residence of W. E. Kelly there. He said last evening that under the terms of the will most of the personal property had been sold and the money invested in Chicago real estate. It is therefore taxed in Cook County. A representative of the estate will go to Waukegan today to explain this.

Assess Electric Franchise.

The Lake County board decided that the franchise of the Highland Park Electric Light company is worth $10,000, and so assessed it, although the local assessors did not list it.

The valuation of the Armour ice house at Western Lake was raised $2,800.

A letter was sent to the Lake County board by the Cook County reviewers during the day calling attention to the fact that E. Buckingham says he resides with votes in Lake Forest. The Lake County Board is asked to assess Mr. Buckingham $150,000.

Part of Evanston Advanced.

Real estate valuations in another town of Cook County were increased during the day. That part of Evanston in the Town of Lake View was listed for an advance of 15 per cent. In connection with the increases to be made in all the different towns the board is comparing the assessments in those districts with the actual prices received for property there according to deeds recorded.

"I think," said Receiver Upham, "that the residence portion of the West Town is assessed higher in proportion than that of the Town of Hyde Park and the Town of Lake." It is thought that the assessments in the West Town will be increased, and that liberal advances will be made in Lake and Hyde Park.

"Highballs" Keep Up Chicago.

"Highballs," according to former Controller W. D. Kerfoot, keep Chicago going. While appearing before the Board of Review in regard to some of the assessments against his property Mr. Kerfoot indulged in some plain statements.

"The financial difficulties which confront the city are not understood," he said. "If the theory of Attorney John Adair that the city has no power to levy taxes except for running expenses should prevail, Chicago would be on its beam ends. All permanent improvements would have to be paid for in other ways.

"The fact is, the City of Chicago is run on whisky and water. That makes a 'highball,' and too many 'highballs' are bad for the system. In my opinion too much whisky and water is not good for the city. If it were not for the revenues from the saloon licenses and the water tax Chicago would be in a bad way."

WANT DIVORCE LAWS CHANGED.

Denver Clergymen Present Views to Commissioners for Uniform Legislation—Officers Elected.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 20.—The eleventh annual conference of the State Commissioners for the Promotion of Uniform Legislation, which began yesterday, gave a hearing this forenoon to a delegation of Denver clergymen, headed by Dr. J. D. Rankin, who presented their views on the divorce question. They contended that divorces are too easily obtained in many States, and advocated changes in the laws to correct the alleged evils under the present system.

After listening to the arguments of the ministers the conference resumed consideration of the proposed uniform divorce act, discussing the question whether section 1 should be eliminated. This section provides that "no divorce shall be granted for any cause arising prior to the residence of the complainant or defendant in this State which was not a ground for divorce in the State where the cause arose."

The point had been raised that this section, if enacted into law, would work hardship in many cases, particularly where a bona fide residence has been acquired by the petitioner.

It was finally decided to divide the proposed measure, making the first section a separate bill, and recommend that both bills be adopted by the several States.

Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: President, Amasa M. Eaton, Providence, R. I.; Vice President, W. A. Ketcham, Indianapolis; secretary, Albert E. Henschel, New York; assistant secretary, J. Moss Ives, Danbury, Conn.

COULD HAVE BEACHED VESSEL.

Testimony Shows That All on Wrecked Steamer Islander Might Have Been Saved but for Stowaway.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 20.—J. T. Snyder of Juneau arrived on the steamer Farallon today. Mr. Snyder was on the lost Islander, was in the water three hours, clinging to a raft, and was finally picked up unconscious. He left the boat just half a minute after the Captain jumped overboard, and they both held on to the same raft for fully half an hour, and in conversation the Captain said he could not understand why the boat went down so quickly.

Regarding the inquest at Juneau Mr. Snyder said:

"The pilot testified that he was on the bridge and that as soon as the vessel struck he told the Captain he was going to beach it, but the Captain said: 'No; there is a better place about three miles from here, and it will easily float that long.'

"The testimony showed that there was a stowaway in the forward water-tight compartment, and when the vessel struck the water rushed in on him and he set up a howl. The sailors rushed down and opened the compartment, which allowed the sea to come rolling into the hold. This was done without the Captain's knowledge, and I think excused him for thinking the vessel would float several hours, which it would have done had the water-tight compartment not been opened."

Gas Wrecks House; Injures Three.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Aug. 20.—An explosion of gas wrecked the residence of Edward Lowenthal this morning. Mrs. Lowenthal was blown through a closed door, and probably will die. Mr. Lowenthal was badly burned. Eli Strayer was hurled through an open door into the yard. The house was burned.

Senator Hanna Starts for Hay Lake.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 20.—Senator and Mrs. Hanna, accompanied by their two daughters, the Misses Mabel and Ruth, left Cleveland today on the steamer Northwest for Hay Lake, near Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., where the family will spend a few days at the Hanna summer cottage.

$12.50 St. Paul-Minneapolis and Return.

Chicago and Northwestern railway, Aug. 15 to 21; 4 trains daily, 9 a. m., 6:30 p. m., 10 p. m., and 10:15 p. m. Service unequaled. Ticket offices, 226 Clark street and Wells Street Station.

SEES CRISIS BEFORE POOR.

HIGH PRICES OF VEGETABLES CAUSE OF NEW CONDITIONS.

Secretary of Economical Food Bureau Declares Working Classes Will Have to Find Substitutes for Potatoes and Other Costly Articles of Diet—Believes Rice Is Bound to Become More Popular—Prepares Report for Government.

Ethelbert Stewart, secretary of the Economical Food bureau in the Rand-McNally Building, who is gathering statistics for the government along the lines of cheap foods for the working classes, declares that the poor are facing a crisis that may alter their mode of life and force them to adopt substitutes for potatoes and such vegetables as cabbage and beans. Mr. Stewart has been making a thorough investigation of the conditions caused by the exceptional rise in the prices of vegetables.

"Rice, as THE TRIBUNE reported yesterday, is bound to become more and more popular," he said, "for its prices do not vary much and its qualities are the same as those of potatoes. This stringency is causing the working classes to eat more soup and stew than ever before; in fact, the uninitiated would marvel at the extent these articles of diet have come into use since the first of July.

Meat Takes Place of Vegetables.

"Barley and rice, corn and hominy, are daily going into households that did not know them. Meat is being used in greater quantities than for many years past. The prices of such cuts as round steak and pot roasts have not increased to any extent, and the poor are using them in lieu of vegetables. A man cannot afford to use cabbage when it is 10 cents a head—and a small one at that. Potatoes of the fancy grade reached $1.75 a bushel yesterday. Think of it. What poor man can use them?

"I have my report along this line about ready to send to Washington, and while I cannot make it public, it shows that this condition is true throughout the West, and along most lines of vegetables and even fruit."

It was asserted yesterday that the sudden rise in prices is due to the cold storage men throughout the West. It is claimed by small grocers that these men buy up the vegetables, hold them, or ship them out of town, making a stringency and causing a rise. Small dealers have been making complaints in an indefinite way to Secretary Stewart and government officers.

Price of Potatoes Jumps.

Potatoes advanced to $1.75 a sack wholesale for the home grown product yesterday, a clean jump of 15 cents. By the bushel in carload lots Minnesota and other varieties from the Northwest sold at $1.25 to $1.30, an increase of five to 10 cents over Monday's quotations. The advance is attributed to the rains of the last few days stopping the digging of potatoes in the surrounding country, from which Chicago is getting a large part of its potatoes at present. Receipts of potatoes generally are light, with a heavy, continuous demand from sections where the vegetable crops have failed. This keeps potato stocks well cleaned up here, and any shortening of even the limited supply affects prices. The housekeeper just now, however, is able to find some relief in the fact that beets, turnips, carrots, and other vegetables are getting cheaper.

FORT SHERIDAN HAS ROMANCE.

Color Sergeant Emmett and Mrs. Berberich, His Language Pupil, Will Be Married Today.

With the marriage of Color Sergeant George Emmett of the Twenty-ninth Infantry and Mrs. Mary Berberich today one of the many romantic courtings which of late have been noted in Fort Sheridan will be happily ended. Sergeant Emmett met Mrs. Berberich some time since, and touched by her struggles to support herself and her six small children sought to help her. Finding that having gone from Germany almost directly to the Philippines, where her soldier husband died, she was unable to speak much English, he thought the greatest aid he could give was to teach her the language. In so doing he fell in love with his pupil, and today she will be his bride.

Emmett, who has attained his present position in less than six months, despite the fact that the time usually required is twenty-five years, will take the examination in a year for a commission in the army. He served fourteen years in the British army, being enrolled in the Connaught Rangers. He asked for his discharge from that service before the outbreak of the Boer war, declaring that he could not fight against people who were contesting for their rights.

As a result of the insults which Sergeant Emmett received from vaudeville actors while watching a performance at Fort Sheridan Park with his fiancée a short time ago, and which were prompted by the jealousy of his comrades the guard which had been stationed there to prevent disorder was withdrawn yesterday by Colonel Van Horn, the commander of the post. In withdrawing the guard Colonel Van Horn declared that he had no intention of protecting either the actors who would insult their defenders or the people who were sufficiently rancorous to permit the same with impunity.

HOFSTRA DENIES HE SMUGGLED.

Principal of Holland Christian Reformed School Says Report of Customs Trouble Is Visionary.

Professor Lambert Hofstra, 157 Hastings street, principal of the Holland Christian Reformed School, about whom the story was circulated that he vainly attempted to elude the custom inspector at New York by carrying watches and diamonds under his shirt, returned to his home last night. He vigorously denied the report that he had tried to evade the payment of duty on any of the jewelry he brought back with him from his trip to Holland.

"The story that I concealed three watches and diamond rings under my shirt and buttoned my overcoat tight to hoodwink the custom house people is wholly visionary," said Hofstra. "I paid duty on everything I had that could be classed as dutiable matter.

"When the officer asked if I had any dutiable jewelry on my person I showed him two ladies' watches that I was carrying in my pocket, not wishing to pack them. I paid $5 on these. I was not searched, nor were the watches seized."

SUES FATHER FOR HIS CHILD.

James W. Brooks, Superintendent of Shields School, Says His Daughter Is Unlawfully Kept from Him.

James W. Brooks, 7058 Parnell avenue, Superintendent of Shields School, yesterday at Springfield instituted habeas corpus proceedings in the Sangamon County Court against his father, Andrew M. Brooks, to obtain possession of his 9-year-old daughter, who, he alleges, is unlawfully held by her grandfather. The plaintiff says that the mother of Florence Bitts Brooks died May 18, 1895, and since that time the child has lived with her grandfather, Andrew Brooks, in Sangamon County. After the death of James Brooks' first wife he again married. His second wife has been anxious for his child to live with them in Chicago, but the plaintiff declares that, although he has asked for the custody of the child, this has been refused him and the little girl is being unlawfully kept from him.

"Bumboat" Liquor Sellers Fined.

Five "bumboat" men, Frank Hartinek, Tommy White, Joseph Funk, George S. Hyland, and Patrick Ryan, were fined $30 and costs yesterday by Justice Prindiville for selling liquor without a license. Repeated efforts have been made in years past, it is said, to secure licenses for selling liquor on boats, but the city has refused them.

Gov. Yates to Be Guest of Templars.

Chevalier Bayard Commandery, Knights Templar, of this city has invited Governor and Mrs. Yates to be their guests at the coming conclave at Louisville, Ky. The Governor has accepted. Governor Yates has just been appointed on the staff of the Most Eminent Commander of the Knights Templar, and will ride with him in the parade.

"Boro Formalin" (Elmer & Amend), antiseptic dressing for burns, sores, cuts, bruises, or any similar accident or affliction.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

Great Clearing Sale of Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits,

Half Early Season Prices.

This is the *final clearing* to make room for the new suits now arriving and prices have been made to reach this result quickly.

In many instances the reductions are less—*considerably* less—than half of former prices.

The first prices still remain on the tickets and the reductions show for themselves.

Fourth floor.

AID GIVEN CHILDREN MADE MOTHERLESS BY STREET CAR.

Contributions Are Sent to "The Tribune" and Are Used for Immediate Relief Until Court Takes Charge.

The Juvenile Court will probably take charge of some of the children of Patrick Holton, whose wife was killed in the street car accident of Saturday night. Inspector M. J. Short of the Visitation and Aid society, acting for Probation Agent Hurley of the court, will inquire into the condition of the children this morning.

Contributions were received yesterday by THE TRIBUNE to supply the immediate needs of the children. John Farson of Farson, Leach & Co. sent $15 for this purpose, in his wife's name, and H. F. Nelson & Son of Paris, Ill., added an amount to this fund. Mr. Nelson, with his contribution, suggested the formation of a fund for the temporary aid of the family. The two contributions were placed in the hands of Inspector Short, to be expended under the direction of the Juvenile Court for the purchase of articles for the immediate relief of the small children.

Last night THE TRIBUNE received $2 for the Holton family from Adelaide Groves Magill of Tampico, Mexico.

The funeral of Mrs. Holton was held yesterday morning from St. Cecelia's Church.

Mr. Holton, the father, said that he intends caring for and rearing his nine children, despite the fact that a large number of persons have asked that he allow them to care for the children. Mary, the girl who was injured in the accident, will recover.

Previous to the funeral a large number of persons visited the house of the Holton family at the 4753 Fifth avenue.

DEAD MAN'S BODY IDENTIFIED.

Gregory Vigeant Reveals Name of Boyd F. Pearson, Who Committed Suicide at Empress Hotel.

The body of the man who committed suicide by shooting himself at the Empress Hotel, 899 North Clark street, on Monday at 1 o'clock, was identified yesterday as that of Boyd F. Pearson by Gregory Vigeant of 16 Astor street. Vigeant testified at the Coroner's inquest that Pearson came to Chicago three weeks ago from San Francisco, where he had been employed in a loan office by W. B. Walkup. Pearson was a South Carolinian, and a member of the Third Artillery, U. S. A., during the Spanish war. He was 28 years old and unmarried. The body is being held in order that relatives may have a chance to claim it.

Despondency, resulting from illness, led Charles Masetter, 50 years old, to leave his bed on Monday night. He failed to return home during the night, and yesterday morning his body was taken from the North Branch of the Chicago River at Wade street by the Rawson street police. Masetter lived at 16 Augusta street. He was a tanner by occupation, but some time ago, owing to illness, he was forced to give up working.

CITIZENS KILL 300 DOGS.

Rabid Animal at Alger, O., Bites Several Persons and Townspeople Are Aroused.

Lima, O., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—At Alger, east of here on the Erie road, a mad dog went through the town biting everything in its way. The citizens turned out en masse and began a warfare on all of the canines. They killed three hundred before stopping. Several persons were bitten, but prompt medical atention was given.

Boat Upsets; Two Sisters Drown.

Maquoketa, Ia., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Bessie and Hazel Reeve, aged 22 and 15 years, respectively, daughters of W. S. Reeve of this city, were drowned in the Maquoketa River this afternoon by the overturning of a skiff. Their bodies were recovered two hours later locked in each other's embrace.

Another Dividend Paid.

Knoxville, Tenn., Aug. 20.—The Chancery Court today ordered the payment of a 5 per cent dividend to stockholders of the Southern Building and Loan association, which went into the hands of receivers five years ago with thousands of stockholders scattered over half the States of the union. In round numbers $1,000,000 have been paid out in dividends by the receivers.

One of the Latest

DESIGNS IN THIS YEAR'S HATS.

A popular pattern that is very pretty, provided the hair is heavy and dressed low. It is quite difficult, if not impossible, to trim a hat that will look choice on any lady who does not have a reasonable amount of hair. This being the case it is much more important that the hair should receive the first and closest attention. Just a month or two's treatment with Danderine, the great hair and scalp tonic, will invigorate the hair and scalp sufficiently to insure a luxuriant and beautiful growth of hair. It makes the hair soft, glossy, silky and fluffy without changing the natural color a particle. It is conceded by every one who uses it to be the best remedy of its kind ever discovered. Now at all druggists' in three sizes—25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Be sure you get the genuine, made only by the Knowlton Danderine Co., Chicago, Ill.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

Men's Trousers Sale.

Savings of from 10% to 30%.

Special prices on Men's Fine Trousers made from the best of the season's patterns in all-wool fabrics, $5.00, $6.00 and $7.00.

Every detail in the making of these garments and in selecting the fabrics has received our greatest care and attention.

They would be regularly quoted at from 20% to 30% more than these special August prices.

These special prices will prevail until August 31st, $5.00, $6.00 and $7.00.

Basement Section—Men's Trousers, special sale prices, $3.00, $3.50, and $4.00.

Men's Autumn Shoes.

A Pronounced Saving During August.

Special Values, pair, $2.75.

To stimulate our August business, we have ordered an early shipment of several styles of men's medium-price, heavy-sole shoes, which will be sold until September 1st at $2.75 a pair. The saving is well worth consideration.

Shapes—English, London, Broadway.

Materials—Calfskin, box calf, velour calf, enamel leather.

Shirt Waist Dresses and Wrappers.

Fourth Floor.

Clearance Sale at Reduced Prices.

All of our Shirt Waist Dresses—broken lines of this season's best styles—garments that have sold in quantities at much higher prices.

Shirt Waist Dresses of leopard lawn, lavender, pink, blue, and black and white, trimmed with embroidery, very special value, $5.25.

Other extraordinary values in broken lines, $3.50, $3.95 and $5.00.

Negligee Wrappers of fine lawn in dainty patterns and colors—to close at this low price, $1.95.

Fine Lawn Wrappers, trimmed in lace and ruffles, reduced, $4.50.

Dimity Wrappers, polka dots, trimmed with plain white ruffles, reduced, $2.50.

Dimity Kimono Wrappers, polka dots, reduced, $2.25.

A large lot consisting of many broken lines of High-priced Wrappers, dimities and fine lawns, $2.25, $2.95, $3.75, $4.95.

REVELL & CO.

THE NEW BORDERED PORTIERE,

bought at a bargain—we give our customers the benefit of the purchase.

Your Choice 300 Pairs

Comprising only the newest colors and patterns; they are very beautiful, and we have them in greens, blues, reds, browns, rose, nile, olive, etc. Some have cord edge, others wide hem edge.

$5.00 Per Pair

ALEXANDER H. REVELL & CO., WABASH AND ADAMS.

Sun And Wind

Can do no harm to face or hands protected by using

Woodbury's Facial Soap

and Woodbury's Facial Cream. Use the cream before, and the soap after, exposure to prevent freckles, sunburn and tan and secure a beautiful complexion.

Woodbury's Facial Cream cures chapped faces and hands.

Sold by dealers everywhere, 25 cts. each. Booklet free, or with sample cake of soap and tube of cream mailed for 50 stamps or coin.

Andrew Jergens & Co., Sole Agts., Dept. 30 Cincinnati, O.

THE TRIBUNE PRINTS ALL THE NEWS.

Albums and Portfolios

For Preserving

Tribune Pictures

Albums - - - 50c

Portfolios - - - 25c

These Are Cost Prices.

If sent by express 25c extra.

For Sale at Tribune Office, corner Dearborn and Monroe-sts., or 354 Madison-st.

MANDEL BROTHERS.

$20 royal Bonn vases at $5.

Grand clearing sale of artwares and bric-a-brac to make room for fall shipments—a rare treat for connoisseurs. Handsome Italian marble figures in classical subjects, 13 in. high, that everywhere bring $15—today only $5

$20 values in artwares and bric-a-brac only $5.

French bronze figures, 16 inches high.

Hand-decorated royal Bonn vases.

Hand-painted ivory miniatures.

Hand-painted porcelains, gold Florentine frames.

Iridescent glass vases, Tiffany shapes and colorings.

Sevres mounted vases.

Hand-decorated wall plaques.

Handsome jardinieres.

Colorado

Only one night on the luxurious trains,

Low rates every day in August. Special rates Sept. 1 to 10. Colorado and return, $25.00; Utah points and return, $40.00.

The Colorado Special One Night to Denver. Leaves 10 a. m.

The Overland Limited Two Nights to Utah. Leaves 6:30 p. m.

These two fast daily trains provide the best of everything. Good accommodations may be had at the fine resort hotels and at boarding houses and ranches on reasonable terms. Get the book "Colorado Illustrated" free at

Ticket Office, 212 Clark Street. Telephone Central 721.

Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line.

This store closes Saturday at 1 p. m.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

A saving of from $2.50 to $37.50 on every pair of lace curtains bought during the sale of

Arnold B. Heine & Co.'s Entire Lace Curtain Stock

(Including fixtures), valued at $125,000.00,

Bought by us at from 40% to 50% discount.

No sales of curtains this year will approximate this one in value giving, and the record-breaking crowds and sales which have marked the first two days' selling are the best evidence that our customers recognize the rare opportunity this sale affords.

The prices range at from $2.75 to $37.50 a pair.

The values from $5.00 to $75.00 a pair.

Aug. 20.—"Well on Spindletop 700 feet deep."

Over $50,000 Invested

Directors Put Up Their Own Money.

The best guarantee of good faith an investor can ask of the directors of a company is that the latter put their money in, too. The directors of the Buffalo Oil Co. have done this. More than that, they have reserved one-half of the entire capitalization for treasury purposes—set it aside for the benefit of all the stockholders. This is an assurance of honest policy stronger than words. The fact is the directors expect to make their profits out of dividends, not out of the sale of stock. The properties of the Buffalo Company will certainly pay dividends, and the directors are acting in accordance with their belief that these dividends will be very large. The preparations they are making to handle oil are a third guarantee of their good faith. They have bought a 42,500-barrel steel tank, made contracts for pipe line service and tank cars, negotiated for a large line, and made arrangements to supply oil to customers. This activity indicates that the directors expect to be handling large quantities of oil. You may be quite sure they would not be spending money for pipe and tanks if they were not certain that the Buffalo wells would prove big gushers.

A Sure Breadwinner.

Will Operate Wells and Pay Dividends

Judge for yourself: we OWN in FEE SIMPLE enough land to support four wells on Spindletop Heights; four of the biggest wells in the world, flowing from thirty to fifty thousand barrels a day, surround this land. We are putting down a well on this land that is now seven hundred feet deep. It will be a gusher. Oil will be struck about September 1st. These four wells will make the Buffalo Oil Co. one of the largest oil producers in Beaumont.

We have a controlling interest in 8,500 acres of land in Central N. W. Texas that will make as much or more money for us than the Beaumont wells. There are two flowing wells on this land now. The oil is worth $8.00 a barrel. Sept. 1 twenty and possibly 100 wells will be put down. The contracts are made now. Figuring from the yield of the two wells, one hundred will produce a gross income of $1,250,000 a year. This will pay a big dividend independent of our Beaumont gushers. Finally, we control 280 acres of oil land in Louisiana, near Vinton. Four wells are going down on this property now. You can judge whether there is oil there or not from the fact that the drillers are firing their boilers with oil that was struck forty-five feet below the surface. We have three different properties, each carrying oil.

We Will Make Affidavit to These Statements.

We will get oil—have oil now. This is most important:

"Is the management so trustworthy that you, the investor, large or small, can feel perfectly assured that you will receive your full share of the profits?" This is the investment for a man's SAVINGS. The Buffalo Oil Company will pay ten times the income from a bank; its directors are as responsible as any bank management. They are the kind of men you can safely trust your money with. It will be as honestly handled as in your own bank. The capitalization is small, $300,000. The shares are par—ten cents. They were never less than par—never sold at a "bargain."

Act now. Call or write Chicago office.

Buffalo Oil Co., 1502 Marquette Bldg., Chicago.

LELEWER'S $2.00 HATS

FALL STYLES NOW READY

AT OUR TWO STORES.

152 MADISON-ST., Near La Salle.

104-6 WASHINGTON-ST. Nr. Clark

THE TRIBUNE PRINTS ALL THE NEWS.

FAIRMONT COAL

From the Mountains of West Virginia.

Not "just as good" as some other coal, but *the standard* steam fuel.

Also best for manufacture of gas and for domestic use.

Fairmont Coal Company,

Old Colony Building, - Chicago.

YARDS—

15th and Loomis-sts.

13th and Lumber-sts.

71-st. and Madison-av.

Telephones, Harrison 185-189.

Fairmont Crushed Coke—Better and cheaper than hard coal.

AUCTION NOTICE.

10 O'Clock This Morning.

REGULAR CLEARING SALE

Parlor, Chamber and Dining Room

FURNITURE,

Leather Covered Easy Chairs and Lounges. Carpets, Rugs and General Household Goods.

WILLIAMS, BARKER & SEVERN CO., 178 Wabash-av.

Revell's Desks

THE LARGEST DISPLAY. THE LOWEST PRICES.

ADAMS AND WABASH

HAIR DRESSING, Manicuring, Chiropody, Facial Massage, Electrolysis, Turkish Baths, Wigs, Toupees. Treatment. E. BURNHAM, 79 & 81 State-st.

THE TRIBUNE—THE BEST.

EDITORIAL SHEET.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART TWO. Pages 9 to 16.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1901—SIXTEEN PAGES.

SALES OF BABES TO BE STOPPED.

Traffic in Children Is One of the Serious Problems in Philippines.

SLAVERY ALSO WORRIES.

Army Officers Give Freedom Papers to Many Held in Bondage Without Title.

GOSSIP OF CAPITAL CITY.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, Washington, D. C., Aug. 20.

War department officials are determined to interfere with the traffic in children which has been going on in certain parts of the Philippines, constituting one of the gravest problems with which army officers in that section have to deal. Reports received at the War department say the traffic is confined to the natives in the departments of Mindanao and Jolo.

Sale of Children in Philippines to Be Stopped.

The traffic comes as a result of the improvidence of the people, and families who are bitten by famine do not hesitate to seek relief by the sale of their children.

Major J. S. Pettit, First Infantry, formerly Colonel of the Thirty-first Volunteer Infantry, the commander of the Second District in that department, says, however, that he has about broken up the traffic, which has been going on in children of the Tiguarya, a degenerate race south of Cattabato.

Kindred questions which confront the military authorities in that section of the Philippines Archipelago is the state of slavery existing under the Moros, with whom our pacific relationship can only be maintained by the most adroit and diplomatic negotiations. Colonel Pettit says that slavery can only be abolished in one of two ways, by war or by purchase, and he adds that the latter process might be futile.

In the third district of the department, where Major O. J. Sweet is in command, the slavery question is a constant source of trouble on account of slaves escaping from one master to another. That officer says: "Whenever a question relating to slaves comes before me I simply make the owners prove their slaves beyond doubt, in which case I have nothing to do with them, but in case I can pick a flaw in their title I give the alleged slaves freedom papers. Thousands of Moros are held as slaves who are by right free people."

Senators Cullom and Mason have united in recommending Dr. T. J. Bluthardt of Chicago for the position of Consul at Solingen, Germany, recently made vacant. Controller Dawes was at the State department in Dr. Bluthardt's behalf. There are several other candidates for the place from other States and a lively fight is in prospect.

Chaplains May Have to Be Regular Ministers.

One of the Maryland candidates for the position of chaplain in the army has raised an important question regarding the application of old laws to the present selection of army chaplains. Reference is made to section 1,123 of the Revised Statutes, which provides that regimental and post chaplains must be regularly ordained ministers attached to some denomination, and either recommended by an official of the church or by five duly accredited ministers of the gospel.

It is thought that this old law, if still in effect, may be in conflict with more recently enacted statutes. The act of March 3, 1899, provided that no person from civil life should be appointed chaplain until he had passed an examination as to his mental, moral, and physical qualifications.

The law of Feb. 2, 1901, authorized a chaplain for each regiment of infant and cavalry and twelve chaplains for the corps of artillery, no appointments to be made until the quota of candidates was established, as required by the existing law. The same law also abolished the office of post chaplains.

The question is whether so much of section 1,123 of the Revised Statutes, as applied to regimental chaplains, is still in force, and whether its effect is not to limit the selection of chaplains to regularly ordained ministers, or whether clergymen of an independent sect, with no denominational connections, may be appointed. The question probably will be submitted to the Judge Advocate General.

It is expected by the guessers, whose duty it is to anticipate opinions from the law books of the army, that it will be found that the law embodied in section 1,123, Revised Statutes, has been rendered obsolete and ineffective by subsequent legislation.

Rapid Work in Enlistments for the Artillery.

Sugar planters of Hawaii have lately used efforts to secure a modification of the Japanese edict so that men from that country may be allowed to go to Hawaii. Assistant Secretary Taylor told the Japanese Minister today that desirable Japanese persons will be allowed to go to Hawaii freely, provided that they do not go under contract, either verbal or written, as laborers.

Gold Comes from Alaska Than Last Year.

Receipts of gold dust at the Seattle (Wash.) assay office since June 1 have been much smaller than during the same time in 1900, and, as the greater part of the dust at that office comes from comparatively new diggings in Alaska and the Klondike, the director of the Mint thinks the Alaska gold output this year may be disappointing.

Mr. Roberts returned yesterday from a visit to Seattle, where he inspected the assay office. The office was established only three years ago, but last year the receipts of gold dust amounted to about $24,000,000, the bulk of it coming in during the summer and fall. The June receipts last year were $1,120,000, and the June receipts this year only $3,749,818, while the July receipts in 1901 were only $3,749,818.

It is thought that the falling off may be due to the late season in Alaska, but there is some fear that the special inducements offered by the Canadian authorities at Victoria may result in diverting a large amount of Klondike gold dust to that point.

The increase of the artillery corps authorized by Congress has been effected rapidly. The enlistments made during the last week have equaled five-sixths of the authorized increase, and it is expected that by Sept. 1 the entire increase will have been made and all the officers promoted. Secretary Root some time ago decided that promotions could not be made in the artillery corps among commissioned officers, except at a rate corresponding with the recruiting. Some of the artillery officers suspected that the enlistments were impeded by recruiting and other officers, notably by those in charge of the matter in Washington. Since the departure of Adjutant General Corbin, however, the number of recruits available for the artillery corps has about doubled, and some of the artillery officers attribute this to the fact that the acting Adjunct General, Colonel Ward, and the officers who took charge of army recruiting were more favorably inclined toward artillery.

It is likely that instead of waiting until Jan. 1 for the total increase of the corps artillery officers will find their branch thoroughly recruited and promotions made within three weeks. The recruits have been about 500 per week, which is considered marvelous at this time of year, when men are not driven into the army by the climate and when there is plenty of demand for labor in the field.

Popularity of Schley Shown by Heavy Mail.

Rear Admiral Schley's popularity was never more completely demonstrated than by the enormous amount of mail which has poured into the Arlington since his arrival here. It has been years since a patron of the hotel received so many letters and packages as are being delivered daily to the Admiral. Many of the letters are from strangers, and contain brief expressions of good will and hope for success. Admiral Schley sees few callers. He still declines to make any statement of his case.

HAY GOES TO SEE PRESIDENT.

Secretary of State Will Confer with Nation's Executive Before Resuming His Vacation.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Secretary Hay left Washington for Canton tonight. He will have conference with the President on State department matters, and then probably will return to Washington before going to his summer home in New Hampshire to continue his vacation.

CASE WAITS FOR HORSE RACE.

Cincinnati Judge Postpones Injunction Proceedings Until After Cresceus and The Abbot Meet.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—The promise of Attorney Louis Kramer to Judge S. W. Smith, in Common Pleas Court that Crescens and The Abbot shall appear at the fall meeting at Oakley, caused the Judge to postpone a case today.

Norwood, a suburb, has enjoined Hyde Park, its neighbor, from cutting down Edwards road. Norwood feared the ingress and egress of the Oakley race track and Norwood would be interfered with.

The most potent argument to the court was for delay until after the fall meeting, especially in view of the coming of Crescens and The Abbot. The result is the injunction against cutting the road will stand without objection until Oct. 1.

WILL HOLD A CAMP-MEETING.

Holiness Association Expects a Large Attendance at Coming Gathering in Bloomington.

Bloomington, Ill., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Much interest is being displayed in the coming camp-meeting of the Central Illinois Holiness association which commences the eighteenth annual series at the Deaconess Hospital Park in this city next Friday, Aug. 23, and continues until Sept. 1. The number of tents on the grounds this year promises to exceed those of previous years. There are to be eight services each day. They will be in charge of the Rev. H. G. Scudday of Cincinnati, O., and Mrs. Rev. Hattie Livingston of Des Moines, Ia. George Kersey, a prominent Evangelist, will conduct the singing.

MAY BAR CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

Indiana Authorities Will Test Law Against Cult in Supreme Court of the State.

Laporte, Ind., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—The practice of Christian Science will be prevented in Indiana, if, in a coming legal test, the new law against the cult is sustained. Dr. J. M. Dennen of the State Medical board today announced that the constitutionality of the legislation would be decided by the Supreme Court. Papers in the case are being prepared.

LAWYERS CAPTURE BIG GAME.

Hugh O'Neill of Chicago and W. P. Breen of Indiana Shoot Two Mountain Lions.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 20.—William P. Breen, the Indiana member of the General Council of the American Bar association, and Hugh O'Neill of the Chicago bar, have established a reputation as hunters by exhibiting the skins of two mountain lions shot by them near the San Juan Mountains of Colorado.

BUSINESS CAREER SPENT IN CHICAGO BANKS.

OSCAR G. FOREMAN

Oscar G. Foreman, Vice President of Foreman Bros. Banking company, was born in Chicago on Nov. 1, 1863, and received his education in the public schools of this city. He commenced his business career in 1881 as a messenger in the National Bank of Illinois, and in 1883 entered the private banking-house of his father, the late Gerhard Foreman, who retired in 1885 after transferring his banking interests to his sons. The business was then carried on under the firm name of Foreman Bros., and Oscar G. Foreman continued a member of the firm until January, 1897.

Foreman Bros. Banking company, one of the city's growing and successful State banks, was then organized and incorporated, and Oscar G. Foreman became and has since continued its Vice President. He was Treasurer of the Standard club for a number of years and is still a member of that club. He is also a member of the Iroquois club, the Union League club, and the Bankers' club.

At the time the Russian Aid society was active in this city Mr. Foreman served as its Treasurer. He has always been prominently identified with charitable work in Chicago. He was a member of the Board of Directors of the Young Men's Hebrew Charity association for a number of years, and is Vice President of the Chicago Home for Jewish Orphans at the present time.

TELLS GATES TO GO SLOW.

POLICEMAN STOPS FRENCH RACING AUTOMOBILE.

Steel Magnate's Son Discovers That the South Park Commissioners Are Opposed to Trials of Speed on Boulevards—Captain Kelly Lectures the Young Man's Chaffeur and Threatens Him with Arrest—Authorities at Newport Will Regulate Contests.

South Park policemen and South Park Commissioners look askance at French racing automobiles and French chaffeurs. If the eyes of the policemen credit the machine with a greater speed than the regulation eight miles an hour it does not matter much what the dial of the machine registers. Charles Gates, the son of John W. Gates, discovered this yesterday when he took his father's racing machine out for a spin in Washington Park.

François Nylias, the chaffeur in goggles, was operating the machine and Mr. Gates was enjoying a trial of its speed. A mounted park policeman saw the trial spin and prepared to stop it. He made a short cut and got in ahead of the machine as it swung around in a circle. By that time Captain Kelly, chief of the park force, was in pursuit of the racer, and he came dashing up behind it. The mounted policeman in front succeeded in bringing the racing machine to a stop just as the Captain reached the scene.

"You have been going too fast," said the Captain to Mr. Gates.

"I didn't know it, and I beg your pardon," replied Mr. Gates.

Captain Lectures the Chaffeur.

The chaffeur, however, protested, with considerable volubility, that the automobile was running within the speed regulations of the park. That brought forth a lecture from the Captain to the operator, who was told that only two days before he had been cautioned to keep within the regulations.

"If I see any more of this I shall be obliged to arrest you," concluded Captain Kelly, as the machine left.

President Joseph Donnersberger of the South Park board supported the action of the park policemen. "Mr. Gates and his driver from Paris have been warned not to attempt speeding along the park driveways," he said. "Persons visiting the park system must be protected against the innovation of French racing machines."

To Stop Fast Driving.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 20.—The Police Commissioners, at a special meeting, have taken final action on the petition of Professor Agassiz and others, who had asked that the board enforce the laws of the city and State against the fast driving of automobiles. The petition was aimed at the races to be held by the National Automobile Racing association, of which William K. Vanderbilt Jr. is President. The City Solicitor, whose advice has been asked in the matter, stated that the commission had no power to stop the races, but could arrest and fine any one who exceeded the legal rate of ten miles an hour. The association looks upon this as a victory and will proceed with its plans, taking chances on being arrested.

FOUND DEAD IN HIS OWN BARN.

Body of Fred Brink, with Head Split Open, Discovered by Two Strangers Near Nashville, Ill

Nashville, Ill., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Two strangers this evening brought the news of the death of Fred Brink, residing about nine miles northeast of this city.

According to their story they were passing the Brink home when their attention was attracted by the cry of "Help." Going to the house, they were directed to the barn, where they found the body of Brink lying between two rows of stalls with his forehead split open. On the opposite side of the hallway was an ax, with which, seemingly, the deed had been done.

Brink was convalescing from an attack of typhoid fever, and suicide induced by temporary insanity is one theory advanced as the cause of his death. The fact that the ax was found at such a distance from the body and that no bloodstains were noticeable on the floor between the body and the ax causes the idea of suicide to be abandoned and the theory of murder to be advanced.

The deceased was a son of ex-State Senator F. E. W. Brink, and was a wealthy and influential farmer. He leaves a family.

KNOX SQUELCHES HIS INQUISITORS.

Attorney General Replies to Anti-Trust Committee's Open Letter.

NO ACCESS TO COMBINE.

Rebukes Men for Assuming He Has Knowledge of Steel Corporation's Agreements.

OFFICIAL DUTY IN CASE.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Attorney General Knox today replied to the open letter addressed to him by the joint committee of the American Anti-Trust league and District Assembly 66, Knights of Labor, rebuking the committee for its assumption of his knowledge of the affairs of the steel trust.

Mr. Knox specifically denied that he had any connection with the United States Steel corporation, had any knowledge of its formation or the agreement signed by constituent members or whether such agreement existed. He declared that, with the exception of C. M. Schwab, he had no acquaintance with any member of the combine, saying his only connection with any steel interest had been as legal adviser to the Carnegie company for a time regarding its manufacturing business.

He said he desired to answer both the spirit and letter of the communication, and declared the committee's action in sending him an open letter was of doubtful propriety. He said he would not state whether he considered it his official duty to divulge such information to private parties, but that he did not believe his department to be under obligations to furnish information to prospective litigants.

Text of Knox's Letter.

The letter follows:

"Washington, D. C., Aug. 20.—Mr. H. B. Martin, Chairman Joint Committee of American Anti-Trust League—Sir:

"I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of Aug. 19, 1901, in which you request me to obtain for you certain information with reference to certain alleged 'agreement or agreements between the constituent companies and individuals who organized the United States Steel corporation.' You ask me to afford you all the information that 'I may possess or can obtain,' and you specifically refer to an alleged 'trust or syndicate agreement' which you state 'the President of the United States Steel corporation, Mr. C. M. Schwab, refused to furnish to the United States Industrial commission when on the witness stand before that body'; and you further state that your request for information is to be understood as covering any 'other contracts of a similar kind with which you are acquainted or which you can obtain for us.'

"You also state that your request for information is 'founded upon information and belief that at the time this contract, or these contracts, was or were made' that I was 'in some way officially connected with the Carnegie company,' and you therefore assume that the information which you request must be in my 'possession or conveniently at hand.' I am therefore requested to give you the substance, or, if possible, a copy thereof.

No Knowledge of Trust.

"Primarily, permit me to say that your request is founded upon an erroneous assumption. I do not know who the individuals are who organized the United States Steel corporation. If they are the persons usually spoken of in the newspapers as the promoters of that organization, with the single exception to Mr. C. M. Schwab, I don't know, never saw, and never was in any way connected with any of them. I never heard of any agreement between them and the constituted members of the steel corporation.

"Neither at the time of the formation of the United States Steel corporation nor at any time was I officially connected with the Carnegie Steel company. I was formerly one of its legal advisers in the conduct of its manufacturing business, but was never consulted with reference to the formation of the United States Steel company, nor in relation to the sale to that company of the shares of stock held by the stockholders of the Carnegie company.

"I have never seen the papers of agreements to which you refer nor have I been informed of their contents. I have no knowledge whatever of their existence, the terms, or scope. I am thus specific as I desire to cover both the spirit and the letter of your inquiry.

Has No Access to Papers.

"I may say, moreover, that I have no access to the agreement or papers to which you refer. I know nothing of the one to which you especially refer, and do not even know that such an agreement is in existence. The information which you request is not in my possession, or 'conveniently at hand,' as you assume, and it is, therefore, impossible for me to comply with any of the requests set forth in your letter.

"All this information you could at any time have acquired through the usual method of direct personal inquiry, thereby avoiding the doubtful propriety of addressing me through the medium of an open letter which you concurrently delivered to this office. Whether, if such papers were accessible to me, it would be my duty to obtain them and furnish them for use in legal proceedings to which you are a party, and the nature of which you do not explain, is a question which I do not care at this time to discuss.

Official View of Letter.

"If I may regard the letter as addressed to me officially, I will say:

"If this department is under obligations to furnish information to prospective litigants in undisclosed proceedings its responsibilities and labors are necessarily greater than they have ever been imagined from the time of its formation. Indeed, as ceeded the legal rate of ten miles an hour. there are generally two parties to every controversy, it would be difficult to discharge such alleged duty to both parties, in view of conflicting interests. This department was not called into being to furnish information to private litigants. Its duty and its object are to enforce the federal statues, as interpreted by the courts, wherever there is probable cause for believing that they have been violated.

P. C. KNOX,
"Attorney General."

APPEAL TO MISS ELY ISSUED.

Relatives of Missing Woman and Boy Announce Forgiveness and Deny Intent to Prosecute.

The appeal which the relatives of Miss Florence Ely and Frank Rogers, her nephew, have decided to make to induce them to return to their home, from which the couple left over a month ago, was issued yesterday. It is as follows:

"It is the desire of the family of Miss Florence Ely and Frank Ely Rogers that they understand there are no hard feelings toward either of them, that there is no intention of punishment, and that they are forgiven for having left home. The family feels that if they knew the intense suffering which their absence is causing they would return immediately to those who love them so dearly.

J. C. ROGERS,
"MRS. J. C. ROGERS,
"MRS. CLARA A. ELY."

The appeal is not generally expected to have a direct result, but it is regarded as the last effort possible.

SECRETARY CHICAGO BUTTER AND EGG BOARD.

J. W. B. Cook.

J. W. B. Cook, secretary of the Chicago Butter and Egg board, has made an enviable reputation in his efforts to keep the creamery and dairy butter supply of this city up to a high standard. He also has been prominent in the prosecution of those dealers in oleomargarine and butterine who sell their imitations as pure butter, instead of marking the packages with the true name of their contents, as required by law. Mr. Cook is a member of the commission firm of Moody, King & Cook. He was born at Grand Rapids, Mich., on Sept. 15 1865. After four years with the commission house of J. H. Palmer & Co. he organized the present firm, which purchased the Palmer & Co. business. Mr. Cook's residence is at 5047 Grand boulevard.

GUNS FOR 'CAP.' STREETER

HE THREATENS ARMED INVASION OF THE DISTRICT.

Declares He Is Going Back to the North Shore Land and If Any One Opposes Him There Will Be a Fight — Announces Also a Few Building Plans, Including Three Clubs, an Eifel Tower, and Exposition Building, Not to Talk of Ordinary Houses.

With a gun in each hip pocket—that's the way Captain Streeter is going back to his domain on the north shore. The Captain announced his plan last night, and the invasion may come at any time. And if any one wants a fight—well, the Captain said last night that he was in a receptive mood.

The Captain's warlike plans were given out last night at a meeting in the Sherman House of his Title Guarantee and Banking company. There were given out also some plans for beautifying the District of Lake Michigan just as soon as they can secure possession.

"We're going in," announced Streeter, "and if anybody wants a fight he can have it. No, I don't mean court fight. What jurisdiction have these courts got over me, hey? I learned about deceit from those fellows last year. They didn't scare us last year—bad—and they won't scare us at all this time. I am going in there with two guns under my coattails and take possession. The other property-owners, I reckon, will do the same. They can get 300 or 400 men, but they can't scare me.

"We have not had all of our dealings with the authorities without learning a thing or two. We can act as sly and sneaking as any of them. Secret service agents have been sneaking about the district getting information, but we are just as smart as they are. We have our secret service men also. If any one is after bloodshed they can get it when we go in. We will be as ready to shoot to protect lives and property as any one else."

According to Captain Streeter, the district is to be the scene of wonderful activity in building this fall. The plans embrace three huge clubhouses on the lake front, a courthouse, one hotel, an Eiffel tower, an exposition building, and about twenty private dwellings. Each of the three clubhouses, as planned, is to be 230 by 100 feet. One is to be located between Superior street and Chicago avenue, a second between Superior and Huron streets, and a third between Huron and Erie streets. Each structure, it is planned, will be two stories high and be equipped with clubrooms and provisions for amusements. In one of the clubhouses will be a theater. About each of the clubhouses will be gardens and pleasure grounds. Back of the clubhouses is to be an exposition building, 350x700 feet.

To the north will be the courthouse of the district and other public buildings, and the District of Lake Michigan Hotel.

Streeter has just returned from Montrose, Mich., where he has purchased eighty-four acres of improved land for Mrs. Streeter.

"She don't like the city," said Captain Streeter. "There is too much noise and dirt. It is enough to make any woman crazy, and Maria's nerves are shattered and need a rest."

SAYS MOON SWAYS HIS MIND.

Attorney Defending a Richmond, Va., Youth Declares Orb's Influence Makes Him Irresponsible.

Richmond, Va., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Whether George Buller's mind sways with the rise of the full moon is a question. He is a boy about 17 years old and has been guilty of giving the police so much trouble that he was this morning put under bond of $100 to behave himself for a year. R. H. Ivey, his lawyer, made the defense that the boy had suffered an accident while a child and that ever since the moon affected him every twenty-eight days and he was irresponsible. Young Buller has been put under bonds before, on the charge of handling a forged check. This morning he was in the police court, charged with being a suspicious character, having been found by a policeman after midnight in company with a drunken individual whose pockets had been turned inside out. He and another youth, one Kahn, were charged with being after the valuables of the drunken man.

THUNDER KILLS LITTLE GIRL.

Seven-Year-Old Child in Philadelphia Expires During Storm from Terror Over Noise.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—The thunder last night is believed responsible for the death of 7-year-old Eleanor Johnston, who lived in Germantown. During the storm Eleanor showed signs of nervousness. Each crash of thunder caused her to tremble. Suddenly she became unconscious, and all efforts to revive her failed. She died shortly afterward.

ARREST IN DYNAMITE CASE

SALOONKEEPER NOONAN, 3103 STATE STREET, ACCUSED.

Arraigned Before Justice Hall on a Charge of Conspiracy to Wreck Stone Yards and Case Continued to Aug. 27, When Frank Hardy Also Will Be Heard—Police and Private Detectives Searching for Four Other Men Believed to Be Implicated.

Garry Noonan, proprietor of the saloon at 3103 State street, where it is alleged the men who wrecked two stone yards on Aug. 12 held their meetings, was arrested yesterday on the charge of conspiracy. He was arraigned before Justice Hall in the Harrison street police court together with Joe Hayes, who was arrested on Sunday. Both cases were continued until Aug. 27. Frank Hardy, who confessed to a part in the work, and Michael Fitzgerald will be heard at the same time.

In the meantime the police and detectives of the Mooney & Boland agency will try to find four other men who they believe had a part in the wrecking of the Bridgeport and Stewart avenue stone yards. One of these men is an official of the Stonecutters' union, whom Hardy charges with having paid for the "job."

His story that the yards were wrecked in order to deprive independent union men of the chance to work was substantiated by the detectives in following out the plot. A number of Mooney & Boland's men are now working on the case and they expect to bring in all the persons who had a knowledge of the plot before the case comes up for a hearing. The securing of Hardy's confession is considered a clever piece of detective work, as the men were all sworn to secrecy.

City police and the private detectives are searching also for George McFarland, 3623 Vernon avenue, the financial secretary of the Journeymen Stonecutters' association. He is wanted to throw light on the case. McFarland left his home shortly after the explosion.

HURLS POTATO POT AT SISTER.

Evanston Woman Resents a Slur Cast Upon Her Children and Throws a Boiling Caldron.

Because Mrs. Anna Hollod objected to the charge of laziness, which had been preferred against her children by her sister, Mrs. Lizzie Monroe, and declared that Mrs. Monroe's children would bear watching, the latter threw a kettle of boiling potatoes at Mrs. Hollod, who, badly cut and scalded, is now at the St. Francis Hospital in Evanston.

The quarrel, of which the hot water immersion of Mrs. Hollod was the finale, took place at Mrs. Monroe's, in the "Devil's Half Acre," a tract of land north of Evanston. Mrs. Hollod had gone to spend the day with her sister, taking her children. These refused to help to wash the supper dishes.

"Sure, your kids are lazy," said Mrs. Monroe to her sister.

"It isn't mine alone that are lazy," retorted Mrs. Hollod. "You had better watch your own brats."

Mrs. Monroe waited for nothing more, but seizing the first thing that came to hand, which happened to be the kettle of potatoes, hurled it at her sister. The kettle struck Mrs. Hollod's head and made a bad cut, at the same time scalding her. Her wounds were dressed at the Evanston police station.

FREES WOMAN FOR A FUNERAL.

Because of Captain Revere's Kindness Mrs. Johnson Can Attend Her Husband's Burial.

Captain John Revere of the East Chicago Avenue Police Station yesterday released Mrs. Julia Johnson, whose husband, Charles Johnson, was stabbed and killed last Saturday evening. The woman begged him to allow her to leave the police station so she could make arrangements to attend her husband's funeral, which is to be held this morning, and the Captain consented. The police are still trying to find Charles Ward, the man who is said to have killed Johnson. Last evening Mrs. Ward, wife of the fugitive, was booked on a charge of accessory to murder.

RESCUED MEN IN A STUPOR.

Workmen Released from Cleveland Tunnel in a Precarious Condition—Doctors Predict Recovery.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 20.—John Eugene and Adam Kest, the men who were rescued from the water works tunnel yesterday, after having been imprisoned nearly six days without food, are reported to be in a precarious condition today at the hospital where they were taken. They are in a stupor or delirous most of the time. The physicians, however, still believe the men will ultimately recover.

REMOVE HOOVER FROM TREASURY.

Home Finding Board Take Finances Out of the Superintendent's Hands.

ORDER AUDIT OF BOOKS.

Manager to Continue in Field Work, but Money Matters Out of His Hands.

LIVELY MEETING IS HELD.

The Rev. George K. Hoover yesterday was relieved of all responsibility financially as general superintendent of the American Home-Finding association. Henceforth he may work in the interests of the organization, but all funds are to be paid to the Rev. Thomas Matlack, the new business manager.

In addition to the appointment of a business manager, the board authorized a complete examination of the affairs of the association by a committee consisting of Ernest A. Hamill, President of the Corn Exchange National Bank; Judge O. H. Horton, and General John C. Black. Further, a committee was authorized to make a careful examination of the books of the association and put them in a satisfactory condition to be transferred to the Rev. Mr. Matlack.

The total indebtedness of the association, according to the statement of President Gary, is between $16,000 and $17,000, while the assets, without including the home, will not exceed $500.

Three new members of the Board of Managers, the Rev. Thomas Matlack, the Rev. E. U. Smith, and the Rev. T. J. Wheat of Rantoul, were elected.

Gary Asks Series of Questions.

President Gary, instead of filing formal charges against Dr. Hoover, as directed by the Board of Managers at the last meeting, contented himself with sending the board a list of eleven questions bearing on the situation. The questions were intended to direct the attention of the board to the qualifications and fitness of the general superintendent. They were:

Does he pervert the truth?
Will he misrepresent to get money?
Does he misapply funds?
Does he deal personally upon the strength of the association?
Is his financial management a failure?
Does he employ workers of questionable character?
Is his reputation a burden to the association?
Are his methods of dealing with his personal creditors and the creditors and employes of the association a hindrance to the work of the association?
Are we unrecognized by the Juvenile Court on account of George K. Hoover personally?
Does he carry on a "traffic in babes?"
Has he due regard for children?

Commitee to Investigate.

On motion of T. H. Gault the board agreed that a special committee should be appointed to inquire into the condition of affairs. This met so entirely the wishes of Mr. Gary that Mr. Gault hastily interpolated:

"But I want it understood that this committee is appointed by our side."

"I care not by whom the committee is appointed," responded Mr. Gary. "So long as the members are business-men I am willing to leave the inquiry in their hands."

Some warm exchanges of words were made between Dr. Hoover, Mr. Gary, the Rev. G. W. Jackman of Portage, Wis., former State Superintendent of the association; Mr. Gault, and Mr. Billingsley.

At the conclusion of the meeting Dr. Hoover and Secretary Lee became involved in a controversy over newspaper reports concerning the secretary's refusal to sign the annual report to the State Auditor.

Dr. Lee stated later that he would sign the report to the State Auditor when it was completed and he was satisfied it was correct.

With the reference of all questions for investigation to the special committee the board adjourned.

Demand for Return of $35.

Levi Doty of Frankfort Station, Will County, a representative of the American Humane society, made a formal demand upon Dr. Hoover yesterday for $35, which, it was said, had been sent to him as general superintendent of the association by Mrs. J. O. Willits of Big Horn, Wyo., to pay the fare of a woman who was to be sent to her as a servant. Dr. Hoover and other representatives of the society wrote to Mrs. Willits offering to send two women, but they afterwards stated themselves that these women would be unsatisfactory to Mrs. Willits. Mrs. Willits waited from December to August without receiving any satisfaction from Dr. Hoover or the money which she demanded.

NOISY TENANT IS INJURED BY ACID AND HOT WATER.

Woman Talks Loudly Near the Room of a Popular Invalid and Is Attacked by the Other Roomers.

Mrs. Amelia Ward was severely burned by carbolic acid and scalded by hot water in the hallway in a flat building at 307 West Lake street yesterday afternoon, during a quarrel with a number of colored tenants. She was taken to the County Hospital, where it was said at midnight that she might not recover. Mrs. Ward identified Claude Williams, Lester Daugherty, Cyrus Spriggs, William Mitchell, Minnie Jones, and William Calhoun as her assailants.

Mrs. Calhoun, who is popular with the roomers in the house, was lying ill in her room when Mrs. Ward came into the house. She began talking in the lower hall of the building in a loud voice, when she was requested to be quiet by the roomers upstairs. When, instead of complying with their demands, she shouted all the louder, a bucket, said by Mrs. Ward to have contained boiling water, was thrown upon her.

The woman ran screaming to the Desplaines street Station. She was placed in an ambulance and taken to the building, where she identified the persons, who were arrested and locked up. From there she was taken to the County Hospital, where the attending physicians said she was burned seriously about the neck and back with carbolic acid as well as with hot water. At 2 o'clock this morning she was delirious.

Mrs. Ward had been a tenant at the flat building but a few weeks. Her husband was for a time in the employ of John J. Badenoch.

All those arrested deny the charge of Mrs. Ward, which is a conspiracy to kill her. Although Mrs. Ward told the police that boiling water had been thrown upon her, the County Hospital physicians insisted that there were carbolic acid burns on her back.

Troops to Move Eastward.

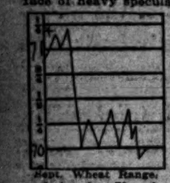
San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 20.—The eight companies of the Fourteenth Infantry now in camp at the Presidio will leave for the East in a few days. Colonel Quinton is now arranging for the transportation of his men, but the exact date of departure has not been settled upon. Company A, corps of engineers, will also leave for the East shortly, the destination being Willett's Point, N. Y.

BAD DAY FOR THE BULLS.

HEAVY LIQUIDATION IN GRAIN PITS FORCES DECLINES.

Weak Markets Abroad, Heavy Selling by the Northwest on Its Crop Prospects, and a Sharp Falling Off in Export Figures Dismay Wheat Holders—Big Shipping Business in Corn on the Break, Foreign Buyers Taking Hold.

Wheat bulls lost courage yesterday, in the face of heavy speculative offering from the Northwest, a decided falling off in quantity in the export movement, and lack of outside assistance in their efforts to sustain the market. There resulted a break, on which liquidation of long property was heavy and none to well taken. September sold from 71¼@ 70c and closed at 70c, a loss of 1⅛@1¼c. December lost 1¼c, selling down to 72⅝, and closing at 72¼@¾c.


Sept. Wheat Range.

The bull campaign, which has been largely in local hands, received its first setback in the indifference displayed by foreign markets to the brave rally achieved here the day before. Liverpool was only ½d higher, Paris was off 1¼c to 1⅛c, and Antwerp ⅝c lower. The ever present fear of a heavy movement to market in the Northwest was heightened by increased receipts at Minneapolis and Duluth, 399 cars compared with 254 last year, and the fact that local arrivals at 410 cars were 60 under those of last year brought no compensating relief. Weather in the Northwest was favorable to harvesting, most of the early reports from that quarter told of highly promising yields, and they were accompanied by selling orders galore. Even the primary receipts turned against the holder, with an excess of over 100,000 bu, and when clearances dropped to 444,068 bu there seemed to be nothing left for the bulls to do but to drop also, and there was some quick tumbling in the pit.

Shipping Demand Light.

Not even on the break was there a vigorous shipping demand, although 200,000 bu were worked here and 418,000 bu taken at the seaboard. Exporters on the coast put flies in the ointment provided by the demand there by declaring it was mostly on distressed freight room. "There was some business" at the start on buying by Champlin-Allerton and the Trego party, but the Northwest was pouring wheat through Schwarz-Dupee, Milmine-Bodman, Harris, and other houses, and the pit element, impressed with the bearish factors in the news and by the weakness in corn, were adding to the load. As the price dove way there was general stop-loss selling; the Southwest unloaded some of its long property and good-sized local lines were liquidated through Hulburd-Warren, Trego-Montgomery, and Irwin-Green. There were indications of foreign selling early and of the putting out of a line of shorts by Patten as a hedge against long corn. The buying on the break was by Giffard and shorts within reins of an improved cash demand, a steadying influence. Some attention was paid to a late dispatch from a Minneapolis elevator firm saying: "Best of information obtained by elevator men along Northern Pacific, wheat yield disappointing, both as to quantity and grade." Local contract stocks are 3,604,124 bu, an increase of 158,122 bu for the week, and total stocks in all positions are 60,000,000 bu. Broadstreet's reports a decrease of 62,000 bu in the world's supply, compared with an increase of 2,877,000 bu a year ago.

Corn Longs Unload.

Liquidation was as much the order of the day in corn as in wheat, and the results little different, a break of 7⅛@1c, with rallies of ⅛@¼c from the bottom. Opening prices were a shade higher, on steady Liverpool cables, but there were no orders in the pit and local scalpers interpreted the dullness as a sign of weakness, and sold the market down, meeting stop orders on their way. A big business was done on the decline, about 600,000 bu here for shipment, partly for direct export, and 272,000 bu at the seaboard, but the market showed little rallying power. September sold from 58¼c to 57⅛c and closed at 57¼c, a loss of ⅞c. December ranged from 60¼c to 59⅝c and closed at 59½ @59⅝c, a loss of ⅝c.

Shipping sales in Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio took on the price, although the forecast was for fair weather. Some hopeful Illinois dealers wired that their crop prospects were now much better, and there was a little freer selling of old corn. Bartlett-Frazier, Comstock, Trego-Montgomery, and other bulls and bull houses sold, while Patten and Pringle resisted the decline with moderate buying. The cash demand was the main bull factor, but with the market going the other way it was not treated with much respect. Arrivals were 343 cars, 16 of them contract, with 160 estimated for today. Contract stocks in local houses increased 159,812 bu to 6,415,620 bu, and total supplies are 12,067,000 bu. Primary receipts were 401,000 bu, compared with 316,468 bu a year ago, clearances small at 55,344 bu. World's available stocks decreased 329,000 bu for the week.

Oats held steady just at the opening on a good commission-house demand for May, but weakened under country selling, and the break in corn, which, together, brought out a good deal of local liquidation. September sold from 35¾c to 35c and closed at 35¾c, a loss of ⅛c for the day. May sold from 36c to 35⅝-⅝c and closed on the bottom, a net loss of ⅝@⅝c. Freer offerings from the country on the rains were a chief element of weakness. Carrington-Hannah and Logan were the buyers early, and at the close around bottom figures Pratt and Irwin-Green sold. Arrivals were 398 cars, and 175 are expected today. Cash sales were 100,000 bu and seaboard clearances 18,000 bu. Contract stocks increased 327,000 bu to 1,047,000 bu. Total supplies are 2,459,000 bu, an increase of 652,000 bu. World's available supplies increased 927,000 bu, compared with an increase of 1,387,000 bu last year.

Provisions Have Break.

Provisions were weaker in sympathy with grains and on larger receipts of hogs than expected. Buying of near by deliveries of ribs by the packers was not as aggressive as it had been for several days and there was a disposition to realize on January product by the Cudahys and other holders. Pork lost 17½c to 25c, lard 12½c to 15c, and ribs 10c to 15c, with the January losses the greatest. Local receipts of hogs were 25,000 and prices steady. Estimated arrivals today are 31,000. Western receipts were 71,900, compared with 69,700 a week ago and 43,300 a year ago. Shipments of cut meats were 8,886,008 lbs, against 4,845,953 lbs last year; lard 2,725,494 lbs, compared with 2,060,000.

Rye was weaker and from ½c to ⅝c lower with light trading. Receipts were 20 cars. September closed at 57c bid and December 60½c asked.

Barley was easier and from 1c to 2c lower, with only fair demand and liberal offerings. Receipts were 50 cars. Heavy barley was generally steady, the decline being for lighter weight grades. Considerable barley was offered to arrive and was bid for at prices that were not acceptable to holders. The cash range was from 53c to 63c. Common to good malting was quoted at 53½@55c; good to fancy, 55@63c.

Timothy was active and stronger with good demand. Considerable cash business was transacted over a range of $5.00@5.25. September sold at $5.30 and closed at $5.22½ bid with $5.37½ asked. October delivery was nominal at $5.25@5.27½. October delivery new clover seed was quoted at $10.25@10.50.

Flaxseed was firmer and from ½c to 1c higher. Trading was quiet with small offerings. No. 1 Northwestern closed at $1.33; No. 1 Southwestern, $1.61; September, $1.33; October, $1.33; receipts were 45 cars in Chicago, 36 cars at Minneapolis, and 20 cars at Duluth.

Figures for the Day.

Grain and provision futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT.

	Aug. 19.	High.	Low.	Closed Yester-day.	Closed Aug. 17.
Sept	71¼-¾	71¾-¼	69⅝-½	70	72⅛-¼
Dec	73¾-⅝	73⅝	72⅛	72⅝-¾	.....
May	77⅞	77⅞	76¼	76⅝	.....

CORN.

Sept	58½	58¼	57¼	57¼	58¼
Dec	61¼-⅜	61¼	59⅝	59⅝-½	.....
May	62⅜	62⅜	61⅝	61⅝-¾	.....

OATS.

Sept	35⅞	35⅞	35	35¼	36
Dec	37⅛	37⅛	36⅝-½	36⅝-½	.....

PORK.

Sept	14.45	14.45	14.30	14.27½	10.95
Jan	15.75½	15.75½	15.60	15.67½	10.97½

LARD.

Sept	8.85	8.92½	8.80	8.82½	6.72½
Oct	9.02½	9.02½	8.87½	8.90	6.77½
Jan	8.02½-5	8.02½	8.75	8.80	6.47½

SHORT RIBS.

Sept	8.32½	8.35	8.22½	8.22½	6.95
Oct	8.42½	8.42½	8.27½	8.30-.32½	6.90
Jan	8.10	8.07½	7.90	7.95	5.82½

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3	Low grades.	Total.
Winter wheat	167	143	6	321
Spring wheat	3	62	24	89
Corn	19	206	76	301
Oats	153	326	67	546
Rye	17	7	1	25
Barley	...	38	12	50
Totals	359	691	121	1,370

Inspected out: 331,600 bu and 10 cars winter wheat, 9 cars No. 1 Northern spring wheat; 209,600 bu and 56 cars corn. From unlicensed elevators: 83,400 bu corn.

Movement of Produce.

The following were the receipts and shipments of flour, grain, and provisions for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	Receipts. 1901.	1900.	Shipments. 1901.	1900.
Flour, brls	12,200	14,728	7,000	10,116
Wheat, bu	399,650	304,410	91,561	9,000
Corn, bu	224,625	102,600	143,813	28,029
Oats, bu	327,275	251,000	191,980	200,276
Rye, bu	14,304	3,750	...	...
Barley, bu	38,100	34,250	1,100	2,000
C. seed, lbs	1,000	54,000	104,000	230,000
C. seed, lbs	12,635	14,025	46,013	...
O. seed, lbs	81,900	1,620	5,942	25,500
C. meals, lbs	2,400	2,400	2,400	14,400
C. meals, lbs	671,240	262,980	3,358,660	3,345,953
C. oil, cases	6,987	7,983	3,768	3,623
D. beef, lbs	462,018	612,762	4,153,104	2,606,004
Beef, tcs	33	...	367	14
Beef, brls	14	...	267	134
Pork, brls	14	50	1,466	1,519
Lard, lbs	415,800	70,800	1,726,484	2,069,001

The receipts and shipments of wheat and corn at the points given were as follows:

Western points.	Receipts. Wheat.	Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Corn.
Chicago	360,000	222,125	91,561	143,619
Milwaukee	45,000	10,800	2,200	.....
Minneapolis	311,200	4,620	29,040	.....
Duluth	88,320	...	11,155	.....
St. Louis	119,000	58,000	42,000	40,000
Toledo	11,000	28,000	...	10,241
Detroit	10,101	4,000	900	.....
Kansas City	120,000	27,500	214,200	14,500
Peoria	6,000	41,000	3,000	12,000
Totals	1,153,117	401,180	393,830	210,360
Seaboard.				
New York	129,300	28,200	...	47,957
Boston	22,261	2,500	...	7,257
Philadelphia	118,814	...	42,877	.....
Baltimore	167,500	11,748	132,000	.....
New Orleans	8,000	3,000	134,000	.....
Galveston	249,800	...	...	.....
Totals	695,130	45,352	309,032	55,344
Grand totals	1,848,247	446,532	702,862	265,704
Same days 1900	1,426,668	288,752	617,920	418,146

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Quiet and steady with small demand. Spring, special brands, $4.10@4.20; hard patents, $3.60@3.70; soft, $3.40@3.50; winter patents, Southern, $3.40@3.60; straights, $3.20@3.30; white rye, brls, $2.70 @2.80; dark, $2.50@2.60.

WINTER WHEAT—About 1c lower with fair demand. Sales in store and to-go: No. 3 red, 70c; No. 2 hard, 70c, and 172,000 bu on p. t. On track: 70½c. Free on board: No. 3 red, 70@70¼c; No. 2 red, 70¼@71c; No. 3 hard, 69¼@70c; No. 2 hard, 69¾@70¼c. Billed through: No grade, 67¼c; No. 2 red, 69¾c; No. 3 hard, 68¾c; No. 2 hard, 68¾c.

SPRING WHEAT—About 1c lower with moderate demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 68@69¾c; No. 4, 63@67c. Free on board: No. 4, 62@63c; No. 3, 68@69¾c. Billed through: No. 4, 65@70¾c; No. 2 Northern, 70¼c.

CORN—About ½c to 1c lower with fair demand and moderate offerings. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 yellow, 58c; No. 2 white, 20,000 bu on p. t.; No. 3, 57c, and 480,000 bu for shipment on p. t.; No. 3 white, 59¾c; No. 3 yellow, 57¾@57¾c. Sales on track and free on board: No. 3, 57@58¾; No. 2 yellow, 57¾@58¼c; No. 2, 58¼c; No. 2 yellow, 58¾c; No. 3 white, 59¼@60c. Billed through: No. 3, 55½@56¾c; No. 3 yellow, 56¼@57¼c; No. 2 yellow, 57¼c; No. 3 white, 59c; No. 2 white, 59c.

OATS—About ½c to ⅝c lower with fair demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 35¾c; No. 3 white, 37¾c; No. 2, 35¾c, and 100,000 bu on p. t. Sales on track and free on board: No. 3, 35c; No. 4 white, 37¼@ 37½c; No. 3, 35¼@35¾c; No. 3 white, 37¼@ 38¼c; No. 2, 35¾@36¼c; No. 2 white, 38@38¼c. Billed through: No. 4, 34@34½c; No. 4 white, 36¼@37½c; No. 3, 35¼c; No. 3 white, 37@ 37¼c; No. 2, 35¼@37¼c; No. 2 white, 36¾@ 37¾c.

RYE—About ½c to ⅝c lower, with light demand. Sales on track: No. 2, 58½c. Free on board: No. 2, 58@58½c; No. 3, 57¾c; No. 4, 57c.

BARLEY—Lower, with good demand and liberal offerings. Sales free on board: 58@ 63c. Billed through: 59c. To arrive: 56 @61c.

PROVISIONS—Active and from 10c to 20c lower. Cash lots mess pork were quotable at $14.25@14.30; repacked, 15@20c discount. Lard, $8.80@8.82½; short ribs, $8.05@8.25, according to weight.

COOPERAGE—Steady, at 82½@85c for ash pork brls and 85@87½c for oak, and $1.02½@ 1.05 for lard tcs.

WHISKY—Basis for finished goods, $1.30.

HAY—Dull, with limited demand and large offerings. Receipts, 1,217 tons; shipments, 40 tons. Sales, including those on track, were: Choice timothy, $13.00@14.00; No. 1 timothy, $12.00@13.00; No. 2 timothy, $12.00; not graded timothy, $10.50@11.00; thrashed timothy, $8.00; clover hay, $10.00; No. 1 prairie, Nebraska, $12.00@12.50; No. 3 prairie, State, $8.50.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Estimated receipts for today are 155 cars wheat, 160 cars corn, 175 cars oats, and 31,000 hogs.

The best mental energies of the pit talent will now be devoted to guessing how nearly the September liquidation has run its course.

A membership sold yesterday at $2,500 net to the seller.

Secretary Pettit of the Planey Elevator company made personal application to the directors yesterday to have the ban taken off the houses which were declared irregular last June because of disputes over the delivery of contract corn to Phillips. The matter was taken under advisement.

The committee of the directors appointed a week ago to examine into the sufficiency of the report of the Phillips May pool statement asked for further time yesterday, and the disappointment of the officials of that company, who hoped for a prompt report. They are anxious to be sure of their good standing with the directory before proceeding with their plans of reorganization. These were proceeding famously, according to Mr. Phillips, who said: "The plan of creditors taking stock for their claims is working well, and there is less than $40,000 now to hear from. We are so much encouraged that blank agreements and proxies are being prepared and will be sent in a day or two to creditors living at a distance, who desire to help reorganize the company. "We do not look for any difficulty with the directors over the May corn deal statement now in their hands. If the one prepared is not satisfactory we will have it checked over again until it is acceptable."

The corn bulls got the improved cash demand they have been looking for yesterday. Sales here were about 600,000 bu, mostly to seaboard exporters for foreign account. It remains to be seen what effect this revival of the foreign demand will have on the market. Frequently in the past there have been steady declines in the values of futures coincidently with a large shipping business from day to day. The bears expect to see this precedent followed or the shipping demand dry up if there should be any advance. But, as has been said before, this seems to be an unusual year, and may insist on making its own precedents.

The recent heavy rains in Illinois have revived the late corn and the hopes of farmers, even in the southern part of the State, as was made apparent by freer offerings of old corn by farmers and dealers. A dealer at Kenney, in the central part of the State, makes the optimistic estimate of forty to fifty bu an acre in that section. Costello of Maroa, in the same section, operating fifteen stations, wired Pratt: "Rains will materially improve both late and early corn. Farmers say they will get twenty-five to forty bu an acre. Two weeks ago they said ten to twenty-five bu. I look for freer movement." It is possible the new hopes may be disappointed, as they seem to have been in Iowa. Dealers in that State sold heavily on Chicago bids one Monday morning a few weeks ago, after heavy rains, and have been trying to cancel their bargains ever since. September was about 55c then, and bids for No. 3 or better about 3c under September. A Des Moines dealer, who wanted to buy back 10,000 bu sold then to a Chicago dealer, was given a price of ⅝c over September—a good indication of the firmness of the views of local holders.

The Iowa crop report says: "Farmers' estimates Aug. 1 of corn crop were 85 per cent of forty bu per acre, or about twenty-two bu, which would make the State crop nearly two-thirds that of last year. The director is sure the crop will not be less than that. The larger number of these reports were made by local correspondents during the last days of July, and before the beneficial effects of the copious showers were made evident."

Shipping business in corn was more active yesterday than it has been in months.

Charters were for 250,000 bu wheat, 440,000 bu corn, and 180,000 bu oats, with rates steady at 1¼c on wheat, 1¼c on corn, and 1c on oats to Buffalo.

PRODUCE IN LARGER SUPPLY.

Prices Some Lower Owing to More Liberal Receipts—Good Demand for Nearly All Lines.

Produce prices are coming more within the range of the general consumer within the last few days owing to an increase in receipts and an easier market. The demand is heavy and trading in South Water street brisk. Some fine peaches are in the market from Michigan, Georgia, Illinois, and California, and are in demand. Poor stock, however, has a slow sale. Pears, apples, grapes, and plums are plentiful.

All lines of vegetables were easier except potatoes, which were firm, 5c to 15c higher. Tomatoes and cabbage are in liberal supply at lower prices.

Choice creamery butter was steady, with medium receipts. Eggs were a trifle easier.

Quotations on round lots were as follows:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, loss off, cases returned	14c	Cheese, fancy brick	8@9½c
Eggs, at mark, cases returned	13c	Butter, creamery, extra	19@20½c
City recandled	14@14½c	Firsts	15@16c
Seconds, cases incl.	11.50	Seconds	14@14½c
Cheese, Y. A.	10½c	Dairies	13@17c
Cheese, twins	9¾@10c	Ladles	12@14c

POULTRY.

Iced chickens, scalded	7@8c	Live turkeys, lb	6@8c
Do. dry picked	7@8c	Chickens	8c
Do. roosters	4½@5c	Do. spring, lb	15@17½c
Iced turkeys	9@9c	Geese, doz	$3.00@4.50

FISH.

Black bass, lb	11@12c	Pickerel	4@5c
Carp	1½@2c	Pike	3@4c
Pike	6@7c	Perch	3@4c

VEALS.

50@60 lbs	6@6½c	100@110 lbs	8@8½c
60@70 lbs	6@6c	110@130 lbs	7@8c
90@100 lbs	6@7c	150@200 lbs	6@6c

FRUITS.

Apples, good to choice	$2.50@2.75	Bartlett pears, Cal. box	$2.40@2.85
Apples, fancy	$3.00@3.50	Cherries, 16 qts. sour	$1.40@1.75
Lemons, Cal., re-packed	$4.00	Peaches, Mich., bskts	12@22c
Do. Messina	$3.00@3.00	Do. Ill., 4-bskt case	30@45c
Pineapples, Fla. crates	$3.50@4.00	Do. Ky., ½-bu	75@80c
Oranges, Valencias	$4.00@5.00	Do. Ga., 6-bskt carrier	$1.50@1.60
Blueberries, 16 qts	$1.25@1.50	Do. Tex., 4-bskt case	$1.00@1.25
Bananas, bch	$1.25@1.75	Elberta	$1.35@1.40
Grapes, Malaga, kegs	$3.00@3.25	Ricky Ford, Ohio, crates	$2.00@2.25
Do. Ark., 4-bskt case	75c	Do. crates	$3.00@3.50
Do. Ives, Ill., 8-lb bskt	12@15c	Watermelons, Georgia, per car	$110@160
Do. Niagara, 8-bskt case	$1.00@1.25		

VEGETABLES.

Beans, navy, hand-picked	$2.80	Onions, green, tubs	50@75c
Medium	$2.70@2.75	Onions, Egyptian, 100 lbs	$2.80
Celery, Mich., cases	30@40c	String beans, new, ½ bu	$1.75@2.00
Cucumbers, Ill., ½ bu	20@25c	Green peas, ½ bu telephones	$1.75@2.00
Cabbage, new, home-grown, crates	$2.25@2.50	New potatoes, early Ohios, 8 lbs	20@21c
Do. per 100	$3.00@3.50	Do. Minn.	$1.00@1.15
Carrots, new, 100 bunches	$1.00	Do. Burbanks, ½ bu	20@21.30
Onions, 70-lb sacks	$1.10@1.25	Do. home-grown, early Ohio, 1½ bu	$1.00@1.25
Sweet corn, 6@8 doz	50@60c	Sweet potatoes, bbl	$4.25@4.75
Beets, new, 100 bchs	$1.00@1.25	Tomatoes, Ill., ½ bskt cases	20@25c
Turnips, new, ½ bu	50@75c	Do. Indiana, ½-bu bskt	20@30c
Lettuce, head, home-grown	50@75c	Do. home grown, bu	50@75c

The following table exhibits the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

	Receipts. 1901.	1900.	Shipments. 1901.	1900.
Apples, brls	1,437	1,113	228	294
Beans, bu	150	220	2,200	225
B. corn, lbs	170,500	22,400	90,500	1,100
Butter, lbs	1,077,395	1,054,200	1,225,190	1,115,840
Cheese, lbs	203,760	51,936	164,500	175,017
D. fruits, lbs	91,000	51,552	30,000	15,035
Eggs, pkgs	8,687	7,883	3,768	3,623
Hay, tons	217	552	40	440
Hides, lbs	383,600	128,700	629,970	440,187
Hops, lbs	...	...	110	14,422
Potatoes, bu	5,800	4,150	1,037	493
Poultry, lbs	116,912	18,841	10,460	21,494
Poultry, crs	...	118	...	...
Wool, lbs	584,500	273,668	1,622,239	880,129

IN FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKET.

Current and Closing Quotations on Grain, Provisions, and Cotton at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 20.—Grain—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red Western winter, 5s 8d; No. 1 Northern spring, 5s 8½d; No. 1 California, 6s ½d. Futures quiet; September, 5s 7½d; December, 5s 9¼d. Corn—Spot firm; American mixed, new, 4s 11¾d; do old, no stock. Futures quiet; September, 4s 11⅝d; October, 4s 11¼d; November, 5s ½d.

Provisions—Hams, short cut, steady, 52s. Bacon, Cumberland cut, steady, 43s 6d; short ribs steady, 46s 6d. Lard—American refined in pails steady, 44s 6d; prime Western in tcs steady, 43s. Cheese, American finest white, quiet, 47s. Butter, good United States, 70s.

Cotton—Spot quiet; prices unchanged; American middling, 4 9-16d. The sales of the day were 7,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export and included 5,500 bales American. Receipts, 4,000 bales, including 1,600 bales American. Futures opened quiet and closed steady.

DAY IN THE CUSTOM-HOUSE.

Receipts for Duties for Imported Goods from Bonded Warehouses or New Arrivals.

The amount received for duties at the Chicago Custom-House yesterday was $25,686.06, of which $14,102.01 was on imposts or articles for immediate consumption and $11,584.05 was for warehouse withdrawals.

The following merchandise from foreign ports arrived yesterday: 6 casks sheep gut, 140 bags gum chickle, 575 packages tea, 25 bales hams, 1,000 bags salt, 200 cases macaroni, 100 cases vegetables, 10 cases earthenware, 17 chests tea, 622 packages tea, 1 case fish, 5 cases millinery, 19 bales leaf tobacco, 118 cases earthenware, 2 cases china, 4 cases biscuits, 335 packages tea, 4 cases ironware, 1 case manufactured metal, 67 packages crockery, 5 packages cherries, 9 packages glassware, 2 cases printed matter, 1 case silver, 10 cases oils, 1 case needles, 93 packages glassware, 8 packages wine, 7 casks wine, 4 packages brandy, 36 cases musical sundries, 14 packages crockery, 275 packages toys, dolls, etc., 31 cases chinaware, 214 packages drugs, 2 cases essential oils, 2 cases manufactured metals, 1 case scientific instruments, 2 coops fowls, 2 cases whisky, 1 case machinery, 24 cases wine, 200 cases mineral water, 1 case cognac, 25 cases wine, 48 chests tea, 60 casks borax, 10 cases vegetable albumen, 1 case pictures, 2,200 bags sugar, 945 cakes asphalt, 101 bags seed, 180 bags sugar, 2 cases flowers, 2 bags seed, 400 cases lily bulbs, 141 cases Japanese curios. The cargo of the steamer Northeastern, from London and Hamburg, is included in the above list.

The articles entered for immediate consumption, upon which duty was paid yesterday, are as follows: 1 case metal ornaments, 4 cases biscuits, 1 case wool, 1 case manufactured wood, 1 parcel samples, 1 case oil paintings, 3 cases bronze powder, 33 cases still wine, 2 cases oil paintings, 1 case woolens, 2 cases music, 6 octaves wine, 2 cases wine, 2 cases whisky, 2 cases essential oils, 214 bags crude drugs, 2 cases manufactured metal, 1 case scientific instruments, 2 coops fowls, 1 case machinery, 1,280 bags salt, 200 cases macaroni, 160 cases prepared vegetables, 2 cases cotton velvets, 1 case manufactured bronze, 1 case gun, 1 case plumbago samples, 1 bale cinnamon samples, 4 cases cigars, 4 cases scientific apparatus, 1 crate bicycles (American goods returned), 15 casks bottled ale, 1,145 cases canned blueberries, 1 box tea samples, 10 cases earthenware, 2,045 packages herring, 95 cases linoleum, 5 cases artificial flowers, 2 cases flax articles, 3 cases damask towels, 1 case papier mache, 1 keg herring, 3 cases manuscript, 10 cases olive oil, 15 cases woven flax fabrics, 27 cases dry goods, 53 cases decorated earthenware.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 20.—Today's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows:

Available cash balance	$178,814,851
Gold	102,736,741
Silver	26,697,102
United States notes	13,456,313
Treasury notes of 1890	116,066
National bank notes	8,848,556

Oil and Oil Certificates.

OIL CITY, Pa., Aug. 20.—Credit balances, $1.25; certificates, no bids; shipments, 121,548 brls; average, 97,097 brls; runs, 83,506 brls; average, 91,573 brls.

RANGE OF PRODUCE PRICES

QUOTATIONS ON GRAIN AND STAPLES AT LEADING EXCHANGES.

Record of Day's Trading in Principal Commodities from the Eastern Seaboard to the Western Markets — Tendency of Cotton in the East and South — Receipts and Shipments of Wheat, Corn, and Oats at Milling Points.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—Flour—Receipts, 29,509 bu; exports, 10,072. Weak and a shade lower. Winter patents, $3.60@3.85; winter straights, $3.30@3.40; Minnesota patents, $3.75@4.00; winter extras, $2.50@2.80.

Wheat—Receipts, 129,800 bu. Spot market weaker; No. 2 red, 77½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 red, 75¾c elevator; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 78¾c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Duluth, 86⅛c f. o. b. afloat. Options ruled weak all day and active, and closed weak at 1@1¼c net loss.

Corn—Receipts, 28,300 bu; exports, 47,987 bu. Spot easier; No. 2, 62c elevator, 62½c f. o. b. afloat. Option market was weak and lower, closing weak at ⅞c net decline; September, 61⅝@62 9-16c; closed 61¾c; December, 63@63½c; closed 63¼c.

Oats—Receipts, 40,500 bu; exports, 3,870 bu. Spot easier; No. 2, 39c; No. 3, 38½c; No. 2 white, 42½@42½c; No. 3 white, 41¾c; track, mixed Western, 38@40c; track, white, 41¾@ 43c. Options quiet and lower with corn.

Cotton-seed oil—Steady.

Eggs—Receipts, 8,984 pkgs. Market strong; State and Pennsylvania, 17@19c; Western candled, 16@17½c; Western uncandled, 16@ 16½c.

Sugar—Raw dull; fair refining, 3 7-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4c; molasses sugar, 3 3-16c; refined barely steady; crushed, 5.75c; powdered, 5.35c; granulated, 5.25c.

In the Cotton Market.

The market for cotton futures opened quiet with prices 1 point lower. Before the first hour elapsed a strong undertone was developed and prices advanced 5 to 6 points.

Aside from slight reactions under flurries of profit-taking sales the market held firm all the late forenoon and near midday picked up additional strength on nervous buying to cover shorts.

Soon after midday the weekly government report made its appearance and indicated deterioration in the crop conditions in almost every section of the South. This led to increasing buying for both accounts in the early afternoon, on which October stiffened to 7.45c and January to 7.55c. For the rest of the day the market was more or less irregular though the advance was well held.

On the moment of the close realizing caused a decline of 2 to 4 points. The market was finally easy with prices net 7 to 8 points higher.

Spot closed steady, 1-16c advance; middling uplands, 8 1-16c; middling gulf, 8 5-16c; sales, 5,178 bales. Futures closed easy. August, 7.30c; September, 7.32c; October, 7.42c; November, 7.46c; December, 7.49c; January, 7.52c; February, 7.52c; March, 7.55c; April, 7.56c.

Western Grain Markets.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 20.—Close—Wheat—Lower; No. 2 red, cash elevator, 70c; track, 71¼@72c; September, 69¾c; December, 73¾c; May, 77c; No. 2 hard, 70@70½c. Corn—Lower; No. 2 cash, 58¾c; track, 59@59½c; September, 58¾@58¾c; December, 59¾c; May, 62¾c. Oats—Lower; No. 2 cash, 37½c; track, 38@ 38½c; September, 36¾c; December, 37c; May, 39½c; No. 2 white, 39@39½c. Lead—Firm; $4.30@4.40. Spelter—Dull; $3.80.

Wool—Fairly active; unchanged; medium grades, 11½@17c; light fine, 11½@14c; heavy fine, 9½@11c; tub washed, 15@24c.

Flour—Inactive, easy; new red winter patents, $3.50@3.65; extra fancy and straights, $3.10@3.25; clear, $2.70@3.00. Receipts—Flour, 10,000 brls; wheat, 114,000 bu; corn, 58,000 bu; oats, 26,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 13,000 brls; wheat, 43,000 bu; corn, 40,000 bu; oats, 8,000 bu.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 20.—Wheat slumped again today in the early trading. September selling to 67½c. September opened at 68¼c and held firm. Toward the close the market broke sharply on free selling, September striking 67¼@67⅝c and December 68¼c. A slight rally followed, and September closed at 67¾@67¼c; December, 69@69¼c. The cash market was active. There was an excellent demand for wheat to arrive, and free selling of No. 1 Northern on that basis at 69@69¼c; No. 2 Northern sold at 67¾@68c; No. 3, 65@66c.

DULUTH, Minn., Aug. 20.—Close—Wheat—Cash No. 1 hard, 72½c; No. 1 Northern, 70¼c; No. 2 Northern, 67¼c; No. 3 spring, 62¼c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 72½c; No. 1 Northern, 69¼c; December, No. 1 Northern, 70¼c. Oats—35¾@ 35¾c. Corn—55¼c. Flax—To arrive, $1.62; cash, $1.62; September, $1.58. Receipts—Wheat, 35,322 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 11,188 bu.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 20.—Close—Wheat—September, 65@65½c; December, 68c; May, 72c; cash, No. 2 hard, 67@67½c; No. 2 red, 71c. Corn—September, 57¾c; December, 57¾@57½c; May, 61¼@61¼c; cash, No. 2 mixed, 58½c; No. 2 white, 59@59½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 39½@40c. Receipts—Wheat, 124,800 bu; corn, 40,000 bu; oats, 29,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 190,400 bu; corn, 36,800 bu; oats, 15,000 bu.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 20.—Flour—5c lower. Wheat—Lower; close, No. 1 Northern, 71¼@72½c; No. 2 Northern, 70@71c; September, 70c. Barley—Firm; No. 2, 64@ 65c; sample, 45@64c. Oats—Steady; No. 2 white, 39c. Corn—September, 57½c.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Aug. 20.—Spirits turpentine—Firm; 33½c. Resin—Firm; quote, A, B, C, $1.00; D, $1.05; E, $1.10; F, $1.15; G, $1.20; H, $1.25; I, $1.45; K, $1.65@1.70; M, $2.10; N, $2.70@2.75; W G, $3.15; W W, $3.50.

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 20.—Wheat—Active, lower; No. 2 cash, 72c; September, 72¾c; December, 74½c. Clover seed—Lower; quiet; prime October, $6.20; December, $6.30.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 20.—Turpentine—Nothing doing; quotations omitted. Resin—Firm, unchanged.

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 20.—Corn—Easier; No. 2, 57¾c. Whisky—On the basis of $1.30 for finished goods.

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Dry Goods, Poultry, Butter, Coffee, and Metals.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Dry goods: Home demand for brown cottons again quiet and market somewhat irregular. The export demand this week has been quieter also, but export goods are steady. Bleached cottons in quiet request at firm prices. Denims, ticks, and other coarse colored cottons, dull and in favor of buyers. Prints in fair request, but no other price changes. Ginghams steady.

Coffee Market Dull.

Coffee—Rio on the spot was dull at 5½c for No. 7. Sales, 1,000 bags Maracaibo, 600 Savanilla, 600 Central American. Futures were unchanged to 5 points lower, closing dull, with sales of 6,500 bags. Havre was unchanged. Hamburg was unchanged to ¼ pfg lower. American warehouse deliveries, 6,800 bags. Rio firm at unchanged prices. Exchange, 10¼d, 1-16d advance. Receipts two days, 36,000 bags. Stock, 426,000 bags. Santos firm at 100 reis advance. Receipts two days, 48,000 bags. Stock, 828,000 bags. Interior receipts, 52,

MORE GAINS IN MARKET.

WALL STREET SHOWS TENDENCY TO HARDEN.

Price Movement Narrow, but Strength Is Displayed Along Many Lines — Dominant Financial Interests Absorb All Offerings, Giving Steadiness to Situation—Railroads Score Fair Increases—Steel Issues Have Light Day, Range Being Small.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Today's market was narrow but strong, a reaction just at the close not much disturbing the general movement. The market's tendency is, however, to harden, rather than to advance materially.

Throughout the whole list there seems to be steady absorption. Commission houses do not report increased orders, but they agree that clients are alert, and will be ready to join in any betterment that promises headway. More conspicuous than any other element is the maintained position of important financial interest—taking stocks every time professional manipulators effect any reaction. Thus there seems to be fixed buying orders in practically every prominent stock. Those whose interests are dominant seem not only ready to wait, but desirous of waiting, upon such developments as will later give sure foundation for lasting improvement.

At the opening today there was continued activity in Norfolk and Western, and some further gains, but it encountered large realizing sales, and closed at a net decline of ⅛, about 25,000 shares changing hands. The greater volume of trading was in Southern Pacific, Union Pacific, St. Paul, Atchison, and Southern Railway, all of which, with the exception of Atchison, scored fair rises, Atchison reacting near the close to a fractional decline. In each of the stocks named trading approximated 40,000 shares.

The Erie issues were strong, sales of the common exceeding 14,000 shares. Reading issues were also well bought. The steel stocks moved within a narrow range; the common, which sold "ex" the quarterly dividend of 1 per cent showed a net fractional decline, and the preferred a fractional gain—over 10,000 shares of the issues combined were traded in. Of the more active stocks strength developed in Baltimore and Ohio, Chicago and Alton, Rock Island, Delaware and Hudson, and Pennsylvania, all of which advanced on light trading.

Wheat clearances fell off as usual on Tuesday, but still were nearly half a million bushels. The price of wheat declined about 1 cent per bushel. Corn also showed some decline. The general features of the grain situation, however, remain unchanged, and strongly make for an improving security market.

There was less activity in the sterling exchange market, and it advanced ¼. Call loan rates continue to fluctuate between 2 and 3 per cent, again closing at lowest.

There is some talk of impending rights to be issued on Union Pacific in connection with its purchases of Northern Pacific. The stock was as strong as any on the list today, with a fair amount of short covering in it evident; indeed, Chicago houses were conspicuous purchasers of all the grangers and Pacific stocks.

At the close of business a firm feeling prevailed, which was helped by the materially increased volume of transaction, which, however, still remains far below the standard of last spring, the shrinkage being mainly in commission house trading.

The stockholders of the National Tube company have elected the following directors: F. J. Hearne, John D. Culbertson, William P. Lathrop, Charles Steele, E. H. Gary, C. M. Schwab, E. C. Converse, F. J. Curtis, and William Nelson Cromwell.

Mr. Hearne was elected President; William B. Schiller, First Vice President; William H. Lathrop, Second Vice President; John D. Culbertson, Third Vice President, Treasurer, and Secretary, and W. S. Matheson, Fourth Vice President. Sullivan and Cromwell were elected counsel. E. H. Osborn resigned as Secretary and Assistant Treasurer, to take effect on Aug. 31.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Ag.	Ag. 19
Am. Sugar	3,100	135¾	134¾	135¾	135¾
Do pfd	500	125	124	125	.....
Am. Tobacco ctfs.	500	134¾	134¾	134¾	132½
Atch. Locomotive.	900	70¾	69¾	70¾	69¾
Do pfd	400	90¼	89	89¾	85¾
Am. Tob. pfd	100	143	143	143	142
Am. Steel Hoop ...	1,000	42	41¾	42	42
Am. Copper	10,500	118	115¼	116¾	115¾
Atchison	37,500	70¾	69¾	70¾	69¾
Do pfd	2,300	96¼	95¾	96¼	96¼
Am. Agl. Chem ...	800	35¾	35	35	.....
Do pfd	1,100	45¾	45¾	45¾	47
Am. Linseed pfd ...	100	60¾	60¾	60¾	61¼
Am. Malting Co..	200	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
Do pfd	100	22	22	22	22
Am. Car Foundry ...	200	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¼
Do pfd	200	85	85	85	84¾
Am. Ice Sec.	200	32¼	32	32	32
Balt. & Ohio	5,100	74¾	74¼	74¾	74¼
Do pfd	1,100	98¼	97¾	98¼	97¼
Brooklyn R. Tran.	5,700	37¾	37¼	37¾	37¾
Can. & Ohio	100	97½	97½	97½	.....
Chesa. & O.	1,700	52¾	52¼	52¾	52¾
Chi. & Alton	37,900	165¾	165¼	165¾	165
Do pfd	100	190¾	190¾	190¾	190¼
Chi. & E. I.	1,800	145¾	142	145	141
Chi. & Northern ...	200	128¾	128¾	128¾	128¾
Chi. R. I. & P. ...	4,900	169¾	169	169¾	168¾
Chi. Gt. West.	2,400	17¾	17¼	17¾	17¾
Chi. Gt. West. pfd.	400	67¾	67¾	67¾	67¾
Chi. Ind. & Louis.	100	27¾	27¾	27¾	.....
Do pfd	100	64	64	64	64
Chi. Mil. & St. P.	3,200	161¾	160¾	161¾	160
Do pfd	100	184	184	184	183
Chi. & N. W.	1,100	210¾	209¾	210¾	209¾
Chi. & N. W. pfd.	100	188¾	188¾	188¾	187¾
Chi. Term. & Trans.	100	18¾	18¾	18¾	18
Do pfd	300	57¾	57¾	57¾	58
Chi. & Southern ...	100	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
Col. Fuel & Iron ..	200	95	95	95	95
C. C. C. & St. L.	4,900	89¼	89	89	89¾
Do pfd	200	112	112	112	112
Del. & Hud. Canal.	2,400	172¾	172¼	172¾	172¾
Del. Lack. & W. ..	100	67¾	67¾	67¾	67¾
Den. & Rio Grande	1,200	31¾	31¼	31¾	31
Do pfd	1,000	84¾	84¼	84¾	84¼
Erie	14,300	31¾	31¼	31¾	31¾
Do 1st pfd	1,200	51¾	51¼	51¾	51¾
Do 2d pfd	1,200	41¾	41¼	41¾	41¾
Fort Wayne	100	185	185	185	185
Gt. Northern pfd.	3,300	187¾	187¼	187¾	187¾
Hocking Valley ...	600	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾
Do pfd	2,300	97¾	97¼	97¾	97¾
Illinois Central ..	200	142	142	142	142
Int. Paper pfd	100	70	70	70	70
Int. Pump	100	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾
Do pfd	100	93	93	93	93
Int. Silver	100	73	73	73	74
Int. Silver pfd ...	100	76	76	76	76
Iowa Cent. & Pac.	100	27	27	27	.....
Do pfd	100	70	70	70	.....
Kan. & Mich.	100	30	30	30	.....
Lake Shore	4,700	204¼	203¾	204¼	203¾
Long Island	600	57¾	57¾	57¾	57¾
Louis. & N. A. ..	1,000	97¾	97¼	97¾	97¾
Manhattan	1,200	118¾	118¼	118¾	117¾
Metropolitan	100	177	177	177	177
Mexican Central ..	1,000	17¾	17¼	17¾	17¾
Minn. & St. L. ..	1,000	97¾	97¼	97¾	97¾
Do pfd	100	120	120	120	120
Minn. St. P. & S.	1,000	97¾	97¼	97¾	97¾
Mo. Kan. & Tex. ..	1,100	24¾	24¼	24¾	24¾
Do pfd	1,000	60¾	60¼	60¾	60¾
Mo. Pacific	1,000	101¾	101¼	101¾	101¾
Nash. Chat. & St. L.	100	90	90	90	90
N. Y. Central	1,200	161¾	161	161¾	161
N. Y. Chi. & St. L.	100	30	30	30	.....
Do 1st pfd	100	85	85	85	.....
Do 2d pfd	100	75	75	75	.....
N. Y. Gas, E. L. & P.	100	140	140	140	140
N. Y. & New Eng.	100	50	50	50	50
N. Y. Ont. & West.	1,000	39¾	39¼	39¾	39¾
Norfolk & West. ..	2,300	68	67¾	68	67¾
Do pfd	100	94	94	94	94
North American ..	1,000	19¾	19¼	19¾	19¾
Northern Pacific ..	37,900	69¾	68¾	69¾	68¾
Ontario & West. ..	1,000	34¾	34¼	34¾	34¾
Pacific Mail	600	47¾	47¼	47¾	47¾
Pennsylvania	1,000	141¾	141¼	141¾	141¾
Pittsburg	100	275	275	275	.....
Pressed Steel Car.	100	41¾	41¾	41¾	43¼
Do pfd	100	94	94	94	.....
Reading	3,300	69¾	68¾	69¾	68¾
Do 1st pfd	4,400	84¾	84¼	84¾	84¾
Do 2d pfd	1,600	77¾	77¼	77¾	77¾
Rep. Iron & Steel ..	1,200	19¾	19¼	19¾	19¾
Do pfd	1,200	73¾	73¼	73¾	73¾
Southern Ry.	2,800	29¾	29¼	29¾	29¾
Do pfd	1,200	85¾	85¼	85¾	85¾
South. Pacific ..	42,000	56¾	56¼	56¾	56¾
St. L. & S. W. ..	100	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
St. Paul & Omaha	700	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾
St. L. & San Fran.	900	67¾	67¾	67¾	67¾
Do 2d pfd	600	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾
Texas Pacific	3,700	25¾	25¼	25¾	25¾
Texas Land	100	33	33	33	33
Twin City	700	97¾	97¼	97¾	97¾
Tenn. Coal & Iron ..	1,700	95¾	95¼	95¾	95¾
Union Pacific	40,700	99¾	99¼	99¾	99¾
Do pfd	100	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
Un. Bag & Paper ..	600	17¾	17¼	17¾	17¾
Do pfd	1,100	84¾	84¼	84¾	84¾
U. S. Rubber	200	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
U. S. Leather	900	13¾	13¼	13¾	13¾
Do pfd.	1,000	84¾	84¼	84¾	84¾
*U. S. Steel	16,400	41¾	41¼	41¾	41¾
Do pfd	10,100	97¾	97¼	97¾	97¾
Wheeling	100	62¾	62¾	62¾	62¾
Do 1st pfd	100	82	82	82	82
Do 2d pfd	100	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾
Wabash	600	21¾	21¼	21¾	21¾
Do pfd	900	41¾	41¼	41¾	41¾
Wis. Central	100	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
Western Union	5,000	91¾	91¼	91¾	91¼
Va. Car Chem	100	68	68	68	68

*Ex div. †Ex div. 1 per cent.
Total sales, 460,800 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	173	United States	67
American	150	Wells-Fargo	155

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. ref 2s, reg.	107¾	U. S. old 4s, reg.	113
U. S. ref 2s, coup. ..	107¾	U. S. old 4s, coup. ..	113
U. S. 2s, reg.	107¾	U. S. 5s, reg.	107¾
U. S. 2s, coup.	108¼	U. S. 5s, coup.	107¾
U. S. new 4s, reg. ..	134	Dist. of C. 3.65s	124
U. S. new 4s, coup. ..	137		

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

$5000 Atch gen 4s ..	103½	1st	103¼
1000 do adjus	97¼	$7000 T, St L & W 4s	102
4000 do stamped ..	94¼	3000 Ia Cent 1st 5s.	115½
12000 Am H-L 4s ..	95	10000 L N unf 4s	101¼
2000 B-O 5½s	104½	1000 do coll 5s	111
2000 do 4s	103	4000 L & W B 4½s ..	104¾
30000 B-O S W 5½s.	90	10000 Mex Cent 2d 4s	68
4000 Balt & O 1st ..	113	4000 Mich Cent 5s ..	122½
10000 Stkn Ferry 5s	84½	5000 Mo P con 5s	103
11000 Cent Ga con 5s	103	11000 N Y G-E 4s	94¼
1000 Cent Pac 1st g	104½	5000 N Y C 4s	103
10000 do 1st inc ..	78	7000 N-W 4s .. 101	102
20000 do 3d inc	29	4000 do ex 4s	101
10000 C-O 4½s	106	5000 do new riv 4s.	104
2000 do 4s	104½	2000 N P 3s	104½
65000 C B-Q joint ..	84	2000 N P inc 3s	83
1000 do ill div 4s..	103½	2000 Pac Coast 1st 5s	104½
1000 C M-St P D-G 4s	113	2000 R-D cons	123
6000 Chi Terml 4s ..	94¾	2000 StL-SF 2d 6s 116	114
50000 C C C-St L G 4s	106¾	1000 do 5s	107¾
40000 Colo Sou 4s ..	102¾	4000 S L S W 1st ..	97¾
25000 Den-So W 5s ..	84½	12000 So Pac 4s .. 75¾	76
1000 E L-B S 5s	115¾	5000 S C-O A 1st ..	106¼
71000 Erie gen	109¾	12000 So R 4s	107¼
4s	86¼	5000 U P 1st 4s	105¼
13000 do con 4s	99	203000 Wab deb B ..	82
10000 G R & A M 4s	97	.....	81¾

Total sales, $1,185,000.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Mining Stocks, and Other Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—The copper shares continued leaders in point of activity and strength. There was not much activity, but the shares showed considerably more animation than the balance of the list.

The market was broad, taking in a wide range of mining shares, and the low-priced coppers seemed to be in good request. Brokers on the floor reported orders from the lake, but the local public is not yet buying heavily, most of the advance so far having been made through the efforts of the room traders.

The sale of 804 shares of Bell Telephone in one lot this morning was an unusual feature. It was stated that the purchase was a part of an investment order to purchase 1,000 shares. The price was 162, the same as yesterday's closing, and later five shares sold at 162½. Copper Range made a new high record price today, selling up 2 to 81; Boston Elevated sold at 180 and 179. United Fruit was up 1¼ at 86¼, but lost to 86; Massachusetts Electric at 38¾ was ¾ higher.

Call loans 2@3½ per cent. Time loans, collateral 4½@5 per cent. Time loans, mercantile paper 4½@5½ per cent. Clearing-house loans 3½@4 per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Op'g.	High.	Low.	Close.
Atchison	1,800	70	70¾	70	70¼
Do pfd.	50	95¾	95¾	95¼	95¼
Sugar	1,000	135¼	135¾	134¾	135¾
Do pfd	100	125	125	125	125
Allouez	100	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
Adventure	200	8	8	8	8
Atlantic	200	28	28	28	28
Baltic	2,200	64½	65¾	64½	65¼
Bingham	100	41	41	41	41
Calumet	10	740	740	740	740
Centennial	1,200	19	19	19	19
Cochiti	100	4	4	4	4
Copper River	1,500	79	80¼	79	80¼
Dom. Coal	50	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾
Dom. Steel	100	25¼	25¼	25¼	25¼
Erie Tel.	125	43	43	43	43
Elm River	100	5	5	5	5
Franklin	300	19	19¼	19	19¼
Isle Royal	1,000	42	42	42	42
Mass. Elec.	600	33¾	33¾	33¼	33¾
Do pfd.	50	93	93	93	93
Mex. Tel.	100	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
Michigan	2,100	17¾	17¾	17¼	17¾
Mohawk	2,300	49	50	49	49¼
N. E. Coke	200	6	6	6	6
Old Colony	100	214	214	214	214
Old Dom.	1,200	31	32¼	31	32
Pere Marquette pfd.	25	80	80	80	80
Tri-Mountain	400	54½	54½	54½	54½
Tamarack	25	350	350	350	350
Santa Fé	800				7¾
United Fruit	2,900	85¾	86¼	85¾	86¼
Un. Pac.	900	99¼	99¾	99¼	99¾
Do pfd.	100	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾
U. S. Mining	1,500	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾
Utah	100	29¾	29¾	29¼	29¼
Winona	100	3	3	3	3
Wolverine	100	66	66¼	66	66

BONDS.

$10,000 N. E. Coke 5s	55

IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKETS.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, and Other Securities at London, Paris, and Berlin.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says:

"Although there was a complete dearth of business here today the tone of the stock market was steady, the investment shares especially hardening on yesterday's gold arrivals.

"London in the early trading attempted to advance American shares, but there was no stamina in the effort, and they relapsed to parity with the New York opening. There was a small inquiry for Norfolk and Western, Southern Pacific, St. Paul, and Union Pacific, causing a firm close.

"Paris buying copper stocks on the advance of metal. The Bank of England has bought £30,000 gold in Australia. Discounts are steady and silver strong on the Chinese demand. Paris exchange, 25.23½; Berlin, 20.43."

LONDON, Aug. 20.—Money was still plentiful and loans were easy today. The fall in American exchange renewed the demand for gold and steadied discounts.

Closing—Consols for both money and the account, 94⅝; Anaconda, 9¼; Atchison, 77⅛; do preferred, 98; Baltimore and Ohio, 100¾; Canadian Pacific, 114; Chesapeake and Ohio, 48⅝; Chicago Great Western, 22⅛; St. Paul, 170; Denver and Rio Grande, 43⅞; do preferred, 94½; Erie, 39⅞; do first preferred, 68; do second preferred, 52¾; Illinois Central, 148; Louisville and Nashville, 106⅞; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 27¾; do preferred, 55½; New York Central, 167; Norfolk and Western, 68⅛; do preferred, 91½; Northern Pacific preferred, 96⅝; Ontario and Western, 35¼; Pennsylvania, 74½; Reading, 21⅝; do first preferred, 40; do second preferred, 27; Southern Railway, 32⅝; do preferred, 88¾; Southern Pacific, 58⅛; Union Pacific, 101⅝; do preferred, 92½; United States Steel, 43⅛; do preferred, 94⅛; Wabash, 22; do preferred, 40½. Spanish 4s, 70¼; Rand Mines, 42.

Bar silver steady, 27 1-16d per ounce. Money, 1½ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for both short and three months' bills is 2¼ per cent.

PARIS, Aug. 20.—Prices were firm in all departments of the bourse today. The official announcement of the Czar's intended visit to France produced a favorable impression and governments improved, Italian rentes being principally favored. Rio Tintos were active and substantially advanced. Banks, industrials, and tractions also advanced. Kaffirs were quiet, but firm.

BERLIN, Aug. 20.—Business on the boerse today was undecided, prices fluctuated and closed firm on purchases to cover speculative accounts. Banks were steady, except Austrian credit shares, which declined. Canadians improved. Transvaals were weak.

Hurt While Flipping Trolley Cars.

Eleven-year-old George Franklin was probably fatally hurt while flipping trolley cars in Twelfth street. The boy jumped on the trailer of an eastbound car, and as the conductor approached him he jumped off in front of a car coming in the opposite direction. His head was caught beneath the fender of the car and he was dragged ten feet before the car could be stopped.

Argentine Smelter to Close Down.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 20.—The Argentine Smelter, one of the largest plants owned by the American Smelting and Refining company, and which employs 800 men, will, it is announced, be closed down on Sept. 15. Assistant Superintendent McDonald says the shut down is to give the plant a thorough cleaning, and denies a rumor that the purpose is to trace an alleged shortage of $100,000 in the ore accounts.

MORE CURRENCY SHIPPED.

LOCAL BANKS SEND LARGER VOLUME TO COUNTRY.

National Biscuit Stocks Develop Strength and Become Feature of Session on Local Exchange — Common Gains 3-4 and Preferred 1-4— Can Issues Dull, but Unchanged — Northwestern Elevated Prospects— Expectation of Heavy Gold Imports.

Shipments of currency by Chicago banks to the country are being made in larger volume. As yet, however, the demand has not reached a point where it is difficult for the banks to meet it. The general expectation is that the movement of the crops will be accomplished this year, principally by the country banks themselves, which have money to finance it without drawing heavily on the city institutions. New York, it is believed, has contributed already about half of its quota towards the moving of the crops. Last year the banks in the large centers were called on for much less than was anticipated, and indications are that this year, if the season is late, they may will be asked to take in gold, should it be needed for the harvest requirements. The high New York exchange of this week has doubtless in some measure been due to the desire of American houses to remit money to provide for the payment of the 10 per cent installment on their holdings of new consols. Further, the expenditures of American tourists in Europe at this season of the year are usually great.

"In the course of another month or six weeks, however, the great number of tourists will have returned, the pressure for money in New York will begin to be felt, and bills against cotton and wheat shipments will come forward in great numbers. And it may then be found that New York will draw upon London for any sums it may require to meet the internal demand for money."

Chicago in the Market.

Chicago commission houses were buyers on a moderate scale in the New York market yesterday. Opinion on the outlook for the market appears to be about divided in Chicago. Several of the largest houses are pronounced bears, but others believe everything points to a bull movement this fall, provided not so sustained as the recent ones, but still a good rise.

Stable Car Combine.

The report that a combination of stable car companies is pending is revived again. It was stated yesterday that Street's Western Stable Car line would be the nucleus of a consolidation. The Canda and Hicks companies, with Street's, are in control at present of the private live stock car business of the country, and under the plan reported they will be brought into one corporation. President Eckstein of Street's company declined to talk of the probability of a merger.

Railroad Earnings.

Railroad earnings are reportd as follows:

LONG ISLAND.

For quarter ended June 30:

	1900.	Increase.
Gross	$1,369,220	$1,206,448	$162,781
Other income	118,562	118,527	.....
Total income	1,487,782	1,324,975	162,807
Charges, taxes, etc..	386,086	380,812	25,274
Surplus	202,476	146,105	136,371
Fiscal year:			
Gross	4,862,247	4,506,594	353,753
Expenses	3,676,774	3,270,074	240,631
Total income	1,491,553	1,357,607	74,453
Charges	1,435,743	1,397,604	38,138
Surplus	190,800	159,543	36,317

NORFOLK AND WESTERN.

Second week Aug...	$ 255,844	$ 202,220	$ 36,376
From July 1	1,827,294	1,764,522	62,772

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.

Second week Aug...	$ 324,584	$ 306,817	$ 20,767
From July 1	1,958,858	1,806,709	152,290

PERE MARQUETTE.

Second week Aug...	$ 180,632	$ 161,332	$ 19,300
From Jan. 1	5,196,605	4,617,722	578,883

SOUTHERN.

Second week Aug...	$ 661,955	$ 638,772	$ 23,183
From July 1	4,104,041	4,910,136	193,905

ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN.

Second week Aug...	$ 43,727	$ 38,043	$ 5,685
From July 1	256,858	223,370	33,508

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS AND WESTERN.

Second week Aug...	$ 54,847	$ 44,052	$ 10,295
From Jan. 1	1,666,451	1,150,695	515,756

MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS.

Second week Aug...	$ 62,742	$ 50,023	$ 12,719
From July 1	419,867	355,580	64,287

*Decrease.

Foreign exchange was steady yesterday at the following figures in Chicago:

Sterling—	Demand.	60 days.
Actual	486⅞	484⅜
Commercial	485⅞	484⅛
Paris francs—		
Actual	517½	520
Commercial	518¾	521¼
German marks—		
Actual	95¼	94⅝
Commercial	95⅛	94⅝

Closing prices on curb stocks in New York yesterday were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	23	23¼
Do pfd	72⅝	73
American Hide and Leather	7	8
Do pfd	35	38
Bay State Gas	1	1¼
Compressed Air	15	16
Electric Boat	19¼	22
Do pfd	40	50
Electric Vehicle	5½	7
Do pfd	10	12
Electro Pneumatic	1½	1¾
General Carriage	¾	⅞
Havana Comml. Co.	8	10
Do pfd	43¼	45¼
N. Y. Elec. Vehicle Trans.	10¼	11
Pittsburg Bessemer & L. E.	34	36
Otis Elevator	32	33
Do pfd	96	98
Royal Baking Powder pfd.	99¾	100¼
Seaboard Air Line	27¾	28¼
Do pfd	49½	50
Do 4s	81¼	81¾
Standard Oil	708	712
Storage Power	5	9
U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	6	7¼
Do pfd	35½	34½
Illinois Vehicle	½	1

Financial Topics.

Call money was slightly firmer in New York part of yesterday at 3 per cent, but the ruling rate was 2½. Money closed at 2 to 2½ per cent and the last loan was at 2 per cent.

Alfred L. Baker & Co. issue the following bullish opinion on the market: "For some days past we have noticed that the tendency of prices has been inclined toward a higher rather than a lower level. This is probably due to the fact that there has been considerable if not widespread liquidation in stocks which were being carried on margin. This, with bad crop reports and strike news, has had the effect of bringing about the low prices. We now feel that the present prices of stocks have pretty thoroughly discounted the bad news and therefore would rather buy stocks than sell them, unless some new calamity arises, which we do not care to anticipate."

At a meeting of stockholders of the National Glass company in Pittsburg the old board was reelected, and it was decided to increase the capital from $1,800,000 to $2,500,000. A. W. Heeren was elected President.

The National Tube company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock, payable on Oct. 1.

The $18,000 Glen Rock, Pa., 5½ per cent fifteen-year average water bonds were awarded to N. W. Harris & Co., New York.

The $6,000,000 3½ per cent water loan of Philadelphia has been awarded to a syndicate composed of Drexel & Co., Harvey Fisk & Sons, and Brown Bros. & Co. at their bid of $6,022,500 for the entire amount.

Sales on the Chicago Exchange.

Sales on the Chicago Stock Exchange yesterday were as follows:

	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	170	23¼	23	23¼
Do pfd	140	75¼	75¼	75¼
Central Union Telephone..	150	47½	47½	47½
Chicago City Railway.....	20	201	201	201
Metropolitan Elevated	10	58	58	58
Do pfd	10	91	91	91
National Biscuit	1,100	44	43¼	44
Do pfd	170	105¼	105¼	105¼
National Carbon	55	18	18	18
Shelby Steel Tube pfd	80	87¼	87¼	87½
South Side Elevated.....	40	106	105	105
United States Steel.....	100	45¾	45¾	45¾

BONDS.

$4000 N Chi 4½s...107¼|$2000 Lake Ins 5s.. 70

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

	Aug. 20.	Aug. 13.
New York	$200,017,078	$189,951,645
Chicago	23,222,697	20,725,461
Boston	21,886,018	20,008,728
Philadelphia	16,853,062	16,677,875
St. Louis	7,671,607	7,304,950
Baltimore	3,998,076	3,782,780

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 20c discount before clearing, 25c discount after; St. Louis, par bid, 10c premium asked.

IN LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Receipts and Shipments of Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep—Figures for the Week.

The cattle market was without quotable change. Hogs averaged steady, and sheep and lambs ruled steady to 15c lower. The best cattle offered sold at $5.85, top hogs at $6.30, and best lambs at $5.25.

Stock-Yard receipts and shipments follows:

Receipts—	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, Aug. 19.....	21,797	437	28,852	17,786
Tuesday, Aug. 20.....	6,000	1,500	24,000	17,000
Totals	27,797	1,937	52,852	34,786
Same time last week..	30,416	2,067	53,980	36,868
Cor. time 1900.....	21,184	984	40,404	51,289
Shipments—				
Monday, Aug. 19.....	7,398	41	4,588	1,141
Tuesday, Aug. 20.....	3,500	100	2,000	1,500
Totals	10,898	141	6,800	2,641
Same time last week..	9,329	171	10,370	1,096
Cor. time 1900.....	6,358	160	8,031	4,460

Combined receipts at Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, and St. Louis, with comparisons:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Thus far this week.....	94,000	58,000	68,000
Same period last week..	75,000	56,000	60,000
Same period 1900.....	60,000	68,000	50,

The Tribune.

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WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1901.

The Rage for Mezzotints.

A writer in the Nineteenth Century presents some interesting figures showing the enormous prices now obtainable for mezzotints. The collecting of these old steel or copper engravings—the etchings of a century ago—long has been a fad among wealthy connoisseurs in England. For more than a century the prices of mezzotint portraits, especially those after paintings by Sir Joshua Reynolds, Gainsborough, and other masters of the early English school, have been increasing steadily. Occasionally a great collection of mezzotints is sold at auction in London, almost always setting new records of values. Mr. Blyth's famous collection was sold last March for a total of $166,585. A single engraving—a portrait of Mrs. Carnac, after Reynolds—brought a trifle more than $6,000. The prices obtained at the Blyth sale represented an enormous profit to the collector. Sir William Fraser's collection, made thirty or forty years ago, was sold last December for six times the original cost. A single folio volume, containing 210 portraits of women, for which this collector paid less than $100 forty years ago, realized $7,250 at the sale. Romney, the painter, who was at his best about 1785, received only $300 or $400 for his best portraits. Recently three mezzotints made from his paintings sold for $6,000. The writer in the Nineteenth Century thinks the craze for mezzotints, now at its highest point, will not die out. People who happen to possess well preserved engravings of this kind are fortunate. Collectors who began gathering mezzotints years ago, when prices were comparatively low, now may reap a profit larger than many a successful gold mine pays. To fall heir to a good collection of mezzotints is as kindly a turn of fortune as anybody need desire.

Strikers Have Endured.

The Amalgamated association men in the steel ships at Wellsville, O., went out. An effort is being made to run the mills with non-union workers. Some of these men have been assaulted by strikers, and more serious disturbances are feared. The threat is made that there will be an outbreak "if any further hardships are imposed on the strikers." The last "hardship" they have been called on to endure is the imposition of heavy fines on two of their number for an unprovoked assault on two non-union men. This is an outrage which the strikers are not inclined to submit to. It seems intolerable to them that they should be punished for laying their hands on men whom they look on as outside the pale of the law. President Shaffer said the other day: "Any breach of the peace that has thus far taken place since the strike began has not come from the side of the strikers, but from the other side." Perhaps it is the opinion of the Wellsville strikers that the United States Steel corporation is guilty of a breach of the peace when it sets non-union men at work in mills they have left. President Shaffer said also that if that corporation showed "disregard for the rights of citizens we cannot be held responsible for the consequences." Perhaps these Wellsville men think their rights as citizens are invaded whenever non-unionists are put at work. However that may be, it is certain that the men at Wellsville who are now out do not believe that non-unionists are entitled to the protection of the laws. This is a dangerous belief, which will get them into trouble if they are not careful. President Shaffer says: "We have counseled peaceful means to conduct the strike" and "have advised our people to keep wholly within the law of the community in which they live. He should go to Wellsville and demand compliance with his advice.

DR. PARKHURST'S NEW IDEA.

Dr. Parkhurst wishes to establish in this city an elaborate system of espionage. The Sunday schools of the town are both large and numerous and if all the children who attend them are enrolled as amateur detectives for the purpose of checking the sale of liquor to minors, there will be set loose an army of "plain clothes men" that will make Chicago a universal ambush. Nor will these detectives fail to reach a certain level of efficiency. Many of them have read dime novels and to be a "sleuth of the law" will seem to them a most agreeable diversion. But as their imitative faculty is so abominably strong, one must not be surprised if after a time one hears of some boy detective who has allowed some young man of 19 to continue to patronize the saloon provided he is ready to hand over a dime a day for "protection." As long as children copy their elders so faithfully this development is sadly to be feared.

There always have been spies and tell-tales among children, but this attempt to make all the Sunday school children detectives and informers will create some astonishment. As long as the temperance agitation among children took no more violent form than to fill the air with songs like "All the Birds in the Cold Water Army Belong" and "Tremble, King Alcohol, We Shall Grow Up," it added to the gayety of life and it did something to convince the children of a truth at which mankind has successfully blinked for thousands of years—namely: that indulgence in intoxicating liquors is bad both for the head and for the stomach. This was all well. But when the children are encouraged to pry into each other's affairs and to confide the results of their prying to their teachers, many will feel a little bit dubious.

It is a violation of the ancient principles of minority morality and one finds it hard to get rid of the old ideas. Such a feeling may show that one is not in the forefront of the procession, and that one is not acquainted with the most recent findings of that most marvelous of all sciences, "Child Study." In that case one has no excuse except respect for a musty tradition. But traditions are not without value, and out of regard for them and for the present prejudices of the community it is to be hoped that Dr. Parkhurst will not be too abrupt in introducing his reform. Let him do it gradually and watch the effect.

LEGALLY IRRESPONSIBLE.

According to a Pittsburg dispatch officers of the United States Steel corporation have said that there will be no conference or negotiations looking towards a settlement of the strike until the Amalgamated association is incorporated. If incorporated it would have a legal existence. If it made contracts and broke them it could be sued for damages just as any corporation can be sued if it makes contracts and breaks them.

It is by no means certain that any such statement as this has been made. The officers of the United States Steel corporation have been notably reticent thus far as to their plans. They have abstained, so far as is known, from the threats which employers who have strikes on their hands sometimes foolishly indulge in. They have let the other side do all the talking. It has done a great deal. Much of what has been said by President Shaffer—his advice to the strikers to draw their money out of the savings bank, for instance—has been unwisely said and has not tended to gain public sympathy for his cause. Mr. Morgan and Mr. Schwab have been more discreet than Mr. Shaffer.

It would not be surprising, however, if the officers of the United States Steel corporation desired to have the Amalgamated association—if there are to be any dealings with it in the future—an incorporated and responsible body. It is safe to make agreements with an unincorporated association whose officers and members recognise the sanctity of contracts. But if officers and members take advantage of the fact that their organization is legally irresponsible to break contracts whenever caprice or "loyalty" bids them do so there is no object in entering into an agreement with the organization they belong to.

The labor organizations are not inclined to put themselves in a position where they can be sued for damages and forced to pay them. The English trades unions, which had the impression that their legal status was such that they could not be mulcted in damage suits, have just learned to their surprise and sorrow that they were mistaken. The men at the head of the Amalgamated association hardly will be willing to put it in a position where it can be sued for damages growing out of a breach of contract and be forced to pay a judgment against it out of funds in its treasury which had been set aside for strike purposes. They will prefer to have it remain irresponsible, so that they can break contracts with impunity, if they can find anybody willing to make contracts with them. There will be no such readiness to do so as there has been in the past when it had a President who believed contracts should be lived up to.

WHERE GERMS HIDE.

The threadbare and what might be termed dust-covered subject of long skirts has come up for discussion in London, and the fact that the bacilli of disease hide themselves in trailing dress goods is a red flag that is now being waved before the eyes of those who affect this fashion. It is pleasing to note, however, that the American women in London have left their trails behind them, and that they are receiving much commendation for their habit of wearing short skirts. Evidently by some wise provision of providence only the wearers of this convenient dress have been permitted to go abroad this year, for in America the trail of the long skirt is still observed over the land and bacilli are still permitted this hiding place.

It is useless for doctors to attempt to become dictators in this matter, for some women openly declare that they would as soon be carried off by the germs they carry in their skirts as to be condemned to a short-skirted existence, and, anyway, one might as well be out of the world as out of the fashion. No doubt brevity in skirts is not the soul of their beauty, and perhaps the gracefulness of trails is their own excuse for being. But there are those who claim that there is no beauty in dirt even when gathered upon the robes of a beauty and no grace in a custom that compels a woman to go about with one hand filled with superfluous dry goods. Perhaps the fact that American women in London are winning laurels because of their wearing of the short skirt will persuade those at home to follow in their trail.

AN UNSATISFACTORY EXPLANATION.

Last March the Deputy Sheriff of an Iowa county asked the Chicago Police department whether a notorious criminal by the name of Featherstone, whom he had under arrest, was wanted here. THE TRIBUNE printed yesterday a facsimile of a reply written by Chief of Detectives Colleran to the effect that the man was not wanted. This was a mistake. He was much wanted. He was under indictment here for robbery. Luckily the Sheriff's office learned where Featherstone was, and an officer was sent to bring him here. He was tried and is now in Joliet under a twenty years' sentence. He would be a free man today if he had been released when Captain Colleran's letter was received.

That officer, when asked by a reporter to explain this bad blunder, said that when letters of inquiry like the one in the Featherstone case come to him he turns them over to Lieutenants "out there in the offices to have them look up the cases." After one of these Lieutenants has looked up a case the stenographer writes a letter and Captain Colleran signs it. The name of the Lieutenant who came to the conclusion that Featherstone was not wanted, when in reality he was under indictment for robbery and had forfeited his bail, was not given by Captain Colleran. It was impossible, therefore, for the reporter to ask that subordinate official how he came to the conclusion that this indicted criminal was not wanted.

It is necessary for a Chief of Detectives to depend more or less on subordinates. He cannot look after everything himself. It may well be that Captain Colleran referred this Featherstone inquiry to a Lieutenant, and signed in good faith the letter saying that the man was not wanted. But when the Captain learned two or three weeks later of the return of Featherstone to this city and of his trial and conviction, what did he say or do to the Lieutenant who had deceived him, and who might have made him the cause of the release of a notorious criminal? Captain Colleran does not say that he did or said anything to this ignorant or dishonest subordinate. Apparently he forgave the offense.

Captain Colleran's explanation is not satisfactory. It leaves too much untold. The explanation does show, however, that he is not the man who should be Chief of Detectives. For he is the easy-going man whom criminals who are fugitives from justice would prefer in that place.

UNIFORM DIVORCE LAWS.

The American Bar association's commission on uniform laws, now in session at Denver, has formulated a good plan to promote uniformity of divorce procedure in the different States. It recommends that no divorce be granted in any State unless the grounds for the suit were valid in the State where the cause arose. Where the suit is brought in the same State in which the cause arose the person seeking the divorce must have had an actual residence of one year and must prove a bona fide intention of making the State his or her permanent home. Where the cause arose in an outside State an actual residence of two years is required in the State in which the divorce is sought.

These recommendations are intended to do away with the scandal of "migratory divorces." In some cases these divorces are granted on short notice in distant States while the other party to the suit may be ignorant of what is going on. To stop this abuse the commissioners recommend that no person shall be entitled to a divorce unless the defendant shall have been served personally with a process; except that if the defendant cannot be found after a diligent search of six months it shall be lawful for the court to authorize publication of the suit and grant a decree. After divorce either party may marry, but in cases where a decree has been granted without the presence of defendant the divorce shall not become operative until six months after the decision.

It would be an excellent thing if all the States were to adopt laws embodying these sensible requirements. This is the only practical way in which uniform divorce laws can be secured and the present abuses ended. Theoretically, it might be done through an amendment to the national constitution, giving Congress power to enact divorce laws for the whole country, but practically that is impossible. The Bar association is working on the right lines. Its plan of reform deserves the support of every State Legislature. Unfortunately, it is almost as difficult to get all the States to adopt the same law as to get them to ratify a constitutional amendment. Probably the States with the laxest divorce laws would be the last to adopt the reform measure, and so long as one State maintains the divorce mills the migratory divorce evil will continue.

THE YELLOW FEVER EXPERIMENTS.

Two deaths have occurred within a few days in the yellow fever hospital at Havana as a result of official experiments with disease infected mosquitoes. There was one death of this kind some months ago, when the first experiments were made. A nurse who playfully thrust her hand into the gauze trap containing the infected mosquitoes is now lying at the point of death with yellow fever. This record of three or four fatalities due directly to the bite of mosquitoes establishes the new scientific discovery beyond doubt. There is no need for further experiments on that point, and the acting Military Governor has done well to direct the sanitary authorities of Havana to imperil no more lives for that purpose.

The two men who have just given up their lives as a sacrifice to medical science were intelligent young Spaniards who desired to become immune from yellow fever in order that they might fill positions in the hospital. They acted upon the valid theory that any one who once has had this disease and recovers from it is not likely to have it again. They assumed that with good doctors and attendance at hand there would be little or no danger of a fatal attack of the disease. In that they were mistaken. It will be unwise to seek to become immune after this fashion.

"It does not follow, however, that there may not be need for further tests of a dangerous nature. Dr. Caldas, a Brazilian, is now at Havana to test at the hospital there the efficacy of a serum which he believes will prevent yellow fever. He says if the two men who died had been inoculated with this serum immediately after they were bitten they would have felt no ill effects from the mosquito bites. It is desirable that his remedy should be tested, even at some risk of life. It is by such experiments that medical science advances. The lives lost in these experiments are an infinitesimal price to pay for some discovery, like that of vaccination, that may save many thousands of lives. There always will be sporadic cases of yellow fever in Cuba and the gulf States, in spite of all precautions, and it is extremely desirable that an effective anti-toxin for it should be discovered. The men who gave their lives in proving that mosquitoes carry the deadly contagion could not have died in a worthier cause. If others are willing to incur similar risks for the discovery of a yellow fever cure the experiments will be justifiable.

A SUMMER BOARDERS' STRIKE.

Many strikes are unreasonable, none more so than a strike of summer boarders. Its unreasonableness, however, is offset by its infrequency. If summer boarding can be classed as an industry, and there is no good reason why it should not be, this department of the industrial world is so rarely troubled with strikes of boarders that the announcement that thirty of the class struck at a summer resort in New Jersey the other day, threw down their knives and forks and marched out of the dining-room in a body, will be received with something like surprise not only by people who stay at home but by those who are habitues of these resorts.

A strike of this kind can only be explained upon the theory that the strikers are tenderfeet, unused to the menus and cookery and service of the summer resort. They probably are summer boarders for the first time, who, attracted by the glowing descriptions of the seaside caravanserai or the rural inn, fish caught fresh every morning, and fruits and vegetables "grown on our own farm," and servants from the seminaries and colleges doing menial work for their board that they may have the blessings of sea breezes and mountain air, have wandered away from the comforts of home, expecting to drop into the lap of luxury at so much per diem, meals served in rooms extra. Persons accustomed to the seaside hotel and old campaigners at country inns never strike. They never even complain either of the food which the proprietor condescends to give them or of the manner in which the haughty head waiter allows them to be served. They accept everything, devoutly thankful it is no worse.

"From one learn all." After these thirty summer boarders have been to the seaside resorts a few more times they will not strike nor complain. They will discover that no one takes the seaside resort or the rural inn or even the farm boarding-house seriously, and that the outing season in these places is largely an illusion because "things are not what they seem" in them. It is only, however, after years of practice that one becomes accustomed to them and does not curse them in the annual retrospect. The old campaigners know that nothing is real at such places. They know when they are promised immunity from mosquitoes, greenheads, and other such pests that the place will abound with them; that when music by a select company of artists is promised for the dinner, the band will shrink to a decadent fiddler and harpist or to two or three tinkling, tiresome mandolins; that the fish dinners by the sea cannot compare in savoriness and good cooking with the same fish cooked at home, and that the chickens served at tony country inns are of another sort, so far as flavor and tenderness are concerned, from those which may be bought in the city markets.

These thirty summer boarders have yet to learn that the summer resorts by shore or mountain are mainly patronized because it is the fashion to do so and that for the sake of fashion their patrons are willing to put up with discomforts. It is a little world with six weeks of life in which nothing is real, nothing is what has been promised, and nothing is expected to be. The undying friendships formed in that period last just six weeks. The engagements resulting from moonlight trysts last just six weeks. The acquaintances made are not renewed after six weeks. The only real thing of this period is the bill. If a man can pay that and when he gets to his own comfortable home finds the burglars have not carried off everything in it he should be happy.

It is not considered necessary to take a vote of the wives and children on the question of going out on a strike.

It seems to be a large-sized job to expel a horse that gets into a fashionable church on the ground floor.

OWING to a press of more important matters the Irreverend John Alexander Dowie has been unavoidably crowded out lately.

THE Baltimore American yesterday celebrated its 128th anniversary. It holds its age wonderfully. Under the able management of General Agnus the American has become one of the great papers of the country.

EDITOR BRYAN can no more help giving out advice to the Democratic party than a curculio-smitten plum can help exuding gum.

HIS HONOR the Mayor, Chicago: Dear Sir: Relative to Luke Colleran. He is not wanted in this city at present as Chief of Detectives, and is a man who will bear watching. Yours truly, Many Voters.

THE sea serpents, double-hearted men, showers of frogs, and the like, must give way to the Toledo spider that spins words and sentences in its webs. It is the champion freak of this wonderful year.

IT is said the pearl button industry is dying out on account of the scarcity of clam shells. The failure of the clam shell crop is due to the relentless search that is made for pearls along the Mississippi and other Western rivers by men who don't mind opening several hundred clams to find one pearl. The man who killed the goose that laid the golden egg has his imitators in all ages and all climes.

THE recent police disclosures in York and Chi will not be lost upon the observant Mr. Josiah Flynt.

BEFORE retiring for the night see that your potatoes are safely under lock and key.

OR it may be that those wolves which were caught in Minneapolis the other day had learned of Vice President Roosevelt's approaching visit to that city and had come voluntarily to surrender themselves.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Lives of Great Men—II.

Even in his earliest boyhood he gave promise of the glorious career whose effulgence now dazzles the world.

He was unlike other boys in his looks, demeanor, and manner of speech.

Grave and thoughtful beyond his years, he cared not for the infantile amusements that satisfied other children.

His mind dwelt on higher things.

One day he knocked at the door of a neighbor's house.

"Who's there?" asked a voice within.

Instantly he replied:

"Gee!

"It's me!"

From that day the fire of a new and deathless ambition burned in his eyes.

He had discovered his vocation.

Thenceforth all his leisure hours, when not employed in milking the cows, splitting kindling-wood, attending school, and attending to other duties, were spent in cultivating his gift of poesy.

Despite the discouragements that always wait upon genius, the sneers of envious contemporaries, the cold neglect of a selfish and unfeeling public, the gibes of hired critics, and the thousand-and-one indignities that "patient merit of the unworthy takes," he persevered.

He ground, and ground, and ground.

He continued to grind.

He is grinding yet.

No longer obscure, no longer unrecognised, he is known wherever the English language is spoken, and the world is ringing with his fame.

His name is J. Gordon Coogler.

Information.

"I have read a good deal about killing mosquitoes with kerosene," said the breathless man who had climbed six flights of stairs to ask the question, "and I wish you would tell me how they do it."

"They drown them in it," responded the answers-to-queries editor. "If you bet that they soak them in the kerosene and touch a match to them you have lost. Call again."

Costly Revenge.

"I think I told you," said Rivers, "about that next-door neighbor of mine who bought a parrot three months ago that has made our lives miserable ever since. Well, I am getting even with him now."

"How?" asked Brooks.

I've bought a peafowl and a pair of guineas."

Ought to Be.

"Grandpa," said Dot, who had been puzzling her brains over something she was reading, "what is 'food-for thought'?"

"Head cheese, my child," replied the professor.

Street Corner Civilities.

"Well," said the blind man, grasping his cane and starting on, "I'll see you again."

"Let me hear from you occasionally," said the deaf and dumb man, cordially.

In the Literary Swim.

Caller—"How did you enjoy the lecture on Gurty last night?"

Mrs. Fullerfax—"Wasn't it charming? It was so convincible!"

PERSONALS.

William A. Anderson, Democratic nominee for Attorney General of Virginia, is a confederate veteran, and lost a leg in the battle of Manassas.

The present is the thirteenth summer that Emperor William has spent in part in Norway, the fjords of which are an ideal place for his yacht.

Sir Alexander Condie Stephen, who has been for many years British Minister Resident at Dresden, is about to retire from the diplomatic service, and has been appointed a groom-in-waiting to King Edward.

The new Italian Ambassador at Washington, Marquis Obizzi Malaspina di Carbonari, is one of the youngest diplomats ever accredited to this country. Only five years ago he was an under secretary of the embassy under Baron Fava.

The Italian government has created at the Royal University in Rome a chair for the advancement of historical research in connection with medieval and modern art. The new chair was created through the efforts of Professor Venturi, who for the last eleven years has been in charge of the medieval and modern art classes at the university.

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

"COLD must predominate to preserve the universe; there is a billion times a billion more cold in the universe than heat; there always has been and there always will be."

A Professor See, in one of the magazines, announces that in the beginning "there was no heat, but a cold so intense it reached 273° below zero centigrade." How wonderful it is to have searched and found out just what degree of cold "prevailed in the beginning."

And here is a book, "The Cities of the Sun," by George W. Worden (G. W. Dillingham company), that is chock full of just such certified knowledges. The book is dedicated to Andrew Carnegie, "the noblest product of the twentieth century." The author has endeavored by "scientific deductions," he claims, to create new ideals of man's future life, and give it a habitation and a place. The place for this future life is the sun—"the cities of the sun." If the sun is the center of all life and light to the material world why not to the spiritual world? The author is a thinker of some ideas and a most affluent fancy. When a fancy strikes his mind it is as if some cogent proof had clinched it. This gives to his speculative activities a magical fascination. One walks the air; one flies as on wings. With a moderate stock of modern science one makes and fashions his own world. "I have endeavored to carry the theory a step farther and to show that the suns are not only not hot, or burning globes, but are the self-luminous perfected worlds of the universe, the present residence of the Deity and the future abode of man; that housed in the heavenly mansions and beautiful cities of the sun are all the former citizens of the solar planets, including earth's mighty hosts of departed spirits." What should be easier to prove than this.

The book, with its 300 and more pages, apart from its variegated scientific inferences and wonder-ideas, abounds in many exceedingly fine and noble sentiments. Only let the scientific mind get duly touched by the "subliminal" imagination and there is no knowing what transcendental and subliminal flights it is capable of making. Mr. Worden's book shows this.

"Arline Valère" is the rather euphonious title of a pathetic little story of tenement life by Joseph Hallworth. The author has portrayed the typical habitué and scenes of these regions with a fidelity and skill which at times is apt to make his elaboration of some of the subjects jar on the esthetic taste, especially when considered in the abstract; but when viewed as a finished product the book is but logically consistent, and it is not its treatment but rather the peculiar type of the life depicted that revolts the artistic sensibilities.

The double romance interwoven in the thread of the story is made up, in the one instance, of the veriest farce; while in the other deep pathos is mingled with the tragedy of human life. The one tempers the effect of the other and leaves the reader's mind unoppressed. The peculiar style of the volume is a novelty which rather enhances its attractiveness, it being issued in script form, reproduced from the original manuscript of the author, by whom it is profusely illustrated. Published by L. C. Page & Co., Boston, Mass.

Much as the public rejoices in the appearance of a new literary star of the lesser magnitude it is noticeable that it regards with suspicion, after but slightly disguised, the rising of what appears to be a new planet. Whether it lacks the courage to exercise its own judgment or whether it resents achievement which makes more apparent its own mediocrity can not be determined easily, even by the analytical pessimist. The fact remains that a "bright" writer, jocular, familiar, and natural, is accepted with acclaim, while a writer of aspiring and noble thought is regarded with something akin to dislike. "Perhaps he is a plagarist," say the young, who have just begun to read the masters. Have I not read a sentiment similar to his in Carlyle? Has the creature not been reading Geothe? Does he imagine that I have not read German? Can it be that he thinks to deceive me?" The older, who have been commonplace so long that it annoys them to find that any one can be otherwise, exclaim: "The man is certainly striving to be profound. Any one can see that he has selected a lofty lay for himself. He is endeavoring to arrest attention." And they turn their attention once more to common things which are not profound, not lofty, and which they therefore do not resent.

If the average man had as much esthetic as he has physical courage and would look beauty in the face without blanching he would find that he was adding inestimably to his own capacity for enjoyment and to his benevolence as well. For, if he would admire and trust and praise his poets and his prophets he would find them growing under the kindly sunshine of his beneficence to a stature they do not now attain.

The Griffith & Rowland Press, Philadelphia, Pa., will issue Sept. 15 "A Lily of France" by Mrs. Caroline Atwater Mason, whose "A Wind Flower" made such a success a few years ago. The scene is laid in Holland and France in the middle of the sixteenth century. The principal characters are Charlotte de Bourbon and William of Orange, the deliverer of the Netherlands. The story of Charlotte who, though a French Princess and the abbess of a Roman convent, became the wife of the Dutch hero, has never been told as it is here brought to light.

There is a constant demand for fresh pulpit helps for wideawake preachers. Two new works of this class are announced by Mr. Thomas Whittaker for early publication. One is entitled, "Pulpit Points from Latest Literature," collected by the Rev., J. F. B. Tingling, the other "A Thousand Things to Say in Sermons," by the Rev. F. St. John Corbett.

Orison Swett Marden, editor of Success, has in preparation a new book entitled "Talks With Great Workers," illustrated with portraits of Schwab, Depew, Lipton, Sage, and others. The book will be published in the fall by Thomas Y. Crowell & Co., who also will publish in September two works of fiction. The first is "Heather's Mistress," by the popular authoress, "Amy Le Feuvre," author of "Probable Sons," etc. The second is by Halliwell Sutcliffe, and the title is "Mistress Barbara."

A second impression of William Vaughn Moody's poems, published a few weeks since, is announced by Houghton, Mifflin & Co. Lovers of genuine poetry will be glad to learn that there is such a demand for Mr. Moody's book, for by the general consent of the critics no volume of American verse has appeared for many a day so strong in the higher qualities of poetry. Its variety of subject, including several topics that strike deep in human thought and national honor, its sweep of imagination, and its mastery of lyrical expression, assure for it a permanent place in American poetry.

HE GOT A PANAMA.

"I made up my mind before I went away," said the Cincinnatian who had been down to the isthmus, "that when I got to Panama I'd have a genuine Panama hat at any cost. That was the only thing I cared to buy, and I visited the store having the largest stock and took my time about the purchase. I planked down $15 for the hat, and was assured by the merchant that it was one of the finest ever made. It was overhauled by a dozen different people on the steamer, much admired in New York, and it was rakishly cocked on my ear when I arrived home. I hadn't yet reached my house when I met a Florida friend of mine, and after a little he said:

"'Been laying yourself on a new hat, I see.'

"'Yes. How do you like it?'

"'O, so so. Buy it in New York?'

"'No, sir. I got this hat right where they grow in Panama.'

"'I see. I believe they do sell some of our goods down there, but of course they add 50 per cent to the price.'

"'What do you mean?' I asked, as I felt my heart tunk my ribs.

"'O, nothing much,' he replied, with a laugh, and, running his fingers behind the band, he turned up the trademark of a Florida straw hat maker."—Brooklyn Times.

Melancholy.

Those good old songs we used to love;
Their fate is sad, I vow.
They're all cooped up and suffering
In some hand organ now.
—Washington Star.

Musical Note from Boston.

Do the tunes the hand organ man plays all day "run in his head" when he goes to bed at night?—Boston Globe.

THE trim yacht Highflyer is back in the harbor again after a more or less tumultuous cruise of three weeks. If Hawley's word be taken, it was the most exciting and eventful cruise ever made on inland waters. But it was Hawley's first experience on a sailing vessel and he may, perhaps, be excused for his enthusiasm.

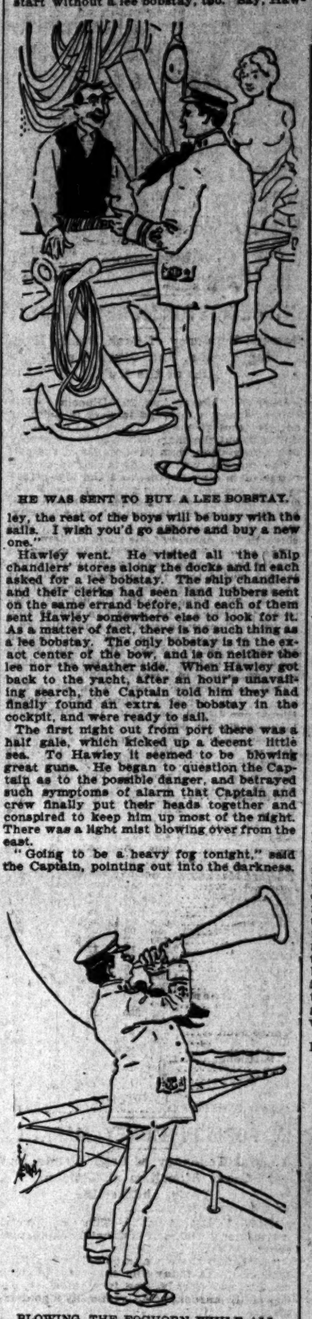
The excitement started even before the anchor was lifted from its bed in the ooze of the inner harbor. Hawley was the only land lubber on board, and he was terrified when the Captain came running up on deck, just before starting time, and announced that the lee bobstay was missing.

"We've got a weather bobstay, all right," said the Captain, "but we won't dare to start without a lee bobstay, too. Say, Hawley, the rest of the boys will be busy with the sails. I wish you'd go ashore and buy a new one."

Hawley went. He visited all the ship chandlers' stores along the docks and in each asked for a lee bobstay. The ship chandlers and their clerks had seen land lubbers sent on the same errand before, and each of them sent Hawley somewhere else to look for it. As a matter of fact, there is no such thing as a lee bobstay. The only bobstay is in the exact center of the bow, and is on neither the lee nor the weather side. When Hawley got back to the yacht, after an hour's unavailing search, the Captain told him they had finally found an extra lee bobstay in the cockpit, and were ready to sail.

The first night out from port there was a half gale, which kicked up a decent little sea. To Hawley it seemed to be blowing great guns. He began to question the Captain as to the possible danger, and betrayed such symptoms of alarm that Captain and crew finally put their heads together and conspired to keep him up most of the night. There was a light mist blowing over from the east.

"Going to be a heavy fog tonight," said the Captain, pointing out into the darkness.



HE WAS SENT TO BUY A LEE BOBSTAY.

BLOWING THE FOGHORN WHILE ALL

"Somebody will have to sit up with the foghorn, sure." Just then an excited man rushed up from below decks.

"There's a foot of water in the hold, Captain," he cried, "and it's rapidly rising."

"All hands to the pumps," yelled the Captain. "Hawley, you get forward there and keep the foghorn blowing every half minute. One of us will relieve you as soon as we get the better of this leak."

The Captain and the rest of the crew went below decks and turned in, leaving only the devoted Hawley and the man at the wheel. Hawley blew until he was purple in the face, but still there was no sign of relief offered him. Finally one of the men who declared that he wanted a chance to get to sleep before morning came up and sent Hawley below after consoling him with the information that the leak had been stopped up and the water pumped out of the hold.

Hawley had the same imaginary leak was discovered again, and this time Hawley was given a chance to man the pumps. For the sake of making observations easy for the conspirators the pump was set up near the stern of the boat and from the bottom of it a rubber tube led down into the hold and thence out of a knot hole in the stern, just above the water line. Hawley was set to work at the task of pumping up Lake Michigan and was warned as he valued his life not to leave the pump for an instant until some other member of the crew stood ready to relieve him. He pumped for two hours like a hero. Then, almost exhausted he began to look around for relief. Every now and then some member of the crew would appear near the bow and Hawley would call to him in agonised accents for help. But each man turned a deaf ear to his cries for aid. For some reason Hawley could not make himself heard, no matter how loudly he shrieked. He was almost ready to drop in a fit when the Captain came up and with a perfectly straight face told Hawley that he had saved the yacht by his efforts, and that he deserved a life-saving medal.

They let Hawley alone until it came his turn to stand watch in the cook's galley. The galley was a narrow room in the forward end of the hold and was protected above with a wire netting roof on a level with the deck. While Hawley was in the galley wrestling with pots and pans the rest of the crew laid on the deck near the wire netting and moaned loudly like shrill and rising winds. After making several frantic and painful efforts to bob his head up through the wire netting and look at the coming storm Hawley picked up a large butcher knife and deliberately cut away the netting so that he could poke up his head. If he was doomed to die in a storm he was at least determined that he would look the destroying monster in the face before he went down.

These were unhappy days for Hawley, though he had rather a joke on the other members of the crew when one night after the yacht had been out for a week a big gale really struck the boat and sent it dragging its anchor against the shore of a lonely looking island in the upper end of Lake Michigan. When this happened everybody on board was badly frightened, except Hawley. By this time he was callous to fear, and the nearer the boat got to the sandy beach the better he liked it. Finally it struck, bow on, in a big sandbank and the crew waded ashore without difficulty. Apparently there was nothing on the island but a lighthouse and the keeper's house. Things certainly did not look pleasant.

The Captain and his five comrades, their clothes dripping wet, walked slowly up to the lighthouse keeper's cottage. It was almost 7 o'clock in the morning, and when the door opened to the Captain's knock a large breakfast table was revealed, around which were seated the keeper and his wife and six extremely beautiful young women. Hawley and the rest were almost overcome with surprise and curiosity.

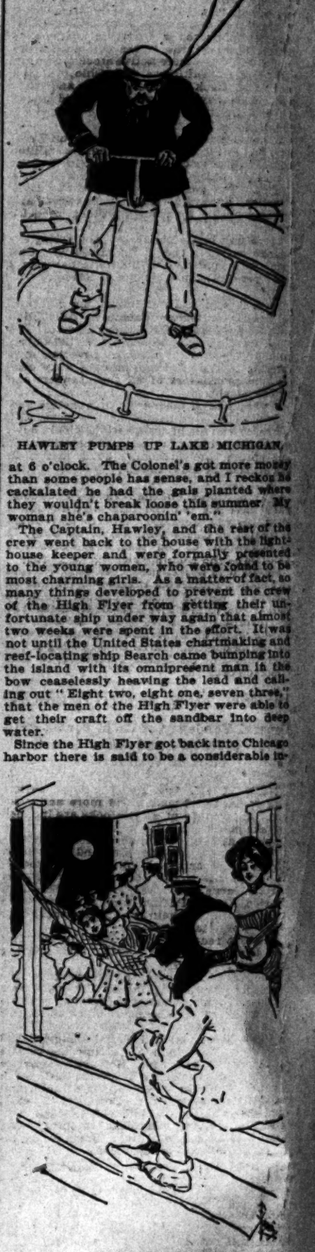
"Must be mermaids," said Hawley to the Captain.

The Captain beguiled the lighthouse keeper out on the sands and explained the predicament in which the crew of the High Flyer found themselves. They would like a chance to dry their clothes and a bite to eat. Then, in what he considered a most artful way, the Captain added: "You seem to have a large family."

"Them gals ain't mine," the lighthouse keeper answered with a laugh. "Four of 'em is daughters of old Colonel Martin down to Detroit, and the other two is cousins of the Martin gals. The Colonel marooned 'em up here to keep 'em out of the way of the boys, I reckon, an' make 'em take a rest. They been here a month now and hain't seen a man but me. The Colonel left orders they was to go to bed at 8 o'clock every night and be up to breakfast every morning at 6 o'clock. The Colonel's got more money than some people has sense, and I reckon he cackulated he had the gals planted where they wouldn't break loose this summer. My woman she's a chaparoonin' 'em."

The Captain, Hawley, and the rest of the crew went back to the house with the lighthouse keeper and were formally presented to the young women, who were found to be most charming girls. As a matter of fact, so many things developed to prevent the crew of the High Flyer from getting their unfortunate ship under way again that almost two weeks were spent in the effort. It was not until the United States chartmaking and reef-locating ship Search came bumping into the island with its omnipresent man in the bow ceaselessly heaving the lead and calling out "Eight two, eight one, seven three," that the men of the High Flyer were able to get their craft off the sandbar into deep water.

Since the High Flyer got back into Chicago harbor there is said to be a considerable in-



HAWLEY PUMPS UP LAKE MICHIGAN.

CAST AWAY ON THE DESERT ISLAND.

crease in the mails between this city and a certain isolated life-saving station and lighthouse in the upper lake.

EXPLAINING MOVING PICTURES.

"I want to see the pictures that move," demanded a woman visitor at Coney Island of the policeman who stands near the car terminal.

"Right over on the Bowery, lady," said the bluecoat. "You'll find lots of them pictures that move and pictures that jump and pictures that'll make you jump."

"It is wonderful how this craze for moving pictures is holding out," he continued. "We've had 'em down here for four or five years now, and they seem to be just as big a drawing card as ever. Of course, they keep the films up to date and show subjects in which the public is interested. That may be one reason for the continued prosperity of the biograph and other graphs. There are not many amusement devices that have had so long a life at the island."

A Tribune reporter followed the woman over to the busy street of many amusements which Coneyites call the Bowery. There were moving picture shows without number. The scenes shown included almost everything from the latest race of the prospective Cup defenders to pictures "just received from Africa, where the Boer war is still a-goin' on."

"Ladies and gents, step up this way," began one biograph showman, "and I'll explain to you the wonderful moving pictures. The photos is first took by the instantious process. Then they is transferred to a film and the result is most realastic."

Of course the ladies and gents "knew all about it after this explanation and took an added interest in the show.—New York Tribune.

Her Theory.

"Henry, have the Boston detectives found that alleged murderer, Blondin? The one with the bowlegs, you know?"

"No, they haven't found him."

"Well, Henry, I've got a theory."

"Good."

"It seems to me that it would be quite a likely thing for him to hire out as an usher in a dry goods store. Then it would take a woman detective to recognize him."

"How so?"

"Why, she'd know him just as soon as he said 'Walk this way, ladies.'"—Chicago Plain Dealer.

WINS A TEST GRAIN CASE.

BUFFALO ELEVATOR OWNER DEFEATS LEHIGH VALLEY ROAD.

Ruling is Given That Railway Company May Not Discriminate in Rates to Elevators Not Allied with the Western Association—Case Will Be Appealed and on the Final Decision Hangs the Existence of Independent Grain Dealers.

The owner of an elevator at Buffalo has just secured a judgment for $250 and costs in a suit against the Lehigh Valley railroad for an alleged excess of charges for carrying 40,000 bushels of grain from Buffalo to New York. This suit affords an important test of the right of a railroad company to discriminate between different patrons in rates. Mr. Kellogg, the owner of the elevator, is not a member of the Western Elevating association. His allegation was that the railroad company charged him one-half cent a bushel more for transporting wheat from Buffalo to New York than was charged from elevators in the association. He sued to recover the amount of the excess charge and the judge decided in his favor.

The case will be appealed to the higher courts and thus will serve the purpose of a test. It is the more interesting because the railroad company in its defense did not apparently deny the discrimination, but urged its legal right to discriminate on the ground that the elevators in the association were a part of its regular shipping facilities, of which Mr. Kellogg refused to avail himself. Hence, if the railroad company should win on appeal, it would follow that no elevator owner not using railroads for transportation could expect to do a profitable business outside of the association.

Hays' Successor Yet Unknown.

There is much speculation in railway circles as to who will succeed Mr. C. M. Hays as President of the Southern. President S. M. Felton of the Alton, who is most frequently mentioned for the position, denies emphatically that the place has been offered him or that he has any idea of leaving Chicago. The opinion is gaining ground that it is the intention of Mr. Harriman to operate the Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, and Chicago and Alton railroads under one executive head, and that President S. M. Felton of the Alton is slated for the Presidency of the three roads. The fact that J. C. Stubbs has been given complete charge of the Harriman roads will leave for the President little more than general supervision of the operations of the roads. It is not likely that any definite action regarding the Presidency of the Southern Pacific will be taken during this week.

Alton Extends Block System.

A radical change is soon to be made by the Chicago and Alton in the operation of the road in the transportation department. The plan of moving trains without orders is to be given a trial and use instead the block system. The block system is being rapidly extended on the north end of the line and is now in service from Chicago to Braidwood. It is now proposed to erect block signals between Slater and Kansas City. Orders have been issued also to equip one of the new Baldwin compound engines with the Kincaid automatic firing machine, and if the invention works well the occupation of firemen will be gone. There have been automatic firing contrivances in the past, but none has given satisfaction.

A deal has been completed which gives the Chicago Great Western possession of the Mason City and Fort Dodge railroad. This acquisition gives the Great Western entrance to some of the richest territory in Iowa, and at the same time prepares the way for the construction next year of the proposed extensions to Omaha and Sioux City.

Gross earnings of the Chicago Great Western for the second week of August, 1901, show an increase of $28,718 over the corresponding week of last year. The total increase since the beginning of the fiscal year, July 1, to date is $144,556.

RAILWAY KINGS AT BAR HARBOR.

Rumor Current in New York That Morgan, Hill, and Harriman Held Important Conference.

New York, Aug. 20.—[Special.]—J. Pierpont Morgan, James J. Hill, and E. H. Harriman are at Bar Harbor, Me., and a report was current today that they had a conference there yesterday on Mr. Morgan's yacht, Corsair. In Wall street it was thought there was some basis for this statement, but confirmation was lacking.

Short lines been recent conferences in relation to the Northern Pacific and other Western railroad matter which the three financiers are interested in, and it is considered likely that the coming Northern Pacific annual meeting in October and the manner in which the stock is to be voted will be taken up by Messrs. Morgan, Hill, and Harriman at some future time, even if they did not discuss it at Bar Harbor.

It is reported that the large block of Northern Pacific stock bought in the interest of the Union Pacific has been formally acquired by the latter company and placed under the collateral trust mortgage, on which the last $60,000,000 of bonds were issued. This stock, it is said, was substituted for other collateral.

TO BE STYLED 'FRISCO SYSTEM.

Properties of Consolidated Southwestern Railroads Will Bear New and Shorter Name.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 20.—Hereafter all properties of the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis railway and the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad will be known under the name of the "'Frisco system." This is the effect of the consolidation of the Memphis roots and the 'Frisco line. With the consolidation of the Memphis, the 'Frisco system now includes 3,500 miles of railroad, and from date all the advertising matter and the cards of the joint properties will bear the name "'Frisco system."

SMYSER'S NAME FORGED TWICE

Signatures on Two Alleged Illegal Diplomas Declared False by Experts, but Other Charges Remain.

The two first warrants issued against Dr. Smyser in connection with the dental scandals may be quashed, as experts affirm that Dr. Smyser's signature upon two of the seven false diplomas are forged. With the first two charges against Dr. Smyser quashed, three others remain to which he will have to answer. He is still charged with forging the record in issuing a certificate license to C. A. Finley, one of his assistants in his office. He is charged with malfeasance in office and accepting a bribe in the case of Oscar C. Igney, a South Side dentist, who claims he paid Dr. Smyser $100 for a certificate of license.

CANADA GIVES LIVE BEAVERS.

Ontario Authorities Present Animals, Rapidly Becoming Extinct, to the Minnesota State Park.

Among the entries at the custom-house yesterday was one of four live beavers, which were consigned to Governor S. R. Van Sant of Minnesota. The little animals are a present from the Minister of Crown Lands of the Province of Ontario to the people of the State. The beavers will be placed in Itasca Park, the State preserve at the headwaters of the Mississippi River, and are intended as the nucleus of a colony of the interesting animals, which are now almost extinct in the United States. The specimens are from Algonquin Park, the great Canadian game preserve.

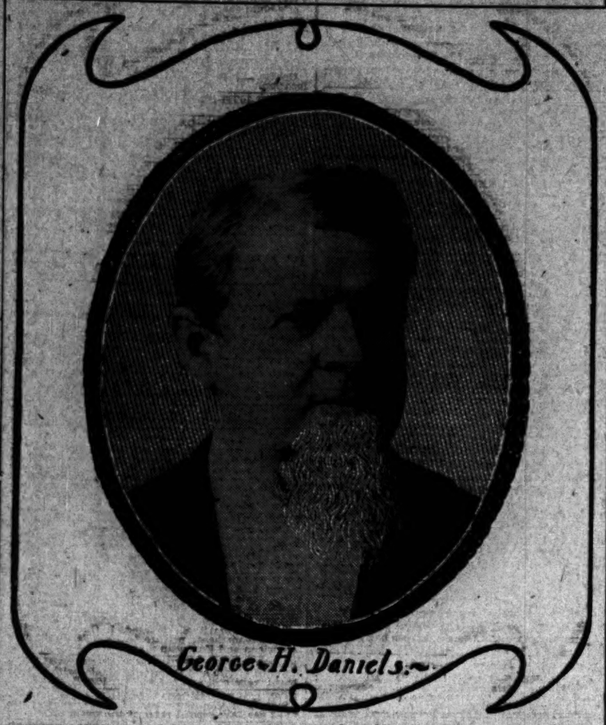
North Side Saloonkeeper Goes Free.

The case of disorderly conduct against Henry Harder, a saloonkeeper at 136 North Clark street, was dismissed in Justice Everett's court yesterday morning. Darder was charged with disturbing the peace in the neighborhood by allowing disturbances in his saloon.

Congregational Church Extends Call.

The Rev. J. W. Ferner of Sedalia, Mo., has been called to the pastorate of the Millard Avenue Congregational Church, and it is stated that he will accept.

POPULAR RAILROAD MAN WHO IS AN ORATOR.



General Passenger Agent George H. Daniels of the New York Central is probably the best known passenger official in the country. He is a past master in the art of advertising, and scarcely a day passes but some document regarding the superiority of the New York Central over all other roads emanates from his office. Next to Chauncey M. Depew he is the best orator in the service of the New York Central, and is trotted out at public functions almost as often as his great prototype. Mr. Daniels is a son of Illinois, being born in Kane County, this State, on Dec. 1, 1842. He entered railway service in 1857 as rodman with the engineer corps of the North Missouri railroad. In 1872 he came to Chicago as General Freight and Passenger Agent of the North Missouri railroad. In 1880 he became General Ticket Agent of the Wabash, and in 1882 was appointed commissioner of the Iowa Trunk Line association. Shortly afterwards he was placed in charge of the Colorado Railroad association, and two years later was burdened with the additional duties of commissioner of the Utah Traffic association. On Jan. 1, 1889, he assumed the position of commissioner of the Central Passenger association, and shortly afterward assumed the title of assistant commissioner of the Central Traffic association and chairman of the Eastern Passenger committee. He then became vice chairman of the Central Traffic association and chairman of the East-bound Passenger committee. While in this position Mr. Daniels waged a fierce fight against scalpers and the commission system, and this drew the attention of the Vanderbilts to him, and in April, 1889, when they needed a new General Passenger Agent, they selected George H. Daniels for the position.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

Run of The Explorers Extended.

It was decided yesterday by the management of the Dearborn Theater to keep "The Explorers" at its house until the end of September. It was said the action was warranted by the manner in which Mr. Lewis and Mr. Taylor's piece has grown into public favor. Joseph Herbert, as Burdock Root, has added much vitality to the performance itself.

The stock company will take possession of the theater on the last Sunday in September. Miss Grace Reals will return to the leading woman of the organization, but the name of the leading man, although selected, is not to be disclosed just yet. It is understood, however, that he is well known to the Dearborn's clientele, although he has not played before it for two seasons past.

Edward Mackay will not be a member of the company. With his wife, Ina Stuart, he has accepted an offer from the Meffert stock company, in Louisville. She will be the leading woman, and he the leading man.

Chicago Opera-House Vaudeville.

Miss Dorothy Morton heads the bill at the Chicago Opera-House this week. She is singing "The Honeysuckle and the Bee" and "When Mr. Shakspeare Comes to Town," and in a way much to the liking of her audiences.

A farce, "Chum," also has a feature place on the program, thereby getting something beyond the deserts, though it is played in rather a lively fashion by George Leslie and his three associates. In it the unduly frivolous married man receives the usual humbling from the wife, who finds him out, and a "chum" is taught his place.

Joe Flynn, monologist; Little Elsie, mimic; the Damm brothers, acrobats; and Werden and Sheperd are among the other performers.

Walter Jones to Return to Stage.

Walter Jones, who probably would name Chicago as his home if he were asked to specify that place, is going to return to the stage. One year away from the footlights has been as much as he could stand, and he has signed a contract to appear as an English valet in Manager Frank Perley's production of the musical piece, "The Chaperons." He will play opposite Eva Tanguay, the dancing soubrette, and the two will constitute the low comedy team of the piece. "The Chaperone" is a new spelling for the piece. It was originally "The Chaperones," but Mr. Perley discovered that there were thirteen letters in the title.

Ada Rehan Unlikely to Appear.

Ada Rehan, according to a New York report, is not likely to be seen upon the stage during the coming season, if, indeed, she ever returns to it. It is said that her health is seriously affected, and that her managers, Klaw & Erlanger, have canceled her tour and informed Madeleine Lucette Ryley, who was writing a play for the actress, that the piece would not be required. The report, however, has not been verified, either by Miss Rehan or by her managers. It is said that the early closing of the tour of "Sweet Nell of Old Drury" last spring was due to the failing health of Miss Rehan. The actress has spent the summer in England.

Two Chicago Musicians Return.

Two young Chicago musicians who have been studying abroad have returned to this country. One is Miss Esther Fee, violinist, who will appear in her first concert next month with the Paur Symphony Orchestra in New York. She has spent five years in Paris under the tutelage of Marteau, Marsick, and Remy. The other is Clarence W. Bird, who has arrived from Vienna, where he has has been studying under Leschitzky. In October he will return to Vienna, but next year he will appear in this country on the concert stage.

King Dodo's Century Mark.

"King Dodo" was given its 100th performance at the Studebaker Theater last night. The piece was produced on May 27. The event was signalized by the giving away of souvenirs to those who attended the performance.

Seat prices for the body of the Illinois Theater are to be raised to $2 for the "Ben Hur" engagement.

Elias Morton Sings in Street Costume.

Dorothy Morton sang in street costume before the afternoon audience at the Chicago Opera-House yesterday. The trunks containing her costumes, it was explained from the stage by Marshall Wilder, did not reach the city, owing to a railroad accident.

The former comic opera singer did not give visible evidence of any annoyance she may have felt, coming out from the wings with a smile, and singing without a trace of nervousness. Her songs included "The Honeysuckle and the Bee" and "When Mr. Shakspeare Comes to Town." They were well received.

George Leslie and three companions appeared in a farcical sketch, "Chums." It was of a widely known type, offering a husband mildly errant, a neglected wife, the husband's chum and the wife's girl friend. When the wife had given her husband a sufficient lesson, the end came. The players were unusually active.

The bill as a whole was varied and the entertainment in it was a little above the average.

New Scene in "Arizona."

New York, Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Augustus Thomas' war drama, "Arizona," which nightly crowded the Herald Square Theater last season, was revived tonight with a newly added realistic scene which will go far toward making the play more popular than ever.

While at home in the Herald Square Theater, owing to the limited size of the stage one of the most effective scenes in the entire play had to be cut out. Instead, there came from behind the scenes the clatter of horses' hoofs as the cavalry dashed up, shouting and making other desirable noises, these taking the place of the actual picture of the approach of the cavalry.

On to the large stage at the Academy of Music none of this was necessary. The entire troop, numbering some forty horses, dashed upon the stage, their riders covered with perspiration and alkali dust, and the applause which greeted the surprise showed it to be one of the most effective scenes in the entire play. The staging was under the direction of Kirk La Shelle and Fred R. Hamlin.

"Manru" Coming Next Winter.

New York, Aug. 20.—[Special.]—For some time lovers of music here have been thinking that there was no chance of their hearing Paderewski's new opera, "Manru," in New York for at least two years. It is now said, however, that the production of the piece will be made during the coming winter, and that Maurice Grau is now communicating with Walter Damrosch about the venture.

WILL REJOICE OVER BAD LANDS.

West End Improvement Club of Twenty-ninth Ward to Celebrate Improvement with a Picnic.

The West End Improvement club of the Twenty-ninth Ward will celebrate its success in improving the "bad lands" by holding a picnic next Saturday at Peterson's Grove, Fifty-ninth street and Western avenue. The club, with James J. Condon as President and E. G. Piton Financial Secretary, has been in existence since April, 1899. Among the speakers at the picnic will be ex-Alderman Daniel Ackerman, Alderman E. R. Litzinger, Fifth Ward; John J. McKenna, Secretary Piton, Alderman William E. Kent, Fourth Ward; William M. Butterworth, Thirty-first Ward; Charles J. Boyd, Thirtieth Ward; M. McInerney, Thirtieth Ward; ex-Alderman John Bigane, Thomas Kelley, former drainage trustee; and President Condon.

PARK POLICEMEN ARE FINED.

Charges and Countercharges May Result in Changes at the North Side Grounds.

Lincoln Park Policemen C. E. Wilson and G. Crowe were fined $25 each by Justice Mahoney for assaulting J. Meyers and Henry Ladewig in the park on Saturday night.

Justice Mahoney, in fining the men, remarked that it was a case of "brutal" assault, the first on record among the patrolmen of the park.

The policemen charge that the management of the "Old Mill" is to blame for the trouble. An investigation will be made. If the charges against the policemen are proved they probably will be dismissed. If the charges fail there is a chance of trouble for the management of the old mill.

DISCOVER SWARTS' CASH BOOK.

Creditors Find Records That May Throw More Light on the Metal Dealer's Affairs.

Creditors of the Swarts Metal and Refining company, 20 North Desplaines street, expect to obtain additional light concerning the affairs of the concern from a cash book and a stub check book that were discovered last night. Swarts admitted that he had retained the cash book because "it was upside down."

The tangible assets of the company were sold at auction yesterday by Sidney C. Eastman, referee in bankruptcy. The property was appraised at $4,050 and brought slightly over that sum.

Outstanding and intangible assets are estimated at $20,000. The claims of the creditors are said to aggregate $130,000.

Theatrical Manager Free of Creditors.

The tribulations of a theatrical manager found illustration yesterday in the case of William S. Cleveland, which came up for final settlement before Bankruptcy Referee Eastman. Cleveland was adjudicated bankrupt on July 18 in the amount of $250,000. There were no assets, and when the report from the creditors, who are principally vaudeville actors, was called for none was presented. Referee Eastman announced that there would be no further meeting of the creditors, making a final disposition of the case.

Invites French Engineers to Chicago.

President Jones of the Sanitary District yesterday extended an invitation to the committee of seven members of the French Chamber of Deputies which is in the United States inspecting engineering features of canal construction to come West and view Chicago's drainage canal. The invitation was sent through Henry Merou, the French Consul in Chicago, and it is believed will be accepted.

HYDE PARK THIRST WINS.

CITY OFFICIALS TIRED OF PROSECUTING BEER PEDDLERS.

Acquittals Result in Fifty Cases with Conclusive Evidence and Representative Juries—Arthur Burrage Farwell Begs to Be Excused from Further Testifying — Janitor Gildea Abolishes the Position of Elevator Starter.

"It looks to me as if the people of the prohibition districts of Hyde Park wanted beer and were bound to get it when they wanted it," remarked Acting Mayor Walker yesterday after an interview with Arthur Burrage Farwell of the Protective association of that town. Mr. Farwell had called to ask that he be not summoned in any more prosecutions against dealers selling beer from wagons, as he was tired of being called before Hyde Park Justices as a witness in cases which always failed.

"I made no promise as to what the city would do in the matter," continued Mr. Walker, "but it looks as if it were useless to prosecute these beer sellers. The 'blind pigs' are one thing, but the selling from wagons is another, and of fifty cases which have been tried not one single conviction has resulted. The trouble is not the lack of proof either. The police have prepared the cases carefully enough and the facts have been properly presented to the courts.

Juries All Refuse to Convict.

"The trouble is we cannot get a jury which will convict, and that is all there is to it. No matter what the evidence the juries will go out for a few minutes and bring in a verdict of not guilty and that ends the matter.

"There is no complaint as to the character of the juries either. They are fairly representative of the community, and under the rule that a jury is to be judged by the best men on it they have been excellent ones, as there has rarely been a case when one or more of the jurymen have not been well known and representative citizens of the locality.

"There was one case not long ago when a professor in the Chicago University was foreman of the jury, and it only took that jury one minute to find the defendant not guilty. The brewers have offered to agree to a 'struck jury,' selected with extra care, which would try all of these cases, but there is little prospect it would alter the situation.

"Some time ago we thought we would give the Hyde Park Protective association a chance, and, after notifying its officers of our failure to secure convictions, asked them to take a hand. So they sent Mr. Pettis their attorney to try some cases and he had no better success than did City Prosecutor Murray.

"The sentiment of the locality is undoubtedly against having saloons there, but, judging from the results of these prosecutions, the inhabitants reserve to themselves the right to buy beer from wagons."

Janitor Gildea Gets Even.

Janitor Gildea of the City Hall got even with the Civil Service commission in ordering Elevator Starter Jacobs reinstated yesterday by abolishing the position. The action may lead to charges against Gildea, as Acting Mayor Walker has taken the matter up and will investigate it.

"The position of starter is certainly a necessary one," he said, yesterday. "I noticed today the elevators were either all at the bottom or all at the top at the same time, and the public is being discommoded."

Want Cannon for Fires.

Cannon for use in fires where explosions of oil tanks are threatened may be asked of the City Council by Fire Marshal Musham. The disastrous fire at Point Breeze, a suburb of Philadelphia, on Monday, at which more than a dozen firemen lost their lives by the explosion of a tank of benzine, has stirred to action the Fire and Building departments. Assistant Fire Marshal Campion says the tanks are more dangerous because in Chicago oil is often stored in the third or fourth stories of buildings. In places where the slope of the ground will allow the burning oil to escape cannon are often fired at the tanks. The oil runs out and the danger of an explosion is averted. Chief Musham said that the Fire department could make good use of a few six-inch cannon.

OUTING FOR HAMILTON CLUB.

Trip to Buffalo to Be Taken on the Steamer Manitou, Starting on Sept. 12.

The Hamilton club has chartered the steamship Manitou for the trip to Buffalo for Illinois day. The boat will leave the dock at the foot of Rush street Thursday evening, Sept. 12, at 8 o'clock, and stop at Mackinac Island for three hours on Friday afternoon, reaching Buffalo Sunday evening.

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

6325—Lucy L. Young; liabilities, $435; assets, $123; R. S. V. Carroll, attorney.

6326—James H. Minor; liabilities, $176; assets, $35; H. M. Shabad, attorney.

6327—Howard C. Magnuson; liabilities, $25,411; assets, $50; W. H. Beckman, attorney.

6328—Creditors of Olympia Laundering company; claims, $1,848; Winston & Munro, attorneys.

6329—Joseph H. Murphy; liabilities, $47,628; assets, $100; Ela, Grover & Graves, attorneys.

6330—Don C. Joselyn; liabilities, $11,849; assets, $25; William J. Fox, attorney.

6331—Sarah D. Lawrence; liabilities, $607; assets, $127; Walter G. Kraft, attorney.

6332—John S. Tyneta; liabilities, $118; assets, $1,094; F. E. Vaughan, attorney.

6333—Walter E. Morton; liabilities, $3,275; assets, $342; W. J. Bulger, attorney.

Applications for Land Registration.

575—Benjamin S. Gage vs. all whom it may concern.

576—George Earle vs. Chicago Title and Trust Co. and John G. Earle.

577—William C. Peet vs. all whom it may concern.

578—Leonhard Schmidt vs. James R. Stone.

579—James H. Poage vs. Peter J. Ruby.

Superior Court Judgments.

Judge Vail—209445 — Albert Kilchmann vs. Adolph, Theodore, and Herman Arnold, Benjamin F. Baker, Gustav Bodenschatz, and Arthur J. Howe; sci. fa.; judg., $400.—220367—William Arquatt vs. C. U. T. Co.; on ver., $124; satisfied.—220544—John Banbula vs. C. U. T. Co.; on ver., $264; satisfied.

Decrees.

Judge Kavanagh—215382—Becker vs. Gottlied; dec.

Judge Vail—216151—Smith vs. Lubke; def. dec. 8583—Stelzer vs. Stelzer; dec. div. 8182—Thomas vs. Thomas; dec. div. 210883—Braud vs. Braud; dec. div. 1546—Lyman vs. Brown; dec. sale. 1551—Lyman vs. Brown; dec. sale. 4803—Lyman vs. Russell; dec. sale.

Court Calls.

Judge Brentano—Emergency business.

Judge Vail—Emergency business; on trial 217682.

Judge Carter—County Court—Motions of course.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given.

	Ages.
Charles Tocak, Minnie Schultz	31—21
Edward Hogan, Edith Beckwith	22—22
Stanislaw Zwierzynski, Katarzyna Michalak	24—18
John Kelly, Sophie Bruhn	35—27
Moses Goldes, Lena Clark	33—28
John Myer, Rosie Gitzinska	25—24
Devede Finkelberg, Othilie Meyers	31—23
Claude D. Williams, Norma L. Niewar	25—21
Harry Sherman, Pearl Terkel	24—20
William J. Monihan, Des Moines, Ia., Mabel G. Reynolds	27—19
C. F. Grape, Baltimore, Md., Louise Hart	31—19
Nicholas Madler, Emma D. Miller	26—20
Abraham Soll, Annie Martinkowski	21—18
Daniel D. Mathiesen, Ethel M. Williams	40—18
Kazmiers Myszewicz, Elsbeta Gurszduki	30—20
Victor A. Norberg, Ellen Vides	24—20
William J. Miller, Maud Norton	22—21
Philip L. Kouse, Ida Buchholz	29—24
Robert Hooper, Eva Hillard	27—20
William Roovaart, Harriet C. Castater, Warrenton, Mo.	32—31
Charles T. Hess, Emma Uliakowsky	24—22
Barnet Kantor, Mollie Cohen	23—19
Robert F. Amyt, St. Louis, Mo., Hattie Tyle	36—30
George Brown, Ida Anderson	24—22
Carl C. Dahlman, Hettie J. Johnson	44—32
Charles W. Jackson, Alma Louis	30—20
Jacob Goodman, Sara Silverman	24—20
John W. Hobbie, Daisie Kimmer	27—23
William H. Meyer, Ella Grobl	25—21
Thomas E. Buschnell, Mary Demarius	24—21
William A. Slicer, Ida Pagels	22—20
James Kotrbe, Katie Hach	27—20
Christian Jedike, Melrose Park, Ill., Mary Kirchmann, same	33—30
C. L. Wood, Lillian E. Stern, Dwight, Ill.	28—19
Ernest Dickson, Philadelphia, Pa., Annie Kallenbach	27—27
John Blake, Julia Trovers	26—21
William Weber, Jennie Walling	23—19
Asher Cohen, Fannie Kestenbahn	32—23
Aron Slosek, Peoria, Ill., Rula Danhof	28—21
Washburn Starrs, Ill., Mary	21—18
Charles Telman, Lena Glowitz	28—22
Thomas P. Kennedy Jr., Annie M. Garrity	21—18
Frank A. Nettels, Cora Ring	26—19
Arthur J. Sweesner, Emma Bishop	23—18
George O'Brien, Agnes Wylie	28—27
Captain W. Williams, Ellen Clough	33—31
William Amberg, Mamie Lamb	25—24
Thomas J. Kearney, Helen T. Collins	35—24
William Lawrence, Frances Mandeowska	31—17

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECORD on Tuesday, Aug. 20, 1901:

Winthrop-av., 200 n of Ainsley-st., w f, 50x125. Incumbrance $1,000. Aug. 19. [T. Ballnes to Amelia V. Connell]..... $ 4,800

N. Artesian-av., s e cor W. Dunning-st., w f, 25x126. Aug. 8 [E. Gunderson to A. Robitzki]..... 2,800

Wrightwood-av., 400 e of Orchard-st., s f, 25x208. Aug. 3 [Henry Amnann to John Halvorson]..... 2,800

Same property. Aug. 15 [John Halvorson to Emma Aumann]..... 2,800

California-av., s e cor La Morse, w f, 50x126. Aug. 7 [J. F. Fargo to Chicago Society of the New Jerusalem]..... 5,000

Grand-av., 325 e of Hoyne, s f, 24x100. Aug. 19 [J. Doyle to John F. Connell]..... 2,200

Wilcox-st., 200 w of S. 40th-av., n f, 25x121. Aug. 10 [B. E. Neff to G. J. Bohmleger]..... 3,500

Carmen-av., 214 w of Evanston, n f, 40x144. Aug. 16 [E. J. Gerbe to Bessie Earle Sherwood]..... 1,600

S. Wood-st., 223 n of York, e f, 25x78. Aug. 16 [J. Alt to Anna R. Herbert]..... 2,500

Peoria-st., 239 s of W. Taylor, e f, 25x100. July 29 [Joseph Kilburg to Seba Bloom]..... 9,000

Campbell-av., 141 s of 50th-av., w f, 24x125. Aug. 6 [J. Micholski to W. G. Gail]..... 1,225

Calumet-av., s e cor 49th-st., w f, 50x180, revenue $38.75. July 10 [Mary F. Wright to Daniel H. Bane]..... 1

Emerald-av., s e cor 57th-st., w f, 50x124. July 26 [E. Fenton et al., by M. in C., to William E. McLaren]..... 1

S. Chicago-av., 207 s e of 61. Lawrence-av., n e f, 22x150. July 7 [R. E. Adkins to Gustaf Hohnberg]..... 2,200

Union-st., 120 n of 77th, w f, 60x124. Aug. 19 [P. Augsten to William M. Gimm]..... 2,800

Parnell-av., 120 n of 75th-st., e f, 40x100. Aug. 14 [M. E. Goodyear to Mary V. M. Denmark]..... 2,800

Lots 1 and 2, S. 25, Rogers Park. Aug. 6 [A. B. Touhy to Grace C. Touhy]..... 1

Halsted-st., 128 n of Roscoe, w f, 25x240, 1pe. $1,000. Aug. 12 [C. Roth to Charles P. Dectert]..... 5,000

McReynolds-st., 264 s of Paulina, n f, 24x100, revenue $1.65. Aug. 17 [E. Wichmann and wife to A. Krunstat]..... 3,200

Same property, revenue $1.25. Aug. 17 [A. Krunstat to Emil Wichmann]..... 1

Lake-st., 96 e of Wabash-av., s f, 22x140, inc. $16,000, assumed. July 17 [Annie Sawyer, Kaith Lovejoy, Nellie Lovejoy and Josie Johnson to Anna R. Gross, 4-7 undivided]..... 48,000

Same property, undivided 1-5. July 15 [estate of Roy Gellatly, by guardian, to Anna R. Gross]..... 12,000

Marshfield-av., n e cor Van Buren-st., e f, 70x122, and other property, revenue $63.25. July 1 [Charles H. Sinck and wife to the Northern Trust company]..... 5

W. 12th-pl., 72 w of Leavitt-st., n f, 24x124. Aug. 10 [C. H. Thompson to W. A. Ahlgrim et al.]..... 2,125

Elizabeth-st., 150 n of 68th, w f, 25x124, inc. $1,000. Aug. 8 [C. E. Rice to Maggie Blickbahn]..... 1,275

Parnell-av., 98 n of 66th-st., w f, 33x99. Aug. 19 [Charles L. McMahan to Frederick H. Barthell]..... 4,000

W. 45th-pl., 166 w of Normal-av., s f, 50x125. $6,500. June 18 [Albert F. Ohlerich to Josiah Hale]..... 17,000

Grand-av., 50 e of Lavergne, s f, 25x118. July 27 [L. Heas to T. V. Monahan]..... 1,800

Amelie-st., 90 s of Evans-av., e f, 24x90. Aug. 19 [H. D. Blanchard to Anna Gustafan]..... 5,000

Homan-av., 146 s of Bloomingdale road, e f, 66x117. Aug. 17 [J. A. Hansen to C. H. Petersen]. Incumbrance $1,000..... 2,000

Clybourn-av., 82 s of Hanscho-st., w f, 50x190. Aug. 19 [C. Wirtz to Peter J. Deniseh]. incumbrance $3,800..... 5,000

Pauline-st., 338 s of 50th, e f, 24x125. Aug. 19 [R. Medalaf to D. S. Kirsch]..... 1,000

Dearborn-st., 200 n of 61st, e f, 50x100. Aug. 15 [E. Dowling to Bridget Nagle]. incumbrance $2,500..... 3,100

Same property. Aug. 12 [Mr. F. Huntes to Sarah Fogarty]. $1 etc. 1

La Salle-st., 90 n w of 52th-pl., w f, 22x136. Aug. 14 [B. Nagle to William E. Fogarty]..... 2,600

Wallace-st., 50 s of Garfield-blvd., e f, 25x125. Aug. 10 [J. L. Pitts to J. Laun]..... 2,500

Belle Plaine-av., 216 w of Western, s f, 25x125. Aug. 19 [C. H. Edwards to N. Zielsel]..... 1,200

Jackson-blvd., 50 s of St. Louis-av., n f, 25x181, July 1 [James T. Wiles to Jeremiah F. Murphy]. Incumbrance $1,500..... 10,000

Same property, July 31 [Jeremiah F. Halpert to Rose J. Connor]. incumbrance $5,000..... 10,000

N. Hermitage-av., 80 s of Bertram, e f, 50x194. Aug. 19 [T. Moore to Julia S. Hayden]..... 2,800

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED by the Building department yesterday:

Largen Bros., 3-story frame cottages, 1639-1641 N. Whipple-st..... $ 3,000

Catholic Bishop of Chicago, 2-story brick schoolhouse, 1932-34 W. Adams-st..... 5,000

Leo Moenks, two 1-story frame cottages, 48-52 Roscoe-st..... 3,000

Will & Eisendrath, 2-story brick addition, 411 North Halsted-st..... 1,200

Chicago Orphan Asylum, 1-story brick addition, 3720 South Park-av..... 1,500

Henry Flenege, 2-story frame flat, 6203 Ashland-av..... 3,500

Catholic Bishop of Chicago, 3-story brick hall, 2922 Archer-av..... 40,000

E. H. Markwald, new roof and alterations, 5446 Greenwood-av..... 5,000

Alexander Ray, 3-story brick flat, 647 Garfield-blvd..... 10,000

Dedrick Ferrari, 2-story brick store, 101 115th-st..... 5,000

A. Ljungstrom, two 2-story brick flat, 849-844 Hoff-st..... 6,000

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE FOLLOWING CORPORATIONS WERE LICensed yesterday by the Secretary of State at Springfield, Ill.:

Turner Griffith company, Batavia; capital, $25,000; dealers in stone, lumber, and building material; incorporators, H. T. Hunter, L. J. Griffith, K. W. Hunter.

Kewanee Wine and Liquor company, Chicago; capital, $2,500; to deal as retail dealers in wines, liquors, and cigars; incorporators, A. J. Pflaum, Milton M. Bachrach, Elias Mayer.

Matteson Lead Mining company, Matteson; capital, $100,000; mining; incorporators, B. E. Stanniger, Robert T. Holmes, I. B. Craig.

Robert F. Amyt, St. Louis, Mo., Hattie Tyle. 36—30

George Brown, Ida Anderson. 24—22

Carl C. Dahlman, Hettie J. Johnson. 44—32

Charles W. Jackson, Alma Louis. 30—20

Jacob Goodman, Sara Silverman. 24—20

John W. Hobbie, Daisie Kimmer. 27—23

William H. Meyer, Ella Grobl. 25—21

Thomas E. Buschnell, Mary Demarius. 24—21

William A. Slicer, Ida Pagels. 22—20

James Kotrbe, Katie Hach. 27—20

Christian Jedike, Melrose Park, Ill., Mary Kirchmann, same. 33—30

C. L. Wood, Lillian E. Stern, Dwight, Ill. 28—19

Ernest Dickson, Philadelphia, Pa., Annie Kallenbach. 27—27

John Blake, Julia Trovers. 26—21

William Weber, Jennie Walling. 23—19

Asher Cohen, Fannie Kestenbahn. 32—23

Aron Slosek, Peoria, Ill., Rula Danhof. 28—21

Washburn Starrs, Ill., Mary. 21—18

Charles Telman, Lena Glowitz. 28—22

Thomas P. Kennedy Jr., Annie M. Garrity. 21—18

Frank A. Nettels, Cora Ring. 26—19

Arthur J. Sweesner, Emma Bishop. 23—18

George O'Brien, Agnes Wylie. 28—27

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER AND cashier, young man, capable and trustworthy, 10 years' mercantile and insurance experience; steady employment more an object than large salary; best of references; $100. E 832. Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, AGE 26, thoroughly competent, general office man and correspondent; familiar with mail order business; moderate salary to start. Address E 876, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER AND office man; exp. in machinery and iron. Address E 815, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXP. ENERGETIC office man; organizer and manager agents; speaks German. Address E 812, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERT ACCOUNTant, wife experienced; will investigate, post, and adjust books reasonably. E 810, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN, 24, bookkeeper, cashier, collector, or correspondent; first-class references. Address E 806, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN HAVING 6 years' experience shipping and receiving clerk; employed; steady position desired. E 804, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — YOUNG MAN, AS bookkeeper; commercial references; quick accurate; understands stenography. E 868, Tribune.

Boys.

SITUATION WANTED—BY BOY OF 17; ANY kind. Address E 826, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS COLored man, single, as cook, competent in private family; boarn. Call 3 days. 3200 Shields-av.

SITUATION WANTED—LINOTYPE MACHINist-operator; seven years' experience; reference furnished; can deliver the goods. E 822, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ENGINEER, FLAT or office building preferred; can do steam fitting and repairing; best of references. E 820, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — AS A GOOD ENgineer; with good refs. E 821, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY PAINTER, INSIDE work. Address E 872, Tribune office.

House Servants.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY A MAN AND wife; man, good all-around butler; woman, good cook. Address 686 N. Clark-st., rear.

H. PORTER.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG JAPANESE as general housework. E 808, Tribune office.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SOBER, HONEST, reliable man; first-class city refs. Address E 858, Tribune office.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED — FOR MEN, ALL lines. Stoury's Bureau, 199 Clark. Tel. Con. 1262.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CLERICAL STEnographer by competent young man; 10 years' commercial and railroad exp.; ref. E 868, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER; accurate, energetic, rapid; $9. Address E 843, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN STEnographer with machine; one year's exp. Address E 866, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BRIGHT, WILLING boy stenographer; small wages to commence. Address E 877, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT STEnographer; references if desired. Address E 844, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—MIDDLE-AGED MAN; has $2,000 to $3,000 to invest in business that is steady and paying; will give good interspace and security. Address E 54, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY INGENIOUS YOUNG man; exp. on machinery and iron. Address E 815, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CLOTH CUTTER BY reliable young man; good references furnished. Address E 897, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—UTILITY MAN, IN good establishment; will furnish references. Address PHIL LEWIS, 80 Ladin-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY IN wholesale house; accurate at figures. Address E 818, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY BOOKkeeper; experienced in E. P.; can do simple typewriting. Address E 870, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY OF experience as general office clerk; good penman. ANDERSON, 301 W. Ohio-st.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS woman cook; boarding house or country hotel. Address E 824, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—COOK OR GENERAL housework in suburbs; colored woman. 2713 Dearborn-st., 1st flat.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS cook; city or suburbs; reference. Call 1130 Forest-av.

SITUATION WANTED—GENERAL WORK, 253 43d-st., 2d floor. Tel. Drex. 3681.

SITUATION WANTED—GIRL, HOUSEWORK; 3 in family. 2 Chestnut-pl. Fed. 2.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT COOK or laundry work. 364 41st, near Vincennes.

SITUATION WANTED—BY CANADIAN GIRL, general housework; experienced. 106 35th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—GERMAN GIRL, GENeral housework. Cottage Grove-av., 2d flat.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GIRL OF 15, FOR light housework, or care of children. 640 37th-pl.

SITUATION WANTED—SWEDISH GIRL FOR general housework. 348 E. 43d-st.

SITUATION WANTED—EXP. GIRL, SECOND work; North Shore preferred; refs. E 814, Tribune.

Housekeepers.

SITUATIONS WANTED — MOTHER AND SON, middle-aged, first-class cook and house man; can wait table. Address D 662, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ELDERLY LADY as housekeeper; two and do light work; no washing. 307 31st-st., Flat 2.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED—A FRENCH MODISTE, late of Paris, having 19 years' experience in ladies' tailored costumes; also millinery; rapid worker; original designer; no models; highest references; charges reasonable; brings assistants; by day, $2.50. 1626 Michigan-av., Room 10.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A THOROUGHLY experienced seamstress; all work done in factory; McDowall system. MISS McDOWALL, 2 Fine-pl.

SITUATION WANTED—DRESSMAKING BY families, $1.25 per day to Sept. 15th; $1.50 only. Address E 860, Tribune office.

Nurses.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EDUCATED, REfined American woman as infant nurse; best of references; good references. Address E 881, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG GIRL FROM country, as nurse girl or assist in housework. Address E 864, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COMPETENT nurse girl; can take charge of baby; wages to be $4 per week. Address E 865, Tribune office.

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Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY; 5 YRS' references; reasonable wages. 1124 Wallace-st.

MACHINERY.

WANTED—ONE SECOND-HAND PAIR OF rollers 8 feet long and from 20 inch to 4 inch face; also one second-hand 2-roll crimping machine. Address E 851, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—W. 116 VOLTS EDISON, BI-POLAR COMpound, generator now in operation at WILLIAM F. GROWER, 70 Dearborn-st.

WANTED TO BUY SMALL HAND-FEED MILLING machine in good condition; state price & make. Address E 866, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND CORLISS ENGINE, 100 h. p., must be good condition. Address E 854, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—SIX 45 H. P. ENGINES, 10XXX10 stroke; 2813 Dalzell auto. engine. The E. P. Co., 136 Indiana-st.

AUTOMOBILES.

GASOLINE MOTORS AND SUPPLIES, COILS, sparking points, and apparatus, plugs, mixing valves, gears, pumps, switches, wire, tanks, oils, battery. Guaranteed the best made, transmission gears, complete tools, etc. Catalogue. PANAMORA & DARLEY, 32 W. Randolph-st.

STEAM AND GASOLINE AUTOMOBILES BUILT to order; parts of all kinds furnished builders; coils, coils, plugs, batteries. The P. J. Dassy Co., 1 Adams-st.

WANTED—MORRIS OR LOCO; MUST BE cheap for cash. Address E 886, Tribune office.

STAMPS, COINS, PICTURES, ETC.

FOR SALE—COLUMBIAN CENTENNIAL stamps, 1 cent each. Address, 69 Madison.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER AND CORREspondent of experience; good prospects; state where formerly employed, age, and salary expected. Address E 870, Tribune office.

BILL CLERK—IN WHOLESALE DRY GOODS house; must be good in figures and write a good hand; state age, experience, and salary expected. Address N K 94, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—OPENING FOR FIRST-CLASS bookkeeper in office of large jobbing house; must have had some experience in credits and collections and be rapid and correct; state age and past employers; replies confidential. Address E 845, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG MAN, AGE 23, THOROughly experienced; $12. A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

BKPR.—AND GENERAL OFFICE MAN, EXP. in safeguard system; $12. C. D. BAYNE, 134 Monroe-st.

BOOKKEEPER AND CASHIER—DOWN-TOWN firm; must be first-class and have best of references. Address E 841, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, salary expected. Address E 856, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—AGE 20-23. EXP., $10-$12. BAYNE, 134 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER—MUST BE EXPERIENCED and good penman. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

CASHIER AND BILL CLERK—ADDRESS E 818 Tribune office.

CLERK—EXPERIENCED EXPERT CLERK; man about 30, with knowledge of foreign currencies; preference to one familiar with grain and provisions. Address E 840, Tribune office.

DRUG CLERK—APPLY LAKE-ST. AND 40TH-av.

FILING CLERK—YOUNG MAN, GOOD PENman; salary $8. Address E 866, Tribune office.

HEAD TIMEKEEPER—CAPABLE OF HANdling large force of men in connection with packing-house work and figuring department costs. Address, stating experience and references, E 851, Tribune office.

MAN—GEN'L. OFFICE MAN, EXP. IN LUMber; $8. L. HOWARD, 134 Monroe-st.

OFFICE MAN — GOOD, WHO HAS HAD EXPErience in private medicine business; must have ability to write ads. and booklets and be able to take charge of correspondence; a good opening for a man with the proper ability; state age, $7; [illegible] hall, and salary wanted. Address N H 102, Tribune office.

OFFICE MAN—EXPERIENCED; EXPERT AT figures and good writer. Apply to Superintendent's office. THE FAIR.

OFFICE CLERK—YOUNG MAN; GOOD PENman; N. Side; $9. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

ORDER CLERK—ONE WHO HAS EXPERIence in the gas fixture business preferred, and is competent to take orders and wait on small trade. Address, giving references and salary expected, D 894, Tribune office.

REGISTERED ASSISTANT DRUG CLERK—Good man. Address E 837, Tribune office.

REG. OR ASST. REG. CLERK—MUST SPEAK German. 2001 S. Halsted-st.

SODA MAN—AT FOUNTAIN EVENINGS. 572 West Madison-st.

WHEN LOOKING FOR A POSITION FRIENDS can find their own level, and they have other work to do. It is our business to find positions. See us under "Employment Agencies." EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY.

YOUNG MAN—AS ASSISTANT CLERK IN OFfice; one having some experience in lumber office preferred; must be good at figures and good penman. Address, stating age, experience, and salary expected, G N 859, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—AS COPY CLERK; WITH chance for better work later; salary $12 week. Address E 852, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—IN COAL OFFICE, SOUTH SIDE, to weigh and keep books; state salary wanted. Address E 827, Tribune office.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

AMBITIOUS ENERGETIC MEN OF GOOD CHARACTER WHO CAN FURNISH FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES CAN SECURE EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE GENERAL AGENCY RENEWAL CONTRACTS WITH THE ILLINOIS CASUALTY CO., 184 MONROE-ST.

CANVASSING AGENTS—FOR HOTELS AND summer resorts; 100 per cent profit; $5 security. 5315 Greenwood-av.

CAPABLE MEN CAN EARN BIG MONEY BY line to salesmen calling on dry goods, grocery, and general store trade. Address, with references and [illegible] Kawin Mfg. and Importing Co., 90 Wabash-av.

SALESMEN — OF BUSINESS EXPERIENCE and good address; the right party will secure profitable employment for Sept. 1. Apply between 9 and 12 a. m. INTERNATIONAL Society [DAVIES], 151 Wabash-av.

SALESMEN—FOR PEN CARBON COPYING books; one office man; fine side-line; easy sellers; liberal terms; catalogue free. Model Mfg. Co., Dept. G, South Bend, Ind.

SALESMEN — ENERGETIC, EXPERIENCED men only, to sell underwear and hosiery to best trade in Minn., Dak., Mo., Kas., and West; state experience and references. E 254, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—BEST-PAYING PROPOSITION IN "town"; very liberal; worth $5 free with 100 cigars. MAY & MAY, 324 Dearborn-st.

SALESMAN—IF YOU CAN SELL FINE GOODS, a splendid side line awaits you; no drones wanted. 607, 87 Washington-st.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED CITY CIGAR, with trade; apply with references; confidential. Address B 446, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED CITY FOR BONDed whiskies; good proposition to right man. Address B 438, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—TO SELL ALL STOCKS FOR AI company; salary and commission. Western Union Oil Co., 409, 107 Dearborn-st.

SALESMEN — SUBSCRIPTION BOOK MEN, good address, to represent daily paper; $75 a week to a man of energy. GLASS, R. 24, 152 La Salle-st.

SALESMEN—GOOD; MUST BE SOBER, GENteel and energetic; steady work; salary $15 per week. Address E 858, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—CIGAR, TWO, FIRST-CLASS, FOR the road; must be sober and have fine ref.; $ Address E 106, Tribune office.

SALESMEN, SOLICITORS—CITY AND COUNtry; salary and commission. 614, 56 5th-av.

SOLICITOR OR SALESMAN—BY A LARGE Chicago corporation, to present HIGH CLASS proposition (in New York State) to manufacturers and jobbers; demand already established; appearance and ability to secure an audience with ABOVE LINES make salaries start. STATE AGE, REFERENCES, AND REMUNERATION EXPECTED OR DO NOT ANSWER. Address A 104, Tribune office.

SOLICITOR—FOR BUSINESS COLLEGE; FINE opportunity for high-grade worker; male or female; state salary. Address, in confidence, N C 606 Tribune.

SOLICITORS—CAN MAKE GOOD MONEY WITH Van Order. Room 502, 21 Quincy-st.

TRAVELING SALESMAN [CANVASSER]—IN every State, to take orders for a new educational work. Address H. A. SHAWEAVER, 81-83 Plymouth-pl., Chicago.

WHOLESALE JEWELRY SALESMAN—EXPErienced, with trade, for a live, hustling house. Address E 828, Tribune office.

Boys.

BOY—FOR MESSENGER SERVICE; MUST BE neat and graduate from grammar school. Address N K 108, Tribune office.

BOY—ABOUT 16 YEARS OLD, AMERICAN; ONE that lives at home; must come well recommended. Address E 853, Tribune office.

BOY—OR YOUNG MAN—PREFER ONE SOMEwhat familiar with printing. Perfection Legal Blank Co., 415 Old Inter-Ocean Bldg.

BOY—IN DRUG STORE. 67TH AND WENTworth-av.

BOY—OFFICE AND ERRAND BOY, EXP., neat; $2-$4. R. 740 Monon Bldg.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Boys.

BOY—BRIGHT, INDUSTRIOUS; MUST BE OVER 15, a good penman, have high school education, and come well recommended; no smart Alecks or "shirkers"; salary $4. Call 817, 56 La Salle-st., 6 p. m. today.

BOY—BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT AMERICAN BOY for office work from 16 to 18 years of age; reply in own handwriting. Address E 857, Tribune office.

BOY — BRIGHT OFFICE BOY, LIVING AT home, desirous of learning photography; must be willing to begin on small wages. Call at 8 o'clock. GEO. R. LAWRENCE & CO., 211 Michigan-av.

BOY—STRONG, ABOUT 17, FOR OFFICE WORK and shipping dept.; salary to start, $4. Call Wednesday a. m. Room 907, 358 Dearborn-st.

BOY—BRIGHT, CLEAN AMERICAN BOY, AGE 15, for office and errands; $3. Suite 46, 92 La Salle -st.

BOY—STRONG, BRIGHT BOY, AGE 17, FOR wholesale house; $4. A. B. NYMAN, 181 Washington-st., 4th floor.

BOY—GOOD PENMAN, EXP. TO COPY AND file letters, etc.; $4. SMITH, Suite 409 Fort Dearborn Bldg.

BOYS—16-18 YEARS OF AGE, TO WORK IN wholesale house; $4 to start; good chance for promotion. Address N K 95, Tribune office.

OFFICE BOY—BETWEEN 12 AND 16 YEARS old; must be bright and neat appearing; state if expected and full particulars. Address E 817, Tribune office.

OFFICE BOY—GOOD PENMAN; SALARY, $3. 911 Tacoma Bldg.

Trades.

ARTIST—MAN USED TO WATER COLORS; steady position in city; $25 weekly. Address D E 265, Tribune office.

BLACKSMITH—A GOOD, RELIABLE ALL round blacksmith. Correspond with B. L. ROSE, Fairbury, Ill.

BOILERMAKERS—FOR ROUNDHOUSE WORK; out of city; must be competent. Apply Parlor O, Tremont House.

BRADLEY HAMMER MEN—STEADY WORK. Aermotor Co., Chicago Heights.

CARRIAGE TRIMMERS—IMMEDIATELY; MEN who can do a first-class job on heavy work. Apply to C. P. KIMBALL & CO., Michigan-av. and Harmon-st.

COREMAKERS—TWO STEADY BOYS FOR making small cores; steady employment to good hands. Griffin Wheel Company, Sacramento Square.

JOINERS, CABINETMAKERS, AND COACH carpenters. Room 620, 225 Dearborn.

MACHINE HANDS—EXPERIENCED, ALLaround, for hardwood; non-union; give full particulars. Address D 369, Tribune office.

MACHINISTS AND APPRENTICES—DESIRING to secure for free "How Proctice Circular" and learn how you can advances to a higher position; instructions by mail in mechanics, electricity, steam engineering. International Correspondence Schools, Box 1600, Scranton, Pa., or Manhattan Bldg., Chicago.

MACHINISTS — BOTH VISE AND MACHINE hands; good wages and steady jobs are offered to the right men. Address The Bucyrus Company, South Milwaukee, Wis.

MOLDERS—GOOD BRAKE SHOE MOLDERS can find their level at good wages. Griffin Wheel Company, Sacramento Square.

OPERATORS—TEN FIRST-CLASS MEN, ON LAdies' shirts. Apply after 2 p. m. Wednesday, 221 Fifth-av., Room 12. Alexander Black Cloak Co.

OPTICIAN — THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED. Apply to Superintendent's office. THE FAIR.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

MAN—COMPETENT, FOR HORSES AND LIGHT delivery; send references. Address E 870, Tribune office.

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS—WE CAN PROVE THAT YOU CAN earn $25.00 per day; we have the fastest selling summer specialties; you need no experience, our circulars explain your territory; if you are making less than $500 per month write to us; it won't cost you one cent to try, as we forfeit $50.00 to any person proving to us that our statement of earnings in respect of your application; it will pay you handsomely to write to us at once. The Braham Co., R. 468, Cincinnati, O.

PERMANENT POSITION FOR LIFE; COMbination $25 to $75 per week; the Police Holders' National Union, an Illinois corporation, with $250,000 capital, desires to appoint one hustling representative in every city and town in the U. S.; our business, new and non-competitive and a positive necessity in every home, appointee to be individual; no bond or investment, but first-class references required. Address Superintendent of Agents, 1431-33 Manhattan Bldg., Chicago.

AGENTS EVERYWHERE GUARANTEED monthly compensation weekly introducing indispensable preparations; investigation convinces; business permanent; experience unnecessary; particulars, with 500 money-making secrets, one dime. WAYVELL-CHAPPELL CO., 53 River-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—ON SALARY OR COMMISSION; THE greatest agents' seller ever produced; every user of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 300 per cent profit; one agent sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., X 83, La Crosse, Wis.

TWO GOOD APPEARING MEN TO CALL ON business men in Chicago; something that appeals to thinking people when properly presented; only men who can convince and close quick. Call Room 606, 228 Dearborn.

AGENTS—TO SELL THE HARLEY BURGLARproof ventilating sash locks; absolute protection for windows. Call and examine. Room 59, 99 La Salle-st.

A HARVEST FOR FIRST APPLICANTS; LADY and gentlemen agents to sell our newest novelty; exclusive territory given. ERIE J. A. PETERS CO., 100 Erie, Chicago.

AGENTS — QUICK SELLER; JEWEL CUFF buttons; retail 25 cts.; sample pair and terms by mail, 10 cts. Jewel Cuff Button Mfg. Co., 214 Baltimore Bldg., 22 Quincy-st., Chicago.

CITY AND COUNTRY AGTS. AND SOLS., BOTH sexes. INCREASED PAY; PROMOTION; RENEWAL MODEL CONTRACTS. OLD CO., ROOM 8, 250 CLARK-ST.

AGENTS WANTED—IN EVERY TOWN; PLEASant work; good pay. W. H. DUNHAM, 1507 W. Madison-st.

$100 MONTHLY FOR RELIABLE MEN AND women; novelty photo buttons and jewelry; sample free to agents. Lodwick Co., Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS WANTED—MALE OR FEMALE—NO better opportunity offered; sure to make money. Apply 1 to 3 p. m. HARRISON, Room 205, 168 Dearborn.

WE PAY $20 A WEEK AND EXPENSES TO MEN with rigs to introduce our poultry compound. Send stamp. Javelle Mfg. Co., Dept. 140, Parsons, Kas.

$12 SUIT AND OAK RAIN COAT FREE; THE YOUNG "Buffalo," latest street novelty; sample mailed, 15c; doz., 90c. Universal Supply Co., 134 Van Buren.

$100 MONTHLY—NEW PATENT METALLIC bread boards; sample free. E. K. FORSBEE CO., Cincinnati, O.

Employment Agencies.

MEN—

Call at our office if you are seeking a position in large mercantile houses, buyers, collectors, bookkeepers, cashiers, timekeepers, correspondents, managers, floorwalkers, stockkeepers, private secretaries, stenographers, pay-roll clerks, rapid extenders, voucher clerks, car-record clerks, law office clerks, traveling salesmen, city salesmen, telegraphers, errand boys, general office work, cashiers, correspondents, grocery salesmen, bill clerks, teamsters, engineers, assistants, railroads, street car lines, janitors, flats; assistant janitors in office buildings, ollers, wipers, men in feed stores, livery barns, bartenders, horsemen, factories, lumbermen, coachmen, men private places, farm hands, watchmen, order clerks, checkers, sailors, shipping clerks, assistants, meat-cutters, electrician helpers, truckers, packers, elevator runners, carpenters, private detectives, foremen, etc.

EMPLOYERS' BUREAU,

199 and 201 S. Clark-st., second floor, Between Monroe and Adams. Tel. Cent. 1395.

AUDITOR—TRAVELING POSITION.....$1,800
Cashier and bookkeeper.....1,200
Extender, very rapid.....1,200
Bookkeeper, good penman.....950
Stock clerk, right young man.....900
Bill clerk, rapid worker.....800
Entry clerk, from caller.....800
Office man, for mill.....800
Reporter, young man, mercantile agency.....500
Office clerk, good penman.....450
Office clerk, good penman.....400

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 DEARBORN-ST.

MANAGER—EXP. IN STOVES.....$25.00
Stenographer, Rem.....$12.00 to 15.00
Porter, 20-30, for club.....12.00
Young man, exp. in grocery.....10.00
Bookkeeper, 20-25.....$10.00, 12.00
Young man, exp. in tea.....8.00
Stenographer, Rem., exp.....$8.00 to 10.00
Office man, exp. in lumber.....8.00
Young man, exp. in shipping and pack'g.$6 to 9.00
Office and errand boys.....$3.00 to 5.00

KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
184 Monroe-st. 324 Dearborn-st. 92 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHERS, $12; BOOKKEEPERS, $10; shipping clerks, $4-$10; grocery clerk, $10; boy stenographer, $5; grocery boy, $6; hardware boy, $6; office boys, $3-$3.50.

Cooks, fry cook, $40; waiters, $10; bussers, $6; housemen, $20-$25; porters, $18-$20; handy man, $1.50; grass cutters, $50; tree trimmer.

No job, no pay.

MORRELL'S, 146 State-st.

BRIDGE THE CHASM.

The employment agency is as natural a bridge between employer and employe as is the jobber between manufacturer and retailer. We do not follow "employment agency" methods. Our system best and offers you the most satisfactory means of securing a position. Our specialty is high-class positions-third hand to get.

THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY,
1007 Journal Bldg., 160 Washington-st.

STENOGRAPHER—NO EXPERIENCE.....$18.00
Stenographer, young man.....12.00
Correspondent.....12.00
Office boy, good writer.....5.00
Errand boy.....3.50

Merchants' Clerical Ex., 740, 106 La Salle-st.

MEN—TO LEARN THE BARBER TRADE. We teach the work in two months, present complete outfit of tools, pay Saturday wages, and guarantee steady work when competent; special inducements to applicants from distance; board included. Call or write today. Moler Barber College, 435 Wabash.

LICENSED STATIONARY ENGINEER—FOR bldg. within loop; steam plant; two elevators. Call 8 a. m. to-morrow. Room 21, 26 N. Clark-st.

STENOGRAPHER — THOROUGHLY COMPEtent young man. Call: Oliver Typewriter Co., 107 Lake-st.

OFFICE BOY—BRIGHT, SMART, CLEAN, 14-16 yrs.; $3.50. AIKEN, 146 State-st., 4th floor.

YOUNG OFFICE MAN—GOOD WRITER, NEAT; $6. 740, 148 Washington-st.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN, AGE 23, thoroughly exp. for railroad office; $6. A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

STENOG. — RAPID, ACCURATE; $8. RYE, Suite 408 Fort Dearborn Bldg.

STENG.—AND OFFICE MAN; GOOD REFS.; $50. PLATT, Suite 402, 134 Monroe-st.

STENOG. EXP. R. R. STENOG., REM.; $80. M. WILSDON, Fort Dearborn Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER—REM., EXP.; $50-$60. R. 740 Monon Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER—RAPID REM. OPERATOR; salary about $20. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Miscellaneous.

AN INCOME OF $15 WEEK CAN BE EARNED in spare time or evening by any person able to write; good sense free anywhere to those sending addressed envelope to Robert Grannan Mfg. Co., Box 227, Brooklyn, N. Y.

COLLECTOR—SPEAKING GERMAN AND ENGlish or German and Polish, who has had experience in canvassing; guaranteed salary; $2 a day for three days' work; balance of week commission. Middle aged men or those who cannot work may apply Thursday, 10 to 11 a. m., Room A, 227 225-d.

COLLECTORS AND SOLICITORS—A FEW REliable men; call a. m., 270 E. North-av., R. 4-5.

DECORATORS—FIRST-CLASS BUNTING DECorators; about 3 weeks' work. Apply at once with references. W. HINTZE, 257 W. Market-st., Louisville, Ky.

EXPERIENCED GROCERY ORDER FILLERS and takers. Apply at once on 5th floor. A. M. ROTHSCHILD & CO.

EX-ASST. SUPERINTENDENT OF AN INDUStrial company as private instructor of agents; guaranteed salary. Address L S 861, Tribune.

LABORERS—CHICAGO BRIDGE AND IRON Co., Washington Heights, Ill.

MAN—AN ENERGETIC MAN, COMPETENT TO take charge of branch office for Chicago corporation; business transacted with banks and businesshouses exclusively; salary $1,800 per year and share of profits; must sign 3 years' contract and invest $1,000 in stock of company. This stock is guaranteed by a guarantee trust company to earn at least 6% dividends per annum. Call or write Supt., 78 La Salle-st., Room 6.

MAN—TO TRAVEL AND APPOINT AGENTS for our superb line of holiday books; $900 and expenses first year; now ready. Our system the best. Expenses advanced. Write or call 900, 356 Dearborn-st.

MEN—AND WOMEN, TO DO COPYING AT home; must write a fair hand; $5 to $12 weekly working evenings; positively no canvassing; inclose stamp. King Mfg. Co., Quincy-st., Chicago, Ill.

MEN—TWO, TO DELIVER BOOKS; MUST BE quick and active; well acquainted with city. First-class references and bond required. Bayley, I. P. ROBINSON, 524 Rand-McNally Bldg.

OFFICE MANAGER FOR CHICAGO — $18 weekly and expenses guaranteed; no canvassing; experience unnecessary; inclose addressed stamped envelope. Standard Silverwares Co., 331 West 39th-st., New York City.

ORGANIZERS — FRATERNAL INSURANCE. SHERRARD, R. 50, 155 Washington-st.

PACKER—EXPERIENCED IN GENERAL MERchandise [wholesale]; state ref. and salary. Address D 346, Tribune office.

PERMANENT POSITION FOR THE RIGHT man to represent old established company having $200,000 capital; $900 per year and expenses, payable direct from factory; no deception; absolutely straight salary, not conditional on results; chance for promotion and increase of salary; state age, experience, and reference. Address Union Mfg. Co., Box 824, Philadelphia, Pa.

PIANO PLAYER—FOR DRAMATIC SHOW. TO play overtures only; hotel and R. R. expenses paid. State age and salary expected.
NYE & CONNER, Rochelle, Ill.

REAL ESTATE BROKER: FOR NORTH W. Side property; must be a hustler; good wages. Address E 237, Tribune office.

SALESPEOPLE—MALE AND FEMALE, FOR A line of worthy specialties; profitable and sell readily; salary, 216, 84 Clark.

STOCKKEEPER—FOR FURNITURE; EXPERIenced. Apply to Superintendent's office.
THE FAIR.

STOCKMAN—BY A LARGE WHOLESALE SHOE house, a thoroughly experienced stockman; must have best of references. Address E 877, Tribune.

WINDOW TRIMMER—FOR CLOTHING AND gents' furnishing store, to go out of town; references required. Call at Room D 23 Great Northern, between 10 and 1:30.

WINDOW TRIMMER—FIRST-CLASS, DEPARTment store; good wages, steady position. S. LEDERER & CO., South Chicago.

YOUNG MEN HAVING A LARGE CIRCLE OF friends exerting their influence can profitably fill clothes free of charge. Address O 303, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—FOR TELEPHONE WORK; MUST be good penman and correct at spelling; state experience and salary expected. Address N K 102, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—AN INTELLIGENT, INDUStrious, $12. Campbell, 88 La Salle, Suite 83.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG LADY. ADDRESS N H 826, Tribune office.

GIRL CLERK—ICE CREAM PARLOR AND delicatessen store; must reside on South Side. Address E 834, Tribune office.

LADY—OVER 18, FIRST-CLASS, RAPID LONGhand writer; correct at figures; state age and salary. Address E 818, Tribune office.

SALESLADIES—EXPERIENCED, FOR UPHOLstery, furniture, and lace curtains. Apply to Superintendent's office, THE FAIR.

YOUNG LADY—FOR OFFICE WORK; MUST BE intelligent and of refinement; good penman and accurate at figures; experience not required. Address E 866, Tribune office.

YOUNG LADY — GENERAL OFFICE WORK; must write a good hand; $7 per week to start and references required. Apply 713, 184 La Salle-st.

Domestics.

COOK—MUST ASSIST WITH WASHING AND ironing; references required. 3653 Michigan-av.

COOK—GERMAN OR SWEDISH; ALSO GENeral housework girl. 682 East 43d-st.

COOK—COLORED, EXPERIENCED; GO HOME nights. 3107 Prairie-av.

GENERAL WORK IN FAMILY OF THREE; flat. Apply SMITH, 4841 Madison-av.

GIRL—COMPETENT, TO COOK, WASH, AND iron; small family. 4946 Washington Park-pl., one block east of Grand-blvd.

GIRL—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK, AT Kenilworth; good wages; references required. Call at 1st flat south, 4330 Lake-av.

GIRL—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; SMALL family. Carmen Apartments, 5610 Washington-av.

GIRL—FOR HOUSEWORK, AT ONCE. 4730 Calumet-av., first flat.

HOUSEWORK—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL. 5329 Michigan-av., 2d flat.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; $4. Call 5418 Berkeley-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL; SMALL family; good wages. 2d flat, 6548 Greenwood-av.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 3207 Prairie-av.

RESPECTABLE WORKING GIRLS FIND beautiful home; light housekeeping; $1.10 per week. 2805 Calumet-av.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

EXPERIENCED OPERATORS, TUCKERS, braiders, and hand finishers—On silk waists; steady work for good hands. TEASDAL'S, 230 6th-av.

EXPERIENCED OPERATORS ON SILK waists—Steady work to good hands; can make from $7 to $12 per week. OPOZNAUER & LIPMAN, 306-311 State-st.

GIRLS—EXPERIENCED ON COATS; MUST make good slee

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
GIVEN AWAY.
GIVEN AWAY.
GIVEN AWAY.
On receipt of postal I will send you plans of 150 new houses located in North, West and South Side additions in suburbs; for sale on monthly payments of from $5 to $25, same as rent. Very small cash payment. Prices $1,175 to $5,000. Let your rent money pay for a home.
WRITE AT ONCE.
WRITE AT ONCE.
CALL AT ONCE.
S. E. GROSS, 6TH FLOOR MASONIC TEMPLE.
FLATS AND RANDOLPH-ST.
11,923 HOMES SOLD ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS IN 23 YEARS.

FOR SALE—ARE YOU GOING TO PAW PAW Lake? Boat leaves at 9:30 a. m. this Saturday. Grand sale of 200 LAKEWOOD LOTS. Easy payments; lots will be sold fronting the lake and on the hill together so one can have COTTAGE AND BATHING AND BOATING PRIVILEGES. CHANCE OF A LIFE to secure a beautiful place on the hill for little. It is also the terminal of new car line; every lot will double in value. $5,000 visit Lake Paw Paw Saturday. Get your tickets from us. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—FINE FIVE-story modern apartment building, containing forty flats of five and six rooms each; must have low rate of five and six rooms each; must have low rate of five and six rooms each; must have low rate

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

MIDLOTHIAN CROWDED ON TOURNAMENT'S FIRST DAY.

Threatening Sky Reduces the Size of the "Galleries," Though 250 Enthusiasts Take Luncheon at the Clubhouse—Some of the House Parties of This Week—Dinner for Those in Tournament Tonight and a Dance on Saturday.

Visitors to the Midlothian Country club yesterday who passed a number of large white tents as they came up the approach at the rear of the clubhouse might have thought a circus was going on or that the annual Western golf tournament was an encampment, but inquiry proved they were sleeping accommodations for the surplus of people at the clubhouse, which is filled to overflowing with guests. One reason the clubhouse is so crowded is that the cottages have not invited large house parties, reserving their rooms for the surplus of golfers not accommodated. Mr. and Mrs. George M. Thorne have the officers of the Western association for their guests.

With the cool weather and a threatening sky the "galleries" were not as large as expected. Girl golf enthusiasts were there in plenty, but they rolled down the sleeves of their shirt waists, drew on red golf jackets with big sailor collars of lace trimmed basate, and followed the players over the links. Two hundred and fifty people took luncheon at the clubhouse.

Mrs. "Ted" Donnelly had with her the members of her house party, which included Miss Louise Gaylord, Mr. Harold Smith, and Miss Edith Kohlesat. Mr. and Mrs. Percy Drake came in from Geneva to be the house guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Atkinson, and later in the week Mr. and Mrs. Atkinson will entertain Mr. and Mrs. Howard Shaw of Lake Forest. The O. B. Tafts have a party of young people, and also Miss Gertrude Potter, the Potters having a cottage for the week. Mr. and Mrs. W. L. De Wolf will entertain Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Alexander of Highland Park. Mr. and Mrs. Edward Robbins also have a cottage for the week. Mr. Charles Counselman and Miss Edith Counselman are staying at the clubhouse, and also Mrs. Frank Scott.

Tonight a dinner will be given for the members of the different clubs taking part in the tournament. There will be a 5 o'clock tea this afternoon in charge of Mrs. G. E. Van Woert.

The dinner hosts last evening were George R. Thorne, C. T. Atkinson, Thomas E. Donnelley, H. H. Donnelley, E. A. Potter, Lafayette McWilliams, G. E. Van Woert, Richard Fitzgerald, G. V. Harvey, T. W. Gilson, Kenneth Barnhart, O. B. Taft, J. L. Stack, W. L. DeWolf, J. O. Hinckley, E. L. Gaylord, and Benjamin Thomas.

The usual dance will be given on Saturday evening, a special train returning to the city at 10:15.

In Edgewater last evening took place the wedding of Miss Elizabeth Dalton and Mr. John Alexander MacLean. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Frederick W. Keator at 8:30 o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Dalton of 1126 Winthrop avenue. Miss Dorothy Dick was the bride's only attendant. Mr Ira Hestron Jewell was best man.

Miss Emily Hutchinson is the guest of Mrs. G. A. McKinlock at Lake Forest.

Miss Helen Stewart accompanied Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Lyon and Miss Emily Lyon to Buffalo, where they are visiting the exposition.

QUITS NEW FIANCE FOR OLD.

Wedding Plans Are Suddenly Changed and Red Bud, Ill., Girl Marries Former Sweetheart.

Red Bud, Ill., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—A romance in which two farmer lads, erstwhile chums, figured as rivals for the hand of the young daughter of a neighbor, culminated today in a hasty change of heart on the part of the young woman, while the youth who was soon to become her husband was suddenly discarded and his rival and the young woman married. Joe Hendricks, a former lad living near here, was engaged to Miss Louise Baer, a neighbor's daughter. He recently secured a position in St. Louis which would enable him to save enough money to furnish a home. Then he intended sending for his sweetheart. His chum, Joe Brown, began paying court to Miss Baer. Brown told her that Hendricks never would return, at the same time making a proposal of marriage, which was accepted. Yesterday Brown induced her to draw $300 of her savings from the bank, which was used to purchase him a suit of clothes, buy a horse and buggy, and to pay for a big spread at the home of the bride-elect. Last night Hendricks came home and demanded an explanation. His former fiancée repeated the story Brown had told her, which he declared to be wholly false. Brown was then compelled by the girl to give up the horse and buggy and today Hendricks and Miss Baer drove to Belleville, where they were married. While on their way they passed Brown and Miss Baer waved her handkerchief as a farewell to her erstwhile lover.

ALMONDS HELD FOR BIG PRICE.

California Crop Is Said to Be Short, Though the Nuts Are Plentiful in Arizona.

Phoenix, Ariz., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—The great demand for the almond, together with the shortage of the crop in California, will put that nut among the list of luxuries this winter, inasmuch as the supply will depend almost altogether upon Arizona.

Fortunately the Arizona crop will be extraordinarily heavy, larger, in fact, than ever before known. Early and heavy frosts, with last year's drought, played havoc with California almond orchards and as most of the supply has heretofore been dependent on California, and as Arizona's almond acreage is comparatively small, almond prices are likely to double.

A total of less than 1,000 acres of almonds are in bearing in Arizona. Most of the crop has now been gathered. An average result has been from 600 to 1,000 pounds per acre, in some places over 1,500 pounds being gathered. Arizona growers are holding their product at 15 cents per pound, a price which will give returns of $75 to $225 per acre.

LION CUBS FAT AND STRONG.

Lincoln Park Zoo Babies Are Given an Airing and Found to Be Fine Specimens.

The four baby lions at Lincoln Park yesterday were given the first glimpse of the great world beyond the walls of the animal house, where they had been belligerently guarded by their mother since their birth ten days ago. Head Keeper Cy De Vry coaxed the mother away to give the cubs an airing, and was delighted to find that they were the best formed and plumpest lion babies he had ever seen. The keeper announced that two of the cubs were males and two females. One of them was put on the scales and dipped the beam at six and one-half pounds, and this is large, as lions two weeks old rarely weigh more than four pounds.

ACTRESS' WEDDING IS SECRET.

Illinois Man Just Informed of Marriage of Daughter in London on July 9.

Cairo, Ill., Aug. 20.—[Special.]—Dr. F. M. Harrell of this city is in receipt of a letter bringing the information of the marriage of his niece, Miss Daisy Peterkin, known to the theatrical world as "La Belle Daisie," to Charles L. King, the tenor singer, at London, England, on July 9. The marriage was kept secret at the bride's request, and is just now publicly announced.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Care, worry, and anxiety whiten the hair too early. Renew it with Parker's Hair Balsam. For all skin troubles use Swayne's Ointment, 50c.

D. & W. Thorne, A New Collar. D. & W.

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SHORT STORY OF THE DAY.

The Prince of the Golden Hand.

BY TOM GALLON.

"I carry your bag, sir?"

Dick had been standing with his hands thrust in his pockets, staring moodily at the seaside village station; he turned quickly at the sound of the voice beside him. He saw in the dim light of the place a lad, apparently about 14 or 15, slim and delicate looking, and with a white pathetic face. Before he could answer the voice of Captain Boxer chimed in:

"Nice lad, sharp. Probably bolt with bag—probably drop it and smash something. Nice lad!"

"My bag's rather heavy; I don't know whether you can manage it," said Dick, kindly. "And I'm sure I don't know where I'm going."

"Indeed, I'm quite strong, sir," broke in the boy, eagerly, moving towards the bag.

Now Dick could quite easily have carried that bag himself, but he was a good natured fellow and he felt that a quarter probably would mean a great deal to this boy and would mean absolutely nothing to himself. Therefore he let the lad carry it, and Captain Boxer carried his own. Moreover, it was found, when the two friends got outside, that the Captain knew of a certain comfortable hotel not far off—had heard of it somewhere or from some one—and thither they went.

But outside the station they stopped and looked about them, for neither boy nor bag was to be seen. Dick looked somewhat blankly at the Captain and the Captain nodded sagaciously.

"Certain of it," said the Captain, jerkily. "Knew boy would bolt—saw it in his eye."

Dick ran back again, and just inside the station came upon the boy and the bag. But the boy was not carrying it; instead, he had simply fainted beside it, and was lying crouched against the wall with his hand still firmly clutching it. A porter was trying to rouse him, but vainly.

SITTING QUIETLY UNDER THE BIG ROCK.

Dick Lyddon was a man of resource. Almost before the porter knew what had happened he was scudding away into a waiting-room in search of water, and Dick had a strong arm round the lad and had got him to his feet.

"What a brute I am to have let this chap carry that bag!" he muttered to the Captain, who had returned hurriedly. "Just look at him; he's as slim as a girl—and a pretty girl, too. That's it, youngster; pull yourself together. All right now?"

Slowly the heavy eyes opened and turned in Dick's direction; with a startled look the boy endeavored to break away from Dick's encircling arm. But in less time than it takes to write this Dick and the Captain between them had supported the lad rapidly and firmly across the road, and in the direction of the hotel; within a few minutes Dick presented himself in the hall of the place, quite calmly, and demanded brandy. But by the time it had arrived the boy—whether from fright or not it is impossible to say—had quite recovered and refused obstinately to take it.

"Indeed, I am quite well, there is nothing the matter," he whispered, glancing nervously towards the door. "If you will let me go now I shall be quite well."

"Well, here's your quarter, at any rate," said Dick.

The boy looked at it wistfully, but slowly shook his head. "No, thank you; I didn't earn it," he said. And then, before the astonished Dick could stop him he turned quickly and ran out of the hotel.

"Order dinner, Captain," cried Dick, making for the door also. "I can't let him go like that; I'll be back directly." He dashed off out of the place in pursuit of the boy.

He had some distance to go and under ordinary circumstances might have turned back, laughing at himself for his Quixotic folly. But the pathetic face of the boy haunted him; he seemed to be looking again into those brown eyes. So he went on hurriedly, keeping the figure before him in sight, until he came into the narrower streets of the little town, far away from the sea. And there he ran the boy to earth.

Right at the top of one of the smallest houses the boy—still unconscious that he was being watched—thrust open a door and disappeared into a room. Motives of delicacy prevented Dick from going further, and yet he wanted to help the lad if he could. Hesitatingly he waited about on the staircase, half inclined to blame himself for taking so much trouble over a matter which did not, after all, really concern him; half inclined to push the mattter further and follow the lad into the room.

He must have waited quite ten minutes on that staircase, forgetful of Captain Boxer and the dinner and everything. At last, however, he knocked at the door softly; getting no response, opened it and went into the room.

It was a poor place, poorly furnished, yet exquisitely neat and clean. As a matter of fact, Dick had no eyes for the room or anything about it; he stood still, just within the door, watching the bowed figure of a young girl, whose arms were spread out on the table and whose head was buried between her arms. At the moment that Dick entered she was sobbing quietly and despairingly, in a manner heart-breaking to hear.

Now Dick was, before all things, tender-hearted; on the impulse of the moment he moved forward in his impetuous boyish fashion and touched the girl gently on the shoulder.

"Here, I say, don't you give way, you know——"

He stopped in amazement. The girl started to her feet and faced him, and he drew back, staring at her blankly. For here was the short curly brown hair, the deep pathetic brown eyes, and the delicate white face of the boy who had tried to carry his bag. Yet her dress now was what it ought to have been—plain and neat and rather shabby, but quite womanly. The girl, for her part, recognized Dick, and, with a cry, covered her face with her hands and shrank away from him.

"Don't do that," said Dick, hastily. "You don't know me at all if you do